



Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited

Regd. Office : Plot No. A 1-2, MIDC Area, Ghugus, Dist. Chandrapur, 442 505, Maharashtra. Tel. 07172 285099 /103/398 Fax 07172 285003.
Corporate Office : Trade World, "C" Wing, 16th Floor, Kamala City, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai-400 013. Tel.No. 022-6291 8111. Fax No. 022- 6291 8260
CIN: L40300MH1977PLC019594 Website: www.lloyds.in Email: investor@lloyds.in

Date: 21st May, 2020

To,
BSE Limited
The Corporate Relationship Department
P.J. Towers, 1st Floor,
Dalal Street,
Mumbai – 400 001

To,
Head- Listing & Compliance
Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (MSEI)
Vibgyr Towers, 4th floor,
Plot No C 62, G - Block,
Opp. Trident Hotel,
Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 098

Sub: 43rd Annual Report of Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited
Ref: BSE Scrip Code: 512455
BSE and MSEI Scrip ID: LLOYDSME

Dear Sir/Madam,

Pursuant to Regulation 34(1) of Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), we are submitting herewith the Annual Report of the Company along with the Notice of AGM for the financial year 2019-20.

The annual report containing the notice is also available on Company's website, at https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/43rd_Annual_Report_2019-2020.pdf

Thanking you,
Yours faithfully,
For Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited

RIYAZ
AHMED
SHAIKH

Digitally signed
by RIYAZ AHMED
SHAIKH
Date: 2020.05.21
23:29:06 +05'30'

Riyaz Shaikh
Chief Financial Officer



Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited

*43rd
Annual Report
2019 - 20*

Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited

Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS & KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Mr. Mukesh Gupta (DIN: 00028347)	Chairman
Mr. Babulal Agarwal (DIN: 00029389)	Managing Director
Mr. Rajesh Gupta (DIN: 00028379)	Non-executive Director
Mr. Devidas Kambale (DIN: 01569430)	Independent Director
Mr. Jagannath Dange (DIN: 00020656)	Independent Director
Mrs. Bhagyam Ramani (DIN: 00107097)	Independent Director
Dr. Balram Singh (DIN: 02843001)	Independent Director

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Riyaz Shaikh

Company Secretary

Ms. Sneha Yezarkar

Statutory Auditor

M/s VSS & Associates
306, Dalamal Chambers,
Behind Aayakar Bhawan,
Sir Cithaldas Thackersey Road,
New Marine Lines,
Mumbai- 400 020

Secretarial Auditor

M/s Saurabh Arora & Co.
C7-201, Kunal Icon CHS,
Pimple Saudagar,
Pune – 411027, Maharashtra

Cost Auditor

M/s Manisha & Associates
238, Shri Ram Shyam Towers,
2nd Floor, Near N.I.T. Sadar,
Nagpur– 440001, Maharashtra

Internal Auditor

RSM Astute Consulting Pvt. Ltd.
3rd Floor, A- Wing,
Technopolis Knowledge
Park, Mahakali Caves, Road,
Andheri (East), Mumbai
-400093, Maharashtra.

CORPORATE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

CIN: L40300MH1977PLC019594

BANKERS

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

Citizencredit Co-operative Bank Limited

Yes Bank Limited

Punjab and Maharashtra Co-operative Bank Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE & WORKS

SPONGE IRON & POWER PLANT

Plot No. A 1-2, MIDC Area, Ghugus,
Dist. Chandrapur – 442505, Maharashtra

CORPORATE OFFICE

Trade World, 'C' Wing, 16th Floor,
Kamala City, Senapati Bapat Marg,
Lower Parel (West), Mumbai – 400013.
Tel : 022 - 6291 8111
Fax : 022 - 6291 8260
E-mail: investor@lloyds.in

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

BIGSHARE SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED

1st Floor, Bharat Tin Works Building,
Opp. Vasant Oasis, Makwana Road
Marol, Andheri East, Mumbai – 400059
Phone: 022 - 6263 8200
Fax: 022 - 6263 8299
E-mail: investor@bigshareonline.com

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43rd Annual General Meeting

Date: 15th June, 2020 Time: 11:00 A.M.

To be convened through VC/OAVM

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the **Forty-Third (43rd)** Annual General Meeting (“**AGM**”) of the Members of the **Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited** will be held on **Monday, 15th June, 2020 at 11:00 a.m. through Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM)**, to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2020, including the Audited Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2020 and the Statement of Profit and Loss of the Company for the year ended on that date, along with the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Rajesh Gupta (DIN: 00028379), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.
3. **Ratification of Re-appointment of M/s VSS & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai (ICAI Firm Registration No. 105787W) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company.**

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:**

“**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to Section 139, 141, 142 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification/s or re-enactment/s thereof, for the time being in force) and pursuant to the resolution passed by the Members at the Fortieth (40th) Annual General Meeting held on 19th September 2017, the Company hereby ratifies the re-appointment of M/s VSS & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai (ICAI Firm Registration No. 105787W), as the Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office from the conclusion of this Forty-Third (43rd) Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the Forty Fourth (44th) Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2021, at such remuneration plus applicable tax (“GST”) thereon and reimbursement of out of pocket and travelling expenses, if any, as approved and recommended by the Board of Directors based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee of the Company.”

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

4. **Ratification of Remuneration of Cost Auditors of the Company.**

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:**

“**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 [including any statutory modification(s) or amendment(s) thereto or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force] and pursuant to the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the remuneration payable to M/s. Manisha & Associates, Cost Accountants having Firm Registration Number 000321, appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company as Cost Auditors to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the Financial Year ending 31st March, 2021, amounting to ₹ 30,000 (Rupees Thirty Thousand only) (plus Goods and Services Tax and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses) be ratified.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT approval of the Company be accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (including any Committee thereof) to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things and to take all such steps as may be required in this connection including seeking all necessary approvals to give effect to this Resolution and to settle any questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard.”

5. **Preferential Allotment of Convertible Warrants**

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution:**

“**RESOLVED THAT** in accordance with the provisions of Section 42, 62 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), Securities Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (the “SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018”), as amended thereto, the regulations/ guidelines, if any, issued by the Government of India, the Reserve Bank of India and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations (including any amendment thereto or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and the relevant provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with the Stock Exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed, and subject to such approvals, consents, permissions and sanctions as may be required from the Government of India, Reserve Bank of India, Securities and Exchange Board of India, Stock Exchanges and any other relevant statutory, governmental authorities or departments, institutions or bodies (“Concerned Authorities”) in this regard and further subject to such terms and conditions or modifications

thereto as may be prescribed or imposed by any of the Concerned Authorities while granting such approvals, and permissions as may be necessary or which may be agreed to by the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as “the Board” which expression shall include any Committee constituted by the Board or any person(s) authorized by the Board to exercise the powers conferred on the Board by this Resolution) and subject to such terms, conditions and modifications as the Board may in its discretion impose or agree to, the Board be and is hereby authorized to create, offer, issue and allot by way of Preferential Allotment, upto 2,40,00,000 (Two Crores Forty Lakhs) Convertible Warrants of Face value of Re. 1/- (Rupee One only) each at a premium of ₹ 6.50 (Rupees Six and Fifty paise only) each aggregating to ₹ 18,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eighteen Crores only) to Promoter/ Promoter Group, on preferential allotment basis in compliance with Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018 and subsequent amendments thereto & on such terms and conditions and in such manner as the Board may in its absolute discretion deem fit, to the following persons/entities as mentioned below:

Sr. No.	Name of the Proposed Allottees	No. of Convertible Warrants proposed to be allotted	Name of the Ultimate Beneficiaries/ Owners
	Promoter/ Promoter Group		
1.	Mr. Ravi Agarwal	40,00,000	Mr. Ravi Agarwal
2.	Mr. Madhur Rajesh Gupta	40,00,000	Mr. Madhur Rajesh Gupta
3.	Mr. Shreekrishna M. Gupta	40,00,000	Mr. Shreekrishna M. Gupta
4.	Lloyds Metals & Minerals Trading LLP	1,20,00,000	i. Mr. Ravi Agarwal ii. Mr. Madhur Rajesh Gupta iii. Mr. Shreekrishna M. Gupta
	Total	2,40,00,000	

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT:

- i. The relevant date for the purpose of pricing of issue of the convertible warrants in accordance with the Regulation 161 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018 (as amended) be fixed as 15th May, 2020 being the 30th day prior to 15th June, 2020 i.e., the date on which the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders is convened, in terms of the Companies Act, 2013 to consider the proposed preferential issue.
- ii. The convertible warrants allotted in terms of this resolution shall rank pari passu in all respects with the existing Equity Shares of the Company.

- iii. The Board be and is hereby authorized to decide and approve the other terms and conditions of the issue of convertible warrants, and also shall be entitled to vary, modify or alter any of the terms and conditions, including the issue price on a higher side than mentioned above, as it may deem expedient, without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the Company in a General Meeting.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the aforesaid convertible warrants allotted on preferential basis shall be locked in from the date of trading approval granted from all the Stock Exchanges for such periods as prescribed in Regulation 167 of SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT each of the aforesaid warrants be converted at the option of the holder at any time within 18 months from the date of allotment into one fully paid-up Equity Share of Re.1/- each at the price which be determined in accordance with prevailing SEBI (Issue of Capital & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 and a sum equivalent to 25% of the total consideration per warrant be received on the date of allotment of the said warrants and the balance 75% of the total consideration per warrant be received at the time of allotment of Equity Shares pursuant to exercise of option against each such warrant by the warrant holder.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in the event of the Company making a bonus issue of shares or making rights issue of shares / convertible debentures or any other securities in whatever proportion prior to the exercise of the rights attached to the warrants, the entitlement of the holders shall stand augmented in the same proportion in which the equity share capital of the company increases as a consequences of such bonus/rights issues and that the exercise price of the warrant be adjusted accordingly, subject to such approvals as may be required.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the convertible warrants to be so created, offered, issued and allotted shall be subject to the provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorized to accept any modifications in the proposal as may be required by the agencies involved in such issues but subject to such conditions as the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) / Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and/ or such other appropriate authority may impose at the time of their approval as agreed by the Board

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to any issue or allotment of convertible warrants of the Company, the Board be and is hereby authorized on

behalf of the Company to take all such actions and do all such deeds, matters and things as it may, in its absolute discretion, deem necessary, desirable or expedient and to settle any question, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard including but not limited to the offering, issue and allotment of convertible warrants of the Company as it may in its absolute discretion deem fit and proper.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorized to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred by this resolution to any Director or Directors or to any Committee of Directors or to any Officer or Officers of the company to give effect to this resolution.”

6. Preferential Allotment of Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures (“OFCDs”)

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

“RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of section 42, 62(1)(c), 71 and other applicable provisions, if any of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the (Companies Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification thereto or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force)(the “Act”), and the enabling provisions of the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of the Company, and subject to and in accordance with any other applicable law or regulation, including without limitation, the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended (the “SEBI ICDR Regulations”), the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisitions of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, as amended (the “Takeover Regulations”), The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended (“SEBI LODR Regulations”), and other applicable guidelines, clarifications, rules, regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, (SEBI), the uniform listing agreements entered into with the respective Stock Exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed (the “Stock Exchange(s)”), and in accordance with the rules, regulations, guidelines, notifications, circulars and clarifications issued thereon from time to time by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (the “SEBI”), the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Stock Exchange(s), and or any other competent regulatory authorities, and subject to such conditions and modifications as may be prescribed, stipulated or imposed by any of them while granting such approvals, consents, permissions and or sanctions,

which may be agreed to by the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter called the “Board”, which term shall be deemed to include any committee which the Board has constituted or may hereinafter constitute to exercise any of its power including the power conferred by this resolution) the consent, authority, sanction and approval of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the Board to create, issue, offer and allot on preferential basis upto 2,66,50,000 (Two Crores Sixty Six Lakhs Fifty Thousand) 9% Optionally Fully Convertible Debenture (“OFCDs”) of Face Value of ₹ 7.50 (Rupees Seven and Fifty paise only) each at par aggregating to ₹ 19,98,75,000/- (Rupees Nineteen Crores Ninety Eight Lakhs Seventy Five Thousand only) to Clover Media Private Limited (hereinafter referred to as the “Debenture holder”) AND THAT each such OFCD may be converted at the option of Debenture holder within a time frame of not exceeding 18 months from the date of allotment into one fully paid up Equity shares of ₹ 1/- each of the Company at a price of ₹ 7.50 (including premium of ₹ 6.50) per share being the price which is higher than the price of ₹ 7.49 per share which is being computed in accordance with the price determined as per Regulation 165 under Chapter V of the SEBI ICDR Regulations or shall be redeemed in accordance with the provisions of applicable laws and regulations including the provisions of Chapter V of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations and Companies Act, 2013.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Relevant Date as per Regulation 161 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018 (as amended) for the determination of issue price of Equity Shares post conversion of OFCDs be fixed as 15th May, 2020 being the 30th day prior to 15th June, 2020 i.e., the date on which the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders is convened, in terms of the Companies Act, 2013 to consider the proposed preferential issue.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT without prejudice to the generality of the above, the OFCDs shall be issued on the following terms:

- i. That the equity shares to be so allotted shall be in dematerialised form and shall be subject to the provisions of the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of the Company, and shall rank pari passu in all respects including dividend, with the existing Equity Shares of the Company.
- ii. That the OFCDs and the Equity Shares allotted on conversion of OFCDs shall be subject to a lock-in for such period as specified under Regulation 167 of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018 relating to preferential issue.
- iii. That the OFCDs shall be Unsecured;

- iv. That the proposed allotment of OFCDs of ₹ 7.50 each is for cash and entire amount is payable to the Company on or before allotment of OFCDs.
 - v. That the OFCDs shall be converted into the Equity Shares at the option of the OFCD holder within a period of 18 (eighteen) months from the date of allotment or shall be redeemed.
 - vi. That the said OFCDs are restricted for sale or transfer without the written consent of the Company.
 - vii. That the OFCDs shall carry simple interest @ 9% p.a. payable on half yearly basis or the period thereof upto the date of conversion or redemption whichever is earlier.
 - viii. That the OFCDs by themselves do not give to the holder thereof any rights of a shareholder of the Company.
 - ix. That the number of Equity Shares that each OFCD converts into and the price per Equity Share upon conversion of each OFCD shall be appropriately adjusted for corporate actions such as bonus issue, rights issue, stock, split, merger, demerger, transfer of undertaking, sale of a business division or any such capital or corporate restructuring;
 - x. That the converted shares of OFCD holder shall also be entitled to any future bonus, right issues of Equity Shares or other securities convertible into Equity Shares by the Company in the same proportion and manner as any other shareholders of the Company for the time being; and
 - xi. That the converted shares shall rank pari-passu with the then existing equity shares of the Company in all respects, including as to dividend.
- i. shall be subject to the provisions of the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of the Company; and
 - ii. shall rank pari passu with the existing Equity Shares in all respects subject to the provisions of the Memorandum of Association and
 - iii. Articles of Association of the Company and applicable laws and regulations;

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in case the Proposed Debenture holder does not choose to exercise the conversion option before the expiry of 18 (Eighteen) months from the date of allotment, then the OFCDs held by the Proposed Debenture holder will be compulsorily redeemed by the Company within 18 months from the date of allotment in accordance with the terms of issue, provisions of applicable laws and regulations including the provisions of Chapter V of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations and Companies Act, 2013.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to the above, the Board be and is hereby authorized, in its entire discretion, to do all such acts, matters, deeds and things including without limitation, effecting any modification to the terms of the issue, to execute any agreements or other instruments, to settle any questions or difficulties that may arise, appoint consultants, valuers, legal advisors, advisors and such other agencies as may be required and to take such actions or give such directions as the Board in its absolute discretion deem fit desirable, necessary for the Preferential Issue of the OFCDs without being required to seek any further clarification, consent or approval of the members or otherwise to the end and intent that they shall be deemed to have given their approval thereto expressly by the authority of this resolution;

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorized to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred by the above resolution to any Director(s) or to any Committee of the Board or any other Officer(s) of the Company to give effect to the aforesaid resolution;

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT all actions taken by the Board in connection with any matter(s) referred to or contemplated in any of the foregoing resolution be and are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed in all respects.

**By Order of the Board
For Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited**

Sd/-

**Sneha Yezarkar
Company Secretary
ACS-43338**

**Place: Mumbai
Date: 18th May, 2020**

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT where Proposed Allottee exercises the conversion option, each OFCDs shall be converted into 1 (one) Equity Share of the Company at a conversion price of ₹ 7.50 (including premium of ₹ 6.50) per share being the price which is higher than the price of ₹ 7.49 which is being computed in accordance with the price determined as per Regulation 165 under Chapter V of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Company shall not pay any amount exceeding a net of ₹ 25,00,00,000/- (Rupees Twenty Five Crores) towards the outstanding sums of the other non-current liabilities as on 29th February, 2020 without prior approval/permission of the Proposed Debenture holder till the time the OFCDs are converted into Equity Shares or redeemed whichever is earlier”

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in pursuance of the above, the Equity Shares to be issued and allotted pursuant to the conversion of the OFCDs:

Notes :

1. The AGM will be held on Monday, 15th June, 2020 at 11:00 a.m. through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA General Circular no. 14/2020, dated 08th April, 2020, MCA General Circular no. 17/2020, dated 13th April, 2020 and MCA General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 05th May, 2020.
2. Pursuant to the General Circular No. 14/2020 dated 08th April, 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, the Body Corporates are entitled to appoint authorised representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and participate there at and cast their votes through e-voting.
3. Body Corporates whose Authorised Representatives are intending to attend the Meeting through VC/OAVM are requested to send to the Company on their email Id sgyezarkar@lloyds.in, a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorising their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting and through E-voting.
4. In view of the massive outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing is to be a pre-requisite and pursuant to the General Circular No. 14/2020 dated 08th April, 2020, General Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs followed by General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 05th May, 2020, physical attendance of the Members is not required. Hence, Members have to attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
5. Those Shareholders whose email IDs are not registered can get their Email ID registered as follows:
 - Members holding shares in demat form can get their E-mail ID registered by contacting their respective Depository Participant.
 - Members holding shares in the physical form can get their E-mail ID registered by contacting our Registrar and Share Transfer Agent "Bigshare Services Private Limited" on their email id investor@bigshareonline.com or by sending the duly filled in E-communication registration form enclosed with this Notice to our RTA on their email id investor@bigshareonline.com.
6. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. Instructions and other information for members for attending the AGM through VC/OAVM are given in this Notice under Note No. 24.
7. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
8. As the Annual General Meeting of the Company is held through Video Conferencing/OAVM, we therefore request the members to submit questions in advance relating to the business specified in this Notice of AGM on the Email ID sgyezarkar@lloyds.in.
9. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Tuesday, 09th June, 2020 to Monday, 15th June, 2020 (both days inclusive) in terms of the provisions of Section 91 of the Companies Act, 2013.
10. The information regarding the Director who is proposed to be re-appointed, as required to be provided under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings issued, is annexed hereto.
11. An explanatory Statement setting out details relating to the special business to be transacted at the Annual General meeting pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, is annexed hereto.
12. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are therefore requested to submit the PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their Demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company or to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.
13. Members desiring any information as regards to Accounts are requested to send an email to sgyezarkar@lloyds.in, 14 days in advance before the date of the meeting to enable the Management to keep full information ready on the date of AGM.
14. Members who wish to inspect the Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under section 170 of Companies Act, 2013 and Register of Contracts or arrangements in which directors are interested maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Relevant documents referred to in this Notice of AGM and explanatory statement on the date of AGM in electronic mode can send an email to sgyezarkar@lloyds.in
15. The business set out in the Notice will be transacted through electronic voting system and the Company is providing facility for voting by electronic means.

Instructions and other information relating to e-voting are given in this Notice under Note No. 23.

16. In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.
17. The Annual Report alongwith the Notice of AGM will be placed on the Company's website on www.lloyds.in.
18. Members of the Company holding shares either in physical form or in Dematerialised forms as on Benpos date i.e. 15th May, 2020 will receive Annual Report for the financial year 2019-20 through electronic mode.
19. As per the MCA General Circular 20/2020 dated 05th May, 2020, the Annual Report will be sent through electronic mode to only those Members whose email IDs are registered with the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company/ Depository participant.
20. Shareholder's of the Company holding shares either in physical form or in Dematerialised forms as on Benpos date i.e. 15th May, 2020 will receive Annual Report for the financial year 2019-20 through electronic mode only.
21. Members are requested to notify any changes in their address to the Company's Registrar & Share Transfer Agent, M/s. Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd., 1st Floor, Bharat Tin Works Building, Opp. Vasant Oasis Makwana Road, Marol, Andheri East, Mumbai – 400059.
22. Members are requested to quote their Folio No. or DP ID / Client ID, in case shares are in physical / dematerialized form, as the case may be, in all correspondence with the Company / Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.

23. INFORMATION AND OTHER INSTRUCTIONS RELATING TO E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:

- a. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. The Company has engaged the services of Central Depository Services Limited ("CDSL") as the Agency to provide e-voting facility. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting system as well as e-voting on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- b. The Board of Directors of the Company has appointed M/s. B.R. Gupta & Co, Practicing Company Secretary, as the Scrutinizer, to scrutinize the e-voting and remote e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner and

he has communicated his willingness to be appointed and will be available for same purpose.

- c. Voting rights shall be reckoned on the paid-up value of shares registered in the name of the member / beneficial owner (in case of electronic shareholding) as on the cut-off date i.e. 08th June, 2020.
- d. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date, i.e. 08th June, 2020 only shall be entitled to cast their vote either through remote e-voting or through E-voting at the AGM.
- e. The Results declared alongwith the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company www.lloyds.in and on the website of CDSL after the declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing. The results shall also be forwarded to the BSE Limited and Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India (MSEI), Mumbai.
- f. Subject to receipt of requisite number of votes, the Resolutions shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the Meeting, i.e. 15th June, 2020.
- g. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by a member, the member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently or cast the vote again.

The Instructions for Members for Remote E-Voting are as under:-

The voting period begins on Thursday, 11th June, 2020 at 09.00 a.m. (IST) and ends on Sunday, 14th June, 2020 at 5.00 p.m. (IST). The E-Voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.

- (i) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- (ii) Click on Shareholders.
- (iii) Now Enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Members holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- (iv) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- (v) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.

- (vi) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

For Members holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form	
PAN	<p>Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Members who have not updated their PAN with the Company/ Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number which is printed on Postal Ballot / Attendance Slip indicated in the PAN field.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	<p>Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (iii).

- (vii) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (viii) Members holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, members holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (ix) For Members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (x) Click on the EVSN for the relevant <Company Name> on which you choose to vote.
- (xi) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xii) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xiii) After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiv) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xvi) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvii) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app m-Voting available for android based mobiles. The m-Voting app can be downloaded from Google Play Store. Apple and Windows phone users can download the app from the App Store and the Windows Phone Store respectively. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while voting on your mobile.

(xviii) Note for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodian are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves as Corporates.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized

signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company, if voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (“FAQs”) and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call 1800225533.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call 1800225533.

The Instructions for Members for E-Voting on the day of the AGM are as under:-

- (i) The procedure for E- Voting is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- (ii) Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through Remote E-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through E Voting system in the AGM.
- (iii) Members who have voted through Remote E-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM and participate there at. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM. In case any Member who had voted through Remote E-voting, casts his vote again at the E- Voting provided during the AGM, then the Votes cast during the AGM through E-voting shall be considered as Invalid.
- (iv) Members are requested to follow the instructions, if any, provided during the currency of the AGM for E- Voting.
- (v) The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-voting during the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

Process for those shareholders whose email addresses are not registered with the depositories for obtaining login credentials for e-voting for the resolutions proposed in this notice:

- (i) For Physical shareholders- Please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, Scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to our RTA Bigshare Services Private Limited on their email ID investor@bigshareonline.com.
- (ii) For Demat shareholders - Please provide Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, Client master or Copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to our RTA Bigshare Services Private Limited on their email ID investor@bigshareonline.com.
- (iii) The RTA shall co-ordinate with CDSL and provide the login credentials to the above mentioned shareholders.

24. INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- a) Members whose email IDs are already registered with the Depository Participant/ Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company and who are desirous to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM can apply at sgyezarkar@lloyds.in requesting for participation in the AGM, by giving their name as registered in the records of the Company, DPID/Client ID or Folio Number and the Registered email ID.
- b) Members who are desirous of attending the AGM through VC/OAVM and whose email IDs are not registered with the RTA of the Company/DP, may get their email IDs registered as per the instructions provided in point No. 5 of this Notice.
- c) Members who are desirous of attending the AGM may send their request by 02nd June, 2020. On successful registration with the company, the invitation to join the AGM will be sent to the Members on their registered email IDs latest by 13th June, 2020. This will be done on first come first served basis, limited to 1000 members only. Due to security reason the invitation link to participate in the AGM will be shared on the registered email id of the member only after successful registration with the Company.
- d) Members may attend the AGM, by following the invitation link sent to their registered email ID. Members will be able to locate Meeting ID/ Password/ and JOIN MEETING tab. By Clicking on JOIN MEETING they will be redirected to Meeting Room via browser or by running Temporary Application. In order to join the Meeting, follow the step and provide

the required details (mentioned above – Meeting Id/Password/Email Address) and Join the Meeting. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.

- e) In case of Android/Iphone connection, Participants will be required to download and Install the appropriate application as given in the mail to them. Application may be downloaded from Google Play Store/ App Store.
 - f) Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet audio settings as and when asked while setting up the meeting on Mobile App.
 - g) Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
 - h) The helpline number for joining the Meeting through Electronic Mode will be provided in the Meeting Invitation which will be sent to the eligible applicants.
 - i) Institutional Shareholders are encouraged to participate at the AGM through VC/OAVM and vote thereat.
25. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and become member of the Company after sending the Notice of AGM through electronic mode and holding shares as on the cut-off date, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
26. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs General Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020, the Notice calling AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.lloyds.in. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.msei.in respectively and the AGM Notice is also available on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
27. Investor Grievance Redressal:- The Company has designated an e-mail id investor@lloyds.in to enable investors to register their complaints, if any.

STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 (“the Act”)

The following Statement sets out all material facts relating to the Special Business mentioned in the accompanying Notice:

Item No. 4

Ratification of Remuneration of Cost Auditors of the Company

The Board on recommendations of the Audit Committee in their meeting held on 18th May, 2020 has approved the re-appointment of M/s. Manisha & Associates, Cost Accountants as Cost Auditor to conduct the Cost Audit of the Company for the Financial year 2020-21 at such remuneration as may be mutually agreed between the Board of Directors of the Company and the Cost Auditor.

In accordance with the provisions of section 148 of the act read with Companies (Audit & Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the cost auditor has to be ratified by the Shareholders of the Company.

Accordingly, consent of the member is sought for passing the Ordinary Resolutions as set out at item No. 4 of the Notice for appointment and ratification of remuneration payable to the cost auditors for the financial year ending 31st March, 2021.

None of the Directors/ Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are concerned or interested in the resolutions as set out at item No. 4 of the Notice except to the extent of their shareholding in the Company, if any.

The Board recommends the ordinary resolutions set out at the item no. 4 of the Notice for member’s approval of the Company.

Item No. 5 & 6

As per Section 42, 62, 71 of the Companies Act, 2013 approval of shareholders in the General Meeting is required for allotment of Convertible Warrants and 9% Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures (OFCDs) on preferential basis and hence the resolution is placed before the Shareholders.

The Board of the Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 18th May, 2020 has given their consent subject to approval of Members by way of Special Resolution to issue 2,40,00,000 Convertible Warrants to Promoter/ Promoter Group and 2,66,50,000 (Two Crores Sixty Six Lakhs Fifty Thousand) 9% OFCDs to Strategic Investor on preferential allotment basis.

The purpose of the proposed issue as mentioned above is to meet the funding requirements including but not limited for working capital requirements and for general corporate purpose. The proceeds of the proposed issue may be utilized for any of the aforesaid purposes to the extent permitted by law.

The necessary information pertaining to the proposed preferential allotment in terms of Regulation 163 of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018, as amended thereto, are set out as below:

1. a. List of Allottees for Preferential Allotment of Convertible Warrants:

Sr. No.	Name of the Proposed Allottees	No. of Convertible Warrants proposed to be allotted	Name of the Ultimate Beneficiaries/ Owners
	Promoter/ Promoter Group Category		
1.	Ravi Agarwal	40,00,000	Mr. Ravi Agarwal
2.	Madhur Rajesh Gupta	40,00,000	Mr. Madhur Rajesh Gupta
3.	Shreekrishna M. Gupta	40,00,000	Mr. Shreekrishna M. Gupta
4.	Lloyds Metals & Minerals Trading LLP	1,20,00,000	i. Mr. Ravi Agarwal ii. Mr. Madhur Rajesh Gupta iii. Mr. Shreekrishna M. Gupta
Total		2,40,00,000	

b. List of Allottee for Preferential Allotment of OFCDs:

Sr. No.	Name of the Proposed Allottees	No. of OFCDs proposed to be allotted	Name of the Ultimate Beneficiaries/ Owners
	Public Category		
1.	Clover Media Private Limited	2,66,50,000	i. Mr. Harsh Jain ii. Mrs. Rachana Harsh Jain
Total		2,66,50,000	

2. Object/s of the issue:

The proposed preferential allotment of Convertible Warrants and OFCDs is to meet the funding requirements including but not limited for working capital requirements and for general corporate purpose

3. Intention of Promoters/ Directors/ Key Management Persons to subscribe to the offer:

The Promoters/Directors/ Key Management of the Company have conveyed to the Company in writing of their respective intention that Promoters, Directors, Key Management Persons are intending to subscribe to the offer being proposed under special resolution under Item No. 5 of the Notice for shareholders' approval at this meeting.

However, the Promoters/Directors/ Key Management of the Company are not intending to subscribe to the offer being proposed under special resolution under Item No. 6 of the Notice for shareholders' approval at this meeting.

4. Shareholding Pattern before and after the Issue *:

The shareholding pattern before and after the allotment of 2,40,00,000 Convertible Warrants and 2,66,50,000 OFCDs is as under: (As on 31st March, 2020)

Category of Shareholders	Pre Preferential Shareholding		Post Preferential Shareholding assuming full conversion of Convertible Warrants and OFCDs into Equity Shares	
	No. of Shares	As a % of (A+B+C)	No. of Shares	As a % of (A+B+C)
Promoter and Promoter Group (A)	14,19,12,177	63.02	16,59,12,177	60.15
Public Shareholding (B)	8,06,70,403	35.83	10,73,20,403	38.91
Shares held by Employee Trust (C)	25,95,820	1.15	25,95,820	0.94
Total (A) + (B) + (C)	22,51,78,400	100.00	27,58,28,400	100.00

*Please note that the allotment has to be made to ESOP Trust (Lloyds Employees Welfare Trust) as following and the same is not considered while calculating the Post Preferential Shareholding in the above table:

- In the month of September 2020- 25,70,820 Equity Shares
- In the month of September 2021- 3,95,000 Equity Shares
- In the month of September 2022- 3,95,000 Equity Shares

5. Consequential Changes in the Voting Rights :

Voting rights will change according to the change in the shareholding pattern mentioned above.

6. Proposed time within which the allotment shall be completed:

The Board proposes to allot Convertible Warrants and OFCDs within a period of 15 days from the date of passing of the resolution by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting, provided that when the allotment on preferential basis is pending on account of pendency of any approval or permission for such allotment by any regulatory authority or the Central Government, the period of fifteen days shall be counted from the date of such approval or permission. The allotment of Equity shares pursuant to exercise of option by Warrant holder and Debenture holder will be made within a reasonable time after exercise of such option

7. Identity of the proposed allottee and the percentage of post preferential issue capital that may be held by them:

Identity	Pre Preferential Shareholding		No. of Convertible warrants and OFCDs to be issued	Post Preferential Shareholding (assuming full conversion of warrants and OFCDs)		
	Proposed Allottees	No. of Shares		% age	No. of Warrants and OFCDs	No. of Shares
Promoter/ Promoter Group Category						
Ravi Agarwal	77,30,000	3.43	40,00,000 Warrants	1,17,30,000	4.25	
Madhur Rajesh Gupta	56,00,000	2.49	40,00,000 Warrants	96,00,000	3.48	
Shreekrishna M. Gupta	56,02,000	2.49	40,00,000 Warrants	96,02,000	3.48	
Lloyds Metals & Minerals Trading LLP	2,37,41,529	10.54	1,20,00,000 Warrants	3,57,41,529	12.96	
Public Category						
Clover Media Private Limited	0	0.00	2,66,50,000 OFCDs	2,66,50,000	9.66	

Assumptions:

- All Warrants and OFCDs offered pursuant to the aforesaid resolution have been fully subscribed and allotted.
- The warrants and OFCDs are held by the aforesaid allottee at the time of exercise of the option and
- The options are exercised by them in full.

8. Lock in Period:

The allotment of Equity Shares on conversion of convertible warrants and OFCDs shall be locked in as per Regulation 167 of Chapter V of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018, as amended.

9. Change in Management:

The proposed preferential allotment of Convertible Warrants and OFCDs will not result in any change in the management and control of the Company. Voting right shall change according to the change in shareholding pattern mentioned above.

10. Pricing of the issue:

The Equity Shares of the Company are not frequently traded shares within the meaning of explanation provided in Regulation 2(j) of the SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011 and

the pricing of Equity Shares in compliance with Regulation 165 of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018.

- The issue of Equity Shares pursuant to conversion of warrants on preferential basis shall be at a price of ₹ 7.50 each (₹ 1/- face value + ₹ 6.50 premium).
- The 9% OFCDs of ₹ 7.50 each are to be issued at par. The issue of Equity Shares pursuant to conversion of OFCDs on preferential basis shall be at a price of ₹ 7.50 each (₹ 1/- face value + ₹ 6.50 premium).

11. Name and address of the Valuer who performed valuation:

The Valuation of Equity Shares has been done by M/s Vijay H. Shah & Co., Chartered Accountants being an Independent Chartered Accountant having its Office at 1001 B Wing, Veena Vihar, Mahavir Nagar, Kandivali West, Mumbai 400067.

12. Auditor's Certificate:

A copy of the certificate from the Statutory Auditors of the Company certifying that the Preferential Issue is being made in accordance with the requirements of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018 shall be placed before the shareholders at their proposed Annual General Meeting and the same shall be available for inspection as per the instructions provided in the Note No. 14 of this Notice.

13. Disclosure with regard to the names of issuer, its promoter or any of its directors not appearing in the list of wilful defaulter as issued by RBI

The Company, its promoters and its directors are not categorized as wilful defaulter(s) by any bank or financial institution or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by Reserve Bank of India

14. Payment and Conversion Terms:

- For Convertible Warrants: 25% of the value of the warrant is to be paid against each warrant on the date of allotment of warrants. The balance 75% is payable at the time of allotment of Equity shares pursuant exercise of the option for conversion of the warrant. Warrant will be converted at the option of the allottees, into one equity share of Face value of ₹1/- each at a price of ₹ 7.50 each which is determined in accordance with the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2018 at any time within 18 months from the date of allotment. In case the option is not exercised within a period of 18 months from the date of allotment, the aforesaid 25% amount paid on the date of allotment shall be forfeited

- ii. For OFCDs: The proposed allotment of OFCDs of ₹ 7.50 each is for cash and entire amount is payable to the Company on or before allotment of OFCDs. OFCDs will be converted at the option of the allottee, into one equity share of Face value of ₹1/- each at a price of ₹ 7.50 each which is determined in accordance with the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2018 at any time within 18 months from the date of allotment or shall be redeemed.

15. Other conditions of OFCDs:

The Company shall not pay any amount exceeding a net of ₹ 25,00,00,000/- (Rupees Twenty Five Crores) towards the outstanding sums of the other non-current liabilities as on 29th February, 2020 without prior approval/permission of the Proposed Debenture holder till the time the OFCDs are converted into Equity Shares or redeemed whichever is earlier”

16. Undertakings:

- i. The Issuer Company undertakes that they shall re-compute the price of the Equity shares in terms of the provision of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018, as amended where it is required to do so.
- ii. The Issuer Company undertakes that if the amount payable on account of the re-computation of price is not paid within the time stipulated in terms of the provision of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018, the Equity Shares shall continue to be locked-in till the time such amount is paid by the allottees.

17. Interest of Promoters/ Directors

- i. For Preferential Allotment of Convertible Warrants:
Mr. Babulal Agarwal, the Managing Director of the Company is the father of Mr. Ravi Agarwal (belonging to Promoter/ Promoter Group of the Company) and therefore they are deemed to be person acting in concert and therefore concerned or interested in the Resolution under Item No. 5.

Mr. Rajesh Rajnarayan Gupta, the Promoter & Director is the father of Mr. Madhur Rajesh Gupta (belonging to Promoter/ Promoter Group of the Company) and therefore they are deemed to be person acting in concert and therefore concerned or interested in the Resolution under Item No. 5.

Mr. Mukesh Rajnarayan Gupta, the Promoter & Director is the father of Mr. Shreekrishna Mukesh Gupta (belonging to Promoter/ Promoter Group of the Company) and therefore they are deemed to be person acting in concert and therefore concerned or interested in the Resolution under Item No. 5.

None of other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are interested or concerned in the proposed Special Resolution under Item No. 5 except to the extent of their shareholding, if any

ii. For Preferential Allotment of OFCDs:

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are interested or concerned in the proposed Special Resolution under Item No. 6 except to the extent of their shareholding, if any

The members are, therefore, requested to accord their approval authorizing the Board to go for the proposed private placement and/ or preferential issue as set out in the special resolution under Item no. 5 and 6.

The Board of Directors recommends the said Special Resolution under Item no. 5 and 6 for your approval.

**By Order of the Board
For Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited**

Sd/-

**Sneha Yezarkar
Company Secretary
ACS-43338**

**Date: 18th May, 2020
Place: Mumbai**

Details of Director seeking re-appointment

Disclosure required under Regulation 36 (3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard - 2 in respect of Directors seeking reappointment:

Name of Director	Rajesh R. Gupta
DIN	00028379
Date of Birth	10th October, 1964
Age	55 years
Date of first appointment on the Board	21st November, 1991
A Brief Resume of the Director & Nature of his Expertise in Specific Functional Areas;	Mr. Rajesh R. Gupta is a successful industrialist having vast knowledge and rich experience of over 29 years in Production, Management, Consultancy and other areas in Steel, Power and Trading Industry. Under his Leadership, companies like Uttam Value Steels Ltd (Formerly Lloyds Steel Industries Ltd.) and Lloyds Metals and Energy Ltd. implemented several projects in Steel Sector, including power plant.
Disclosure of Relationships Between Directors Inter-Se;	Mr. Babulal Agarwal is maternal uncle of Mr. Rajesh R. Gupta and Mr. Rajesh R. Gupta and Mr. Mukesh R. Gupta are brothers.
Names of Listed Entities in which the person also holds the Directorship and the Membership / Chairmanship of Committees of the Board	<u>Directorship</u> Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited Shree Global Tradefin Limited <u>Membership of Committees- \$</u> Nil <u>Chairmanship of Committees- \$</u> Nil
No. of Shares held in the Company	691,720
No. of Board meetings attended during last Financial Year	6 (Six)
Terms and conditions of appointment	Non-Executive Director (Non-Independent), liable to retire by rotation.

Note :- \$ Includes only Audit Committee and Shareholders' / Investors' Grievance Committee.

E-COMMUNICATION REGISTRATION FORM

(Only for members holding shares in physical form)

Date:

To,
Bigshare Services Private Limited
1st Floor, Bharat Tin Works Building,
Opp. Vasant Oasis, Makwana Road,
Marol, Andheri East,
Mumbai 400059.

UNIT – LLOYDS METALS AND ENERGY LIMITED

Dear Sir,

Sub: Registration of E-mail ID for serving of Notices / Annual Reports through electronic mode by Company

We hereby register our E-mail ID for the purpose of receiving the notices, Annual Reports and other documents / information in electronic mode to be sent by the Company.

Folio No. :
E-mail ID :
Name of the First / Sole Shareholder :
Signature :

Note: Shareholder(s) are requested to notify the Company as and when there is any change in the e-mail address.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the Company's Forty Third Annual Report and the Company's Audited Financial Statement for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AND THE STATE OF THE COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

Figures in ₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Current Year 2019-20	Previous Year 2018-19
Revenue from operations	37,173.85	47,728.11
Other Income	2,562.31	3,084.20
Total Income :	39,736.16	50,812.31
Profit before Finance Cost, Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses and Tax Expenses	4,675.10	4,659.87
Less : Finance Cost	1,610.38	1,088.72
Depreciation	1,755.40	1,507.82
Exceptional Items	-	-
Profit/(Loss) before tax	1,309.32	2,063.33
Less : Deferred Tax	(1,873.32)	-
Net Profit/ (Loss) after Tax	3,182.64	2,063.33
Add: Other Comprehensive Income (Net of taxes)	(27.60)	25.70
Total Comprehensive Income (Net of taxes)	3,155.04	2,089.03

Review of Operations

The total income of the Company was ₹ **39,736.16 Lakhs** during the year as against ₹ **50,812.31 Lakhs** in the previous year. The Company has reported net profit of ₹ **3,182.64 Lakhs** during the year under review as against profit of ₹ **2,063.33 Lakhs** in the previous year.

Setting-Up of Proposed Mineral Based Steel Plant at Konsari

The Company is awaiting necessary permissions / registrations / approvals / environmental clearance from the concerned department of the state, as per the existing policies / rules and regulations of the Government of Maharashtra required for setting up a new plant. The Company is expected to receive all clearances in coming months. The Company has received offer letter from Industries Department regarding financial incentives i.e. Industrial Promotion Subsidy, Exemption of Electricity Duty etc. from the Government of Maharashtra under Package Scheme of Incentives. Due to the political uncertainties due to

central & state elections, this project in Gadchiroli, a politically sensitive area, was tentatively put on hold. Post Pandemic the company will revive this project.

Iron Ore Mining Activities

The Iron ore mining activities are carried out regularly at the Surjagarh area of Gadchiroli district. Due to security issues, mining takes place under police protection at Surjagarh. The Company is at present undertaking only surface mining and the entire mined Iron Ore is used for captive consumption. The Company plans to start open Cast Mining as per the mining plan. To get sizeable quantity advanced machinery is being deployed for excavation.

The iron ore production for the financial year 2019-20 is nil, due to political uncertainties due to central & state elections. Now, company has entered into a MDO MOU with Thriveni Earthmovers Private Limited, which is the largest Mining operator in India. With this the company hopes that the Mining will restart in the near future.

MOU with Thriveni Earthmovers Private Limited

The Company has entered into an MOU with Thriveni Earthmovers Private Limited to incorporate a new joint venture company in the state of Maharashtra for carry mining operations in Maharashtra & neighbouring states but starting with the Iron Ore Mining operations of Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited (LMEL).

The Iron Ore Mine of LMEL is situated at Surjagarh, Dist Gadchiroli. The lease is for an area of 348 Ha (860 Acres) and has total deposits (proven & probable) of more than 91 Million MT. These reserves are of the grade of 63 Fe, approx. The mine has been operating sporadically since April 2016.

Thriveni Earthmovers Private Limited, is a company with revenues of more than ₹ 5000 crores. It is India's biggest Mine Developer & Operator (MDO). It has mined more than 30 Million MT of iron ore in 2019-20, as the MDO to various lease owners in Odisha. As far as mining operations goes, this makes Thriveni Earthmovers Private Limited India's largest Pvt sector Miner for Iron Ore, second only to NMDC.

Thriveni Sainik (A Thriveni JV) has entered into a MDO for mining of Coal for NTPC for their Pakri Barwadih Coal Mining project, in Jharkhand. In the last three years Thriveni Earthmovers Private Limited JV has produced nearly 10 Million MT of coal for NTPC.

Apart from this Thriveni Earthmovers Private Limited is operating Barite mines, Coal mines in Indonesia & is entered into a JV for manufacturing Pellets of 4 Million at Bhramani River Pellets Ltd (Erstwhile owned by Stemcor UK), with a JSW Group Company, in Odisha. This company also operates an Iron Ore Slurry Pipeline.

For these operations, Thriveni has an owned Mobile Mining Asset Base of more than 1600 Machines , including Loaders (more than 250 Million BCM PA), Haulers (more than 200 Million BCM PA) & associated drilling machines, apart from Personnel Movement machines, Weighbridges, Central Iron Ore Processing Units, etc.

They are experts at mining and & their highly qualified team are operating training centers, and ensure full compliance with all laws and regulations pertaining to Mining. All environment rules & regulations are fully complied with. Centralised Vehicle Management centers also ensure better uptime of the equipment at most economic costs.

The target of the JV with Thriveni Earthmovers Private Limited is to ramp up the mining operations of LMEL Surjagarh Mines to 1 Million MT within 12 months of commencing & 3 Million (Rated Capacity) in approx 3 years. The MOU also envisages formation of a thinly capitalised JV between Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited & Thriveni Earthmovers Private Limited. There would be zero capital investments by Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited for this activity.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORT

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review, as stipulated under Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, is set out in this Annual Report.

SUBSIDIARY & CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company is not required to consolidate its financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 as the Company does not have any subsidiary, associates and joint ventures companies.

DIVIDEND

With a view to conserve the resources in long run, your Directors have not recommended any dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2020.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

During the year under review, no amount was transferred to general reserves.

SHARE CAPITAL

During the financial year under review, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has allotted 25,95,820 Equity Shares to the Lloyds Employees Welfare Trust under Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited Employee Stock Option Plan – 2017. Further to the above allotment the paid-up share capital of the company has increased from ₹ 22,25,82,580 as on 31st March, 2019 to ₹ 22,51,78,400 as on 31st March, 2020.

PREFERENTIAL ISSUE OF OFCD & CONVERTIBLE WARRANTS

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on 02nd March, 2020 subject to the approval of shareholders in the General Meeting, approved the issue of 2,40,00,000 Convertible Warrants to the Promoter/Promoter Group and 2,18,50,000 Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures (OFCD) to Clover Media Private Limited on preferential allotment basis in compliance with Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018.

The Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) of the Company for the issue of the aforesaid Convertible Warrants and OFCD was scheduled on 26th March, 2020 at 12:30 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company. The said EGM was postponed to 20th April, 2020 in line with the lockdown announcement made by our Hon'ble Prime Minister for 21 days till 14th April, 2020 due to outbreak of Novel COVID 19 virus in the country. The said intimation of postponement of EGM to 20th April, 2020 was given to the shareholders of the Company through the newspapers Business Standard and Chandrapur Mahasagar on 31st March, 2020.

The Company subsequently vide its Notice of Postponement of EGM duly send to the shareholders of the Company, further postponed the EGM from 20th April, 2020 to 12th May, 2020 in line with the lockdown announcement made by our Hon'ble Prime Minister till 03rd May, 2020 due to outbreak of Novel COVID 19 virus in the country.

Further, the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 08th May, 2020 cancelled the aforesaid EGM which was postponed to 12th May, 2020 in the light of extension of country wide lockdown till 17th May, 2020 due to outbreak of Novel COVID 19 virus in the country.

However the Company has received In-Principle Approval under Regulation 28(1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 from BSE vide letter no. DCS/PREF/DS/PRE/574/2019-20 dated March 17, 2020 and from MSEI vide email dated 25th March, 2020 for issue of aforesaid Convertible Warrants & OFCD.

DEMATERIALIZATION OF SHARES

As on 31st March 2020, there were approximately 22,08,03,740 Equity Shares dematerialized through depositories viz. National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited, which represents about 98.06 % of the total issued, subscribed and paid-up capital of the Company.

EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION SCHEME 2017

The Company with the objective of introducing a long term incentive tool to attract, motivate, retain talent and reward loyalty, formulated 'Lloyds Metals And Energy Limited Employee Stock Option Plan - 2017 ('LMEL ESOP, 2017') for grant of a maximum of 1,11,29,129 stock options to the eligible employees of the Company. During the year 2018-19, the

Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company has granted 66,66,640 stock options to the eligible employees of the Company. During the financial year under review, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has allotted 25,95,820 Equity Shares to the Lloyds Employees Welfare Trust under Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited Employee Stock Option Plan – 2017.

The Company has received a certificate from the auditors of the Company that the 'LMEL ESOP, 2017' have been implemented in accordance with the SEBI regulations and as per the resolution passed by the members of the Company. The necessary disclosure pursuant to section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 14 of the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) with regard to Employee Stock Option Scheme of the Company is available at Company's website i.e https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/ESOP_Disclosure.pdf

CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

During the year under review, there is no change in the nature of the business of the Company.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of this report.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Rajesh Gupta (DIN 00028379)

In accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Rajesh Gupta, Director of the Company, retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.

Devidas Kambale (DIN 00020656)

The Shareholders in the 42nd Annual General Meeting of the Company has re-appointed Mr. Devidas Kambale as an Independent Director of the Company for a further term of five years w.e.f. 30th July, 2019 to 29th July, 2024.

Jagannath Dange (DIN 01569430)

The Shareholders in the 42nd Annual General Meeting of the Company has re-appointed Mr. Jagannath Dange as an Independent Director of the Company for a further term of five years w.e.f. 30th July, 2019 to 29th July, 2024.

Dr. Balram Singh (DIN 02843001)

The Shareholders in the 42nd Annual General Meeting of the Company has re-appointed Dr. Balram Singh as an Independent Director of the Company for a further term of five years w.e.f. 29th December, 2019 to 28th December, 2024. The Shareholders approval is also received as per amended Regulation 17 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018 in the 42nd Annual General Meeting of the Company for the continuation of his directorship from 01st January, 2020 to 28th December, 2024 as Dr. Balram Singh has attained the age of 75 years on 01st January, 2020.

Bhagyam Ramani (DIN 00107097)

The Shareholders in the 42nd Annual General Meeting of the Company has reappointed Mrs. Bhagyam Ramani as an Independent Director of the Company for a further term of five years w.e.f. 29th December, 2019 to 28th December, 2024.

Shantanu Mohapatra (DIN 00176836)

Mr. Shantanu Mohapatra has ceased to be an Independent Director of the Company w.e.f. 28th December, 2019 due to the completion of his tenure.

The Board places on record its sincere appreciation for his valuable guidance & contribution to the Company.

Nitesh Tanwar

Mr. Nitesh Tanwar resigned as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company w.e.f. 04th May, 2019. The Board places on record its sincere appreciation for his valuable guidance & contribution to the Company.

Sneha Yezarkar

The Board has appointed Ms. Sneha Yezarkar as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company w.e.f. 06th May, 2019, to fill in the vacancy caused due to resignation of Mr. Nitesh Tanwar.

STATEMENT OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors of the Company are of the opinion that the all the Independent Directors of the Company re-appointed during the year possesses integrity, relevant expertise and experience required to best serve the interest of the Company.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Your Directors state that:

1. in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2020, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
2. the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as

at 31st March, 2020 and of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;

3. the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
4. the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a 'going concern' basis;
5. the Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
6. the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

DISCLOSURE RELATED TO BOARD AND COMMITTEES

Board Meetings

The Board met 6 times during the financial year 2019-20 on 25th April, 2019, 03rd August, 2019, 12th November, 2019, 31st January, 2020, 20th February, 2020 and 02nd March, 2020. The meeting details are provided in the Corporate Governance Report that forms part of this Annual Report. The maximum interval between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days as prescribed in the Companies Act, 2013.

Committees of the Board

As on March 31, 2020, the Board had 4 (Four) Statutory Committees viz: Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholder Relationship Committee and Corporate Social Responsibility Committee. A detailed note on the composition of the Board and its Statutory committees is provided in the Corporate Governance Report that forms part of this Annual Report.

Board Evaluation

Pursuant to the corporate governance requirements as prescribed in the Companies Act, 2013 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015, the Board of Directors has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, Board Committees and of individual directors. In a separate meeting of independent directors, performance of non-independent directors, performance of the Board as a whole, performance of the Committee(s) of the Board and performance of the Chairman was evaluated, taking into account the views of other directors. Performance evaluation of independent directors was done by the entire Board, excluding the independent director being evaluated.

Declaration by Independent Directors

The Company has received necessary declaration from each Independent Director under section 149(7) of the Companies

Act, 2013 and Regulation 25(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements), Regulations 2015, stating that he/she meets the criteria of independence laid down in section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements), Regulations 2015.

Familiarization Programme for Independent Directors

The Company has formulated a Programme for Familiarization of Independent Directors with regard to their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the detail of such Familiarization programme can be accessed on the company's website at https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Familiarisation_Programme_For_ID_2019-20.pdf

Meeting of Independent Directors

During the year under review, the Independent Directors met on 31st January, 2020, inter alia, to:

- a) Review the performance of Non Independent Directors, and the Board of Directors as a whole;
- b) Review the performance of the Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of the Executive and Non-Executive Directors.
- c) Assess the quality, content and timeliness of flow of information between the Company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

All the Independent Directors were present at this meeting. The observations made by the Independent Directors have been adopted and put into force.

VARIOUS COMPANY'S POLICIES

In accordance with the provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the Companies Act, 2013 the Company has formulated and implemented the following policies. All the Policies are available on Company's website (www.lloyds.in) under the heading "Policies". The policies are reviewed periodically by the Board and updated based on need and requirements.

Whistle Blower & Vigil Mechanism Policy

In pursuant to regulation 9A(6) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 the Company has revised Whistle Blower Policy to include in its scope any instances related to Insider Trading and has also provided access to the employees of the Company to report the instances of leak of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information or suspected leak of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information. The Company has established Vigil Mechanism for the directors and employees of the Company to report, serious and genuine unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud and violation of the Company's code of conduct or ethics policy. It also provides adequate safeguards

against victimization of persons, who use such mechanism and makes provision for direct access to the chairperson of the Audit Committee in appropriate or exceptional cases. None of the employees of the Company has been denied access to the Audit Committee.

Ms. Sneha Yezarkar, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company, has been designated as Vigilance and Ethics Officer for various matters related to Vigil Mechanism.

The Whistle Blower & Vigil Mechanism policy can be accessed on the company's website at https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Whistle_Blower_Policy_Vigil_Mechanism-1.pdf

Policy for Related Party Transactions

In pursuant to SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018, the Company has revised the Policy on Related Party Transactions. The policy regulates all transactions taking place between the Company and its related parties in accordance with the applicable provisions

The policy on Related Party Transaction can be accessed on the company's website at https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Policy_on_Materiality_of_Related_Party_Transaction.pdf

Code of conduct for Director(s) and Senior Management Personnel

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for the Senior Management Personnel, Directors (executive / non-executive) including a code of conduct for Independent Directors which suitably incorporates the duties of Independent Directors as laid down in the Act.

The above code can be accessed on the company's website at <https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/2017/04/Code-of-conduct.pdf>

Risk Management Policy

The Risk Management policy is formulated and implemented by the Company in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The policy helps to identify the various elements of risks faced by the Company, which in the opinion of the Board threatens the existence of the Company.

The Risk Management Policy can be accessed on the company's website at https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Risk_Management_Policy.pdf

Nomination and Remuneration Policy

In pursuant to SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018 and Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, the Company has revised Nomination & Remuneration Policy. The key changes include, inter alia, addition of the definition of senior management along with recommendations about their remuneration.

The Nomination & Remuneration policy provides guidelines to the Nomination & Remuneration Committee relating to the Appointment, Removal & Remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management. This policy formulates the criteria for determining qualifications, competencies, positive attributes and independence for the appointment of a director (executive / non-executive) and also the criteria for determining the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel, senior management and other employees. It also provides the manner for effective evaluation of performance of Board, its committees and individual directors.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy can be accessed on the company's website at https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Remuneration_Policy.pdf

Policy for Determination of Materiality of an Event or Information

In pursuant to SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018, the Company has revised this policy for determination of materiality based events.

The Policy for Determination of materiality of an event or information policy can be accessed on the company's website https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Policy_for_materiality_of_event-1.pdf

Policy on Preservation of Documents

In pursuant to Regulation 9 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the Company has adopted the policy on preservation of the documents.

The policy on preservation of documents can be accessed on the company's website at <https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/2017/04/Policy-for-preservation-of-Documents.pdf>

Insider Trading -Code of Conduct

In pursuant to SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018 and SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) (Amendment) Regulations, 2019 the Company has adopted revised Insider Trading Code. The Code provides framework for dealing with the securities of Company in mandated manner.

The above Insider Trading-code of conduct can be accessed on the company's website at <https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/01.pdf>

Policy for Procedure of Inquiry in Case of Leak of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information ("UPSI")

The SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018 ("PIT Amendment Regulations") mandates every listed company to formulate a written policy and procedures for inquiry in case of leak of unpublished price

sensitive information and initiate appropriate action on becoming aware of leak of unpublished price sensitive information and inform the Board promptly of such leaks, inquiries and results of such inquiries. In pursuant to this regulation, the Company has adopted the Policy for Procedure of Inquiry in Case of Leak of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information (“UPSI”).

Policy for procedure of Inquiry in case of Leak of Unpublished Price Sensitive information (“upsi”) can be accessed on the company’s website at https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Policy_for_Procedure_of_Inquiry_in_case_of_Leak_of_Unpublished_Price_Sensitive_Information.pdf

Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information

The Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information was revised pursuant to SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018 to include therein the policy for determination of “Legitimate purposes for sharing UPSI”

The code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of the Unpublished Price Sensitive Information can be accessed on the company’s website at <https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/03.pdf>

Corporate Social Responsibility Policy

The Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (hereinafter “CSR Policy) of the Company has been prepared pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the CSR Rules. The CSR policy serves as the referral document for all CSR-related activities of the Company. CSR Policy relates to the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in schedule VII and other amendments/circulars thereon to the Companies Act, 2013

The CSR Policy can be accessed on the company’s website at https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Corporate_Social_Responsibility_Policy.pdf

Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company has constituted Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee in compliance with the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

The CSR Committee consists of Mr. Mukesh Gupta as Chairman and Dr. Balram Singh and Mr. Rajesh Gupta as members. The disclosures with respect to CSR activities are given in “Annexure II”.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has taken adequate steps to ensure that all mandatory provisions of Corporate Governance as prescribed under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements)

Regulations, 2015 are complied with. As per Regulation 34(3) Read with Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a separate section on corporate governance, together with a certificate from the Company’s Statutory Auditors, forms part of this Report.

AUDITORS

Statutory Auditor

Pursuant to Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, rules made there under, the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee appointed M/s VSS & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 105787W), as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for the period of five financial years from the conclusion of 40th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 45th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2022. Further the shareholders approval has been accorded in the AGM held on 19th September, 2017.

Further provision of ratification of appointment of statutory auditor every year has been omitted by the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017. Therefore ratification of auditor is not required although your Company is proposing ratification of auditor in ensuing Annual General Meeting for the financial year 2020-21.

Statutory Audit Report

During the financial 2019-20 there is no fraud occurred, noticed and/or reported by the Statutory Auditors under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies(Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended from time to time).

The observations made by the Statutory Auditor in their Audit Report read with the relevant notes thereof as stated in the Notes to the Audited Financial Statements of Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2020 are self-explanatory and being devoid of any reservation(s), qualification(s) or adverse remark(s) etc do not call for any further information(s)/ explanation(s) or comments from the Board under Section 134(3)(f)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Secretarial Auditor

Pursuant to Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board has appointed M/s B. R. Gupta & Co., Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No. 43021, CP No. 20863) as the Secretarial Auditor of your Company to conduct Secretarial Audit for the financial year 2020-21.

Secretarial Audit Report

As required under provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, the report in respect of the Secretarial Audit

carried out by M/s. Saurabh Arora & Co., Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No. ACS 43368, CP No. 19371), in Form MR-3 for the FY 2019-20 is annexed hereto marked as **“Annexure VI”** and forms part of this Report. The said Secretarial Audit Report being devoid of any reservation(s), adverse remark(s) and qualification(s) etc. does not call for any further explanation(s)/ information or comment(s) from the Board under Section 134(3) (f)(ii) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Cost Auditor

As per the requirement of Central Government and pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time, your Company has been carrying out audit of cost records of the Company.

The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of Audit Committee, has re-appointed M/s. Manisha & Associates, Cost Accountants as Cost Auditor to audit the cost accounts of the Company for the financial year 2020-21 at a remuneration of ₹30,000/- per annum and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses if any. As required under the Companies Act, 2013 a Resolution seeking members approval for the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors forms part of the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting.

Cost Audit Report

The Cost audit report for the financial year 2018-19 was filed with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS

The Company has maintained required cost accounts and records as prescribed under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements as designed and implemented by the Company are adequate. During the year under review, no material or serious observation has been received from the Statutory Auditors and the Internal Auditors of the Company on the inefficiency or inadequacy of such controls.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS GIVEN, INVESTMENTS MADE, GUARANTEE GIVEN AND SECURITIES PROVIDED

During the year under review, the company has not made any investment or given any loan to any person or other body corporate or given any guarantee or provided any security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS AND ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Particulars of contracts or arrangements or transactions with related party referred to in section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, in the prescribed form AOC-2, are enclosed with this report as **“Annexure III”**.

There were no materially significant related party transactions entered by the Company which may have a potential conflict with the interest of Company. All related party transaction(s) are first placed before Audit Committee for approval and thereafter such transactions are also placed before the Board for seeking their approval. The details of Related Party Transactions, as required pursuant to respective Indian Accounting Standards, have been stated in Note No. 33 to the Audited Financial Statement of the Company forming part of this Annual Report.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

Disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(1), 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 as amended are annexed hereto marked as **“Annexure IV”** and forms part of this report.

DISCLOSURE RELATING TO EQUITY SHARES WITH DIFFERENTIAL RIGHTS

The Company has not issued any equity shares with differential rights during the year under review and hence no information as per provisions of Rule 4(4) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debenture) Rules, 2014 is furnished.

DISCLOSURE RELATING TO SWEAT EQUITY SHARES

The Company has not issued any sweat equity shares during the year under review and hence no information as per provisions of Rule 8(13) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debenture) Rules, 2014 is furnished.

COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The company confirms compliance with the applicable requirements of secretarial standards 1 and 2.

DEPOSITS

During the year under review, your Company neither accepted any deposits nor there were any amounts outstanding at the beginning of the year which were classified as ‘Deposits’ in terms of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014 and hence, the requirement for furnishing of details of deposits which are not in compliance with the Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable.

DISCLOSURE OF ORDERS PASSED BY REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNAL

No significant and material orders have been passed by any Regulator or Court or Tribunal which can have impact on the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT

Disclosures in relation to the sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 have been provided in the Report on Corporate Governance.

ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUTGO

The Information on conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and out go, which is required to be given pursuant to the provisions of section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 8 of Companies (Account) Rules, 2014 is annexed hereto marked as "Annexure- I" and forms part of this report.

EXTRACT OF THE ANNUAL RETURN

The Extract of the Annual Return for the Financial Year 2019-20 is enclosed with this report pursuant to section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 as "Annexure V" and forms part of this report.

LISTING FEES

The listing fees payable for the financial year 2020-2021 have been paid to Bombay Stock Exchange and Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited within due date.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors place on record their sincere appreciation and gratitude for the assistance and generous support extended by all Government authorities, Financial Institutions, Banks, Customers and Vendors during the year under review. Your Directors wish to express their immense appreciation for the devotion, commitment and contribution shown by the employees of the company while discharging their duties.

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited**

Sd/-

**Date: 18th May, 2020
Place: Mumbai**

**Mukesh Gupta
Chairman
DIN: 00028347**

Conservation of Energy and Technology Absorption

A. Conservation of energy-

Power Plant

i. The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy

Replacement of Conventional Lighting fixtures with Energy Efficient LED Lamps in plant lighting which contributes in Electrical Energy Saving.

Sponge Iron Plant

i. The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy

Concrete flooring has been made in coal yard shade. Due to which proper de moisturization takes place and circuit running hours are reduced significantly.

Heat up cycle is modified for start up of kiln operation. Due to which we are getting production within 12 hours after light up of the kiln. Earlier the production use to take 20 hours.

B. Technology absorption-

Power Plant

i. The efforts made towards technology absorption;

As a development and Technology absorption, a Magnetic Separator unit with a High Gauss value magnet drum is installed to separate out magnetic particles from +8mm Char, a by-product of DRI.

ii. The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution

In the process, Char is processed through the magnetic separator from which magnetic particles are separated out and non-magnetic portion of Char is fed to Power Plant which is used in AFBC boiler as a Fuel.

Sponge Iron Plant

i. The efforts made towards technology absorption;

New super magnet is installed in product separation system to get beneficiated char for power plant use and higher product yield in sponge iron plant.

Installation of mobile screen for iron ore screening, so that better iron ore is being feed to kiln for better product quality

C. Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo-

(Figures in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Foreign Exchange earned in terms of Actual Inflows	-	-
Foreign Exchange outgo in terms of Actual Outflows- Travelling Expenses	72.03	65.32

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited**

Sd/-

**Mukesh Gupta
Chairman
DIN: 00028347**

**Date: 18th May, 2020
Place: Mumbai**

Annual Report on CSR Activities

1. A brief outline of the company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programs.

The Company is actively working towards providing education support to the poor students, making available fresh drinking water, meeting the medical requirements, food and clothing for hungry and poor people in rural areas around the Surjagarh and Chandrapur districts, Maharashtra.

The Company's CSR policy is available at:

https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Corporate_Social_Responsibility_Policy.pdf

2. Composition of CSR Committee

Mr. Mukesh Gupta- Chairman

Mr. Rajesh Gupta- Member

Dr. Balram Singh- Member

3. Average net profit of the company for last three financial years:- ₹ 1456.25 Lakhs

4. Prescribed CSR Expenditure (two percent of the amount as in item 3 above) is ₹29.13 Lakhs

5. Details of CSR spent during the financial year.

a. Total amount spent for the financial year:- ₹ 33.85 Lakhs

b. Amount unspent, if any:- Nil

c. Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year is detailed below

Sl. No	CSR project or activity identified	Sector in which the Project is covered	Project or Programs (1) Local area or other (2) Specify the State and district where projects or programs were undertaken	Amount outlay (budget) project or programs wise (₹in Lakhs)	Amount spent on the projects or programs Sub-heads: (1) Direct Expenditure on projects or Programs (2) Over-heads (₹in Lakhs)	Cumulative expenditure upto the reporting period (as on 31/03/2020) (₹in Lakhs)	Amount spent: Direct or through implementing agency
1	Providing Books and paying School Fees of the Children	Promoting Education	Ghugus, Dist-Chandrapur & Mining site, Surjagarh - Gadchiroli	6.00	6.40	19.42	Direct
2.	Providing Medical Aid and Medicines to the people at Mine Area	Promoting Health Care including preventive health care	Mining site, Surjagarh – Gadchiroli & Chandrapur	23.00	23.10	28.08	Direct
3.	Contribution to collector for purchasing Trucks under Gathi Scheme	Promoting Employment	Mining site, Surjagarh - Gadchiroli	0.00	0.00	20.00	Direct

Sl. No	CSR project or activity identified	Sector in which the Project is covered	Project or Programs (1) Local area or other (2) Specify the State and district where projects or programs were undertaken	Amount outlay (budget) project or programs wise (₹in Lakhs)	Amount spent on the projects or programs Sub-heads: (1) Direct Expenditure on projects or Programs (2) Over-heads (₹in Lakhs)	Cumulative expenditure upto the reporting period (as on 31/03/2020) (₹in Lakhs)	Amount spent: Direct or through implementing agency
4	Providing Water Tanker to the villagers of Gadchiroli	Making available Safe Drinking water	Ghugus, Dist-Chandrapur	3.00	3.15	5.25	Direct
5	Donation for District Level Kabaddi Tournament	Promoting rural sports	Ghugus, Dist-Chandrapur	0.00	0.00	1.31	Direct
6	Donations to various Mandals for Providing food to the villagers, Distribution of Clothes to the needful people in the Ghugus District and Digging of Borewell near the Mining Site	Rural Development, Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition Making Available Drinking Water and Promoting Health care and Sanitation	Mining site, Surjagarh – Gadchiroli & Ghugus, Dist-Chandrapur	0.00	0.00	25.57	Direct
7	Distribution of Food to the Poor people	Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition	Ghugus, Dist-Chandrapur	1.00	1.20	1.20	Direct
8.	Plantation	Ensuring Environmental Sustainability	Ghugus, Dist-Chandrapur	0.00	0.00	0.05	Direct
9.	For the support of development in agriculture field and farming	Promotion of Agriculture and farming	Gadchiroli District, Maharashtra	0.00	0.00	0.30	Direct
	Total			33.85	33.85	101.18	

6. In case the company has failed to spend the two percent of the average net profit of the last three financial years or any part thereof, the company shall provide the reasons for not spending the amount in its Board Report:- **Not Applicable**
7. A responsibility statement of the CSR Committee that the implementation and monitoring of CSR policy, is in compliance with CSR objectives and Policy of the company.

This is to affirm that the CSR Policy of the Company was designed, implemented and periodically monitored and the CSR Programmes are being carried out in consonance with the CSR objectives and Policy of the Company.

Date: 18th May, 2020
Place: Mumbai

Sd/-
Mukesh Gupta
Chairman, CSR committee
DIN:00028347

Sd/-
Babulal Agarwal
Managing Director
DIN:00029389

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**FORM NO. AOC 2**

(Pursuant to clause (h) of subsection (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1 Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis.

There were no contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis for the year ended 31st March, 2020.

2 Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis.

SL No	Particulars	Details	Details	Details
a	Name (s) of the Related Party	Trofi Chain Factory Private Limited	Shree Global TradeFin Limited	Aeon Trading LLP
b	Nature of Relationship	Mr. Mukesh Gupta and Mr. Rajesh Gupta who are the Directors of the Company are relatives of Mr. Shreekrishna Gupta and Mr. Madhur Gupta, Directors of Trofi Chain Factory Private Limited	Mr. Rajesh Gupta who is the Director in the Company is also a Director in Shree Global TradeFin Limited and holds along with his relatives more than 2% of Paid up Share capital of Shree Global TradeFin Limited	Mr. Mukesh Gupta, Mr. Rajesh Gupta & Mr. Babulal Agarwal who are directors in the Company is the relative of Mr. Shreekrishna Gupta, Mr. Madhur Gupta & Mr. Ravi Agrawal Designated Partners of Aeon Trading LLP.
c	Nature of Contracts/ Arrangements/ Transaction	Availing or rendering of any services	Sale, purchase or supply of any goods or materials	Sale, purchase or supply of any goods or materials
d	Duration of the Contracts/ Arrangements/ Transaction	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
e	Salient terms of the Contracts or Arrangements or Transaction including the value, if any	Served Food & Drinks to the Vendors, Staff members of Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited for the value of ₹ 29.86 Lakhs	Purchased Goods/ Materials of the Value of ₹ 59.74 Lakhs	Purchased Goods/ Materials of the Value of ₹ 28.49 Lakhs
f	Date of approval by the Board	31 st October, 2018	31 st January, 2020	31 st January, 2020
g	Amount paid as advances, if any	-	-	-

**For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors
Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited**

Sd/-

**Mukesh Gupta
Chairman
DIN:00028347**

Date: 18th May, 2020

Place : Mumbai

Annexure - IV

DETAILS PERTAINING TO REMUNERATION AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5(1) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

- (i) The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary during the financial year 2019-20 and ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2019-20 are as under:

Sr. No	Name of Director/ KMP and Designation	Remuneration of Director/KMP for Financial year 2019-20 (in ₹)	% increase in Remuneration in the Financial Year 2019-20	Ratio of Remuneration of each Director/ to median remuneration of employees
1.	Mr. Babulal Agarwal Managing Director	65,00,004	Nil	19.82
2.	Mr. Riyaz Shaikh Chief Financial Officer	35,64,882	Nil	Not Applicable
3.	Mr. Nitesh Tanwar Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	1,71,637	\$	
4.	Ms. Sneha Yezarkar Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	5,42,654	#	

Note: Except Key Managerial Personnel i.e. Managing Director, Chief Financial officer and Company Secretary, no other directors received any remuneration from the Company other than sitting fees for attending Board meetings and Committees meetings.

\$ Details not given as Mr. Nitesh Tanwar was a Company Secretary and Compliance Officer only for part of the financial year 2019-20 i.e upto 04th May, 2019.

Details not given as Ms. Sneha Yezarkar was not a Company Secretary and Compliance Officer in the financial year 2018-19. Ms. Sneha Yezarkar was appointed as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer w.e.f. 06th May, 2019.

- (ii) The median remuneration of employees of the Company during the financial year was ₹ 3,27,872/-
- (iii) In the Financial Year, there was a decrease of (3.37) % in the median remuneration of Employees.
- (iv) There were 330 permanent employees on the rolls of Company as on 31st March, 2020.
- (v) Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the Managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:
- During the year, the total decrease in remuneration of employees other than Managerial Personnel is (3.63)% and decrease in Managerial Remuneration is (1.52)%.
- (vi) It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the Nomination and Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees.

Particulars of Employees

Information as per Rule 5(2) & 5(3) of Chapter XIII, the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014

Top Ten Employees in terms of remuneration drawn during the year

Sr. No.	Name	Designation / Nature of Duties	Remuneration	Qualification	Experience (in years)	Date of Commencement of Employment	Age (in years)	Last Employment Held	Percentage of equity shares held by the employees
1	Mr. Babulal Agarwal	Managing Director	65,00,004	B.com, LLB	51	18-Apr-1992	74	-	NA
2	Mr. Atul M Khadilkar	President Mines	60,90,000	B.com	29	2-Jan-2014	50	-	NA
3	Mr. Deepak Mehta	Senior Vice President-Plant	45,50,008	BE (Civil)	33	19-Dec-2018	55	Varsana Ispat Limited	NA
4	Mr. Riyaz Shaikh	Chief Financial Officer	35,64,882	B.com , PGDBA	27	1-Sep-2012	46	Lloyds Steels Industries Limited	NA
5	Mr. Prashant Puri	Vice President-Commercial, HRD, Project, Yard Management	24,42,984	B.E. Mech.	29	1-Apr-2018	53	Indrajit Properties Private Limited	NA
6	Mr. Dinesh Kumar Patidar	Senior Vice President- CPP, Reservoir Magt & Township	23,83,803	B.E. Electrical	33	12-Sep-2015	56	UGML Wardha	NA
7	Mr. K.N.V. Ramana	General Manager	23,00,040	Dip. Mettu	24	1-Jan-2019	46	Ind Synergy Ltd.	NA
8	Mr. Vinod Kumar Pandey	Senior General Manager- CPP (Operation & Reservoir Magt)	22,87,065	B.E. Electrical	26	20-Jan-2011	48	Crest Steel and Power (P) Ltd., Durg (M.P)	NA
9	Mr. Subhash Singh	Assistant General Manager	22,65,288	Dip. In Mines	22	3-Oct-2017	48	Jayaswal Neco Industries Ltd.,	NA
10	Mr. Kalpesh Agrawal	General Manager- Account & Finance	22,64,366	B.com C.A.	17	21-Jul-2014	40	Sunil Hitech Engineers Ltd.	NA

Notes:**I Details of Employees who were :**

- (A) Employed throughout the Financial Year under review and in receipt of remuneration for the Financial Year in the aggregate of not less than ₹ 1,02,00,000 per annum- **None**
- (B) Employed for the part of the Financial Year under review and in receipt of remuneration at the rate of not less than ₹ 8,50,000/- per month : **None**
- 2 There was no employee either throughout the financial year or part thereof who was in receipt of remuneration which in the aggregate was in excess of that drawn by the Managing Director or Whole-time Director and who held by himself or alongwith his spouse or dependent children two percent or more of the Equity Shares of the Company.
- 3 Mr. Babulal Agarwal, Managing Director of the company is maternal uncle of Mr. Mukesh Gupta & Mr. Rajesh Gupta, Directors of the Company.
- 4 The aforementioned employees have/ had permanent employment contracts with the company.

Form No. MGT-9
EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

As on the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

1.	CIN	L40300MH1977PLC019594
2.	Registration Date	5 th April, 1977
3.	Name of the Company	Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited
4.	Address of the Registered office and contact details.	Plot No. A 1-2, MIDC Area, Ghugus, Dist. Chandrapur - 442 505, Maharashtra, India. Tel: 07172-285103/398/099, Fax: 07172 -285003
5.	Category/Sub Category of the Company	Company Limited by Shares/Indian Non Government Company
6.	Whether Listed Company (Yes/No)	Yes (Listed in BSE & MSEI)
7.	Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	M/s Bigshare Services Private Limited 1 st Floor, Bharat Tin Works Building, Opp. Vasant Oasis, Makwana Road, Marol, Andheri (E), Mumbai - 400059, Phone: 022-62638200/222/223/236, Fax: 022-62638299 http://www.bigshareonline.com/Contact.aspx E-mail Id : investor@bigshareonline.com

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY:

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the Company shall be stated:-

Sl. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the Company
1	Sponge Iron & Steel	24102	82.91
2	Power	35106	17.09

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

Sr No.	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/Subsidiary/Associate of the Company	% of Shares held	Applicable Section
Not Applicable					

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No of Shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of Shares held at the end of the Year				% Change during the Year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoter									
I. Indian									
a. Individual /HUF	2,37,21,720	0	2,37,21,720	10.658	2,37,21,720	0	2,37,21,720	10.535	(0.123)
b. Central Govt.	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
c. State Govt.	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
d. Bodies Corp.	11,81,90,457	0	11,81,90,457	53.100	11,81,90,457	0	11,81,90,457	52.488	(0.612)
e. Bank/FI	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000

Category of Shareholders	No of Shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of Shares held at the end of the Year				% Change during the Year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
f. Any Other	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
Sub Total-A(1)	14,19,12,177	0	14,19,12,177	63.757	14,19,12,177	0	14,19,12,177	63.022	(0.735)
2. Foreign									
a. NRI Individuals	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
b. Other Individuals	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
c. Body Corporate	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
d. Bank/Fl	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
e. Any Other	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
Sub Total-A(2)	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
Total Shareholders of Promoters (1 + 2)	14,19,12,177	0	14,19,12,177	63.757	14,19,12,177	0	14,19,12,177	63.022	(0.735)
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institution									
a. Mutual Funds	2,000	0	2,000	0.000	2,000	0	2,000	0.000	0.000
b. Bank/Fl	6,000	2,000	8,000	0.004	15,274	2,000	17,274	0.008	0.004
c. Central Govt.	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
d. State Govt.	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
e. Venture Capital	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
f. Insurance Co.	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
g. FIs	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
h. Foreign portfolio Corporate	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
i. Foreign Venture Capital Fund	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
j. Others	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
Sub Total-B(1)	8,000	2,000	10,000	0.005	17,274	2,000	19,274	0.009	0.004
2. Non-Institution									
a. Body Corp	1,84,30,306	2,95,000	1,87,25,306	8.413	1,66,08,182	2,95,000	1,69,03,182	7.507	(0.906)
b. Individual									
i. Individual Shareholders holding nominal share capital upto ₹ 2 lakh	1,91,77,477	38,30,660	2,30,08,137	10.337	1,88,64,432	36,63,660	2,25,28,092	10.005	(0.332)
ii. Individual Shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of ₹ 2 lakh	3,07,18,285	0	3,07,18,285	13.801	3,36,01,667	0	3,36,01,667	14.922	1.121
c. Others									
i. NRI (Rep)	42,40,311	4,20,000	46,60,311	2.094	6,21,674	4,13,000	10,34,674	0.460	(1.634)
ii. NRI (Non Rep)	1,51,147	0	1,51,147	0.068	1,42,997	0	1,42,997	0.064	(0.004)
iii. Foreign National	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
iv. OCB	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
v. Trust	0	1,000	1,000	0.000	25,95,820#	1,000	25,96,820#	1.153	1.153
vi. In Transit	4,55,867	0	4,55,867	0.205	1,30,919	0	1,30,919	0.058	(0.147)
vii. Unclaimed Suspense Account	29,40,350	0	29,40,350	1.321	29,24,350	0	29,24,350	1.299	(0.022)
viii. HUF	0	0	0	0.000	33,84,248	0	33,84,248	1.502	1.502
ix. NBFC	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
Sub Total-B(2)	7,61,13,743	45,46,660	8,06,60,403	36.238	7,88,74,289	43,72,660	8,32,46,949	36.969	0.731
Net Total(1 + 2)	7,61,21,743	45,48,660	8,06,70,403	36.243	7,88,91,563	43,74,660	8,32,66,223	36.978	0.735

Category of Shareholders	No of Shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of Shares held at the end of the Year				% Change during the Year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs									
Promoter & Promoter Group	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
Public	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
Grand Total (A+B+C)	21,80,33,920	45,48,660	22,25,82,580	100.000	22,08,03,740	43,74,660	22,51,78,400	100.000	0.000

Note During the financial year 2019-20, the issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital of the Company increased from 22,25,82,580 equity shares of ₹ 1/- each to 22,51,78,400 equity shares of ₹ 1/- each.

includes 25,95,820 shares held by Lloyds Employees Welfare Trust (ESOP Trust) to be treated as 'non-promoter and non-public' shareholding in terms of Regulation 9 of Chapter II of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014.

ii) Share Holding of Promoters:

Sr No.	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the Year			Shareholding at the end of the Year			% Change in Shareholding during the Year
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares pledged/ encumbered to total Shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares pledged/ encumbered to total Shares	
1.	ASP Technologies Private Limited	3,64,00,340	16.35	0.00	3,64,00,340	16.17	0.00	(0.18)
2.	Triumph Trade & Properties Developers Private Limited	2,91,58,208	13.10	0.00	2,91,58,208	12.95	0.00	(0.15)
3.	Shree Global Tradefin Limited	2,88,90,380	12.98	0.00	2,88,90,380	12.83	0.00	(0.15)
4.	Lloyds Metals & Minerals Trading LLP	2,37,41,529	10.66	0.00	2,37,41,529	10.54	0.00	(0.12)
5.	Ravi Agarwal	77,30,000	3.47	0.00	77,30,000	3.43	0.00	(0.04)
6.	Shreekrishna Gupta	56,02,000	2.52	0.00	56,02,000	2.49	0.00	(0.03)
7.	Madhur Gupta	56,00,000	2.52	0.00	56,00,000	2.49	0.00	(0.03)
8.	Renu Gupta	12,04,420	0.54	0.00	12,04,420	0.53	0.00	(0.01)
9.	Mukesh Gupta	7,07,300	0.32	0.00	7,07,300	0.31	0.00	(0.01)
10.	Rajesh Gupta	6,91,720	0.31	0.00	6,91,720	0.31	0.00	0.00
11.	Abha Gupta	6,69,540	0.30	0.00	6,69,540	0.30	0.00	0.00
12.	Chitralkha Gupta	5,16,740	0.23	0.00	5,16,740	0.23	0.00	0.00
13.	Priyanka Maheshwari	5,00,000	0.22	0.00	5,00,000	0.22	0.00	0.00
14.	Dipti Mundhra	5,00,000	0.22	0.00	5,00,000	0.22	0.00	0.00

Note During the financial year 2019-20, the issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital of the Company increased from 22,25,82,580 equity shares of ₹ 1/- each to 22,51,78,400 equity shares of ₹ 1/- each.

iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

Sl. No.	Shareholder's Name	Date	Reason	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
				No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	No of shares	% of total shares of the company
There is no change in promoters shareholding during the financial year 2019-20							

iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sl. No.	Shareholder's Name	Date	Reason	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
				No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	No of shares	% of total shares of the company
1	Halan Properties Private Limited	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	80,23,000	3.60	80,23,000	3.60
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	80,23,000	3.56
2	Om Hari Mahabir Prasad Halan	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	21,00,000	0.94	21,00,000	0.94
		-	Purchase during the year	38,00,000	1.69	59,00,000	2.62
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	59,00,000	2.62
3	Kamal Khetan	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	38,10,009	1.71	38,10,009	1.71
		-	Sale during the year	9	0.00	38,10,000	1.69
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	38,10,000	1.69
4	Niyamit Mercantile and Trading LLP	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	33,65,174	1.51	33,65,174	1.51
		-	Sale during the year	(1,75,174)	(0.08)	31,90,000	1.42
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	31,90,000	1.42
5	Premlata Balkrishna Harlalka	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	28,36,000	1.27	28,36,000	1.27
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	28,36,000	1.26
6	Narayan Hari Mahabir Prasad Halan	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	20,60,000	0.93	20,60,000	0.93
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	20,60,000	0.91
7	Ajay Kumar Mahabir Prasad Halan	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	20,00,000	0.90	20,00,000	0.90
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	20,00,000	0.89
8	Vivek Bhimsaria	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	19,03,827	0.86	19,03,827	0.86
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	19,03,827	0.85
9	G G Trading Private Limited	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	15,71,294	0.71	15,71,294	0.71
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	15,71,294	0.70
10	Alkesh M Gopani	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	13,12,766	0.59	13,12,766	0.59
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	13,12,766	0.58

Note During the financial year 2019-20, the issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital of the Company increased from 22,25,82,580 equity shares of ₹ 1/- each to 22,51,78,400 equity shares of ₹ 1/- each.

v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sl. No.	Shareholder's Name	Date	Reason	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
				No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	No of shares	% of total shares of the company
1	Mukesh R. Gupta	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	7,07,300	0.31	7,07,300	0.31
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	7,07,300	0.31

Sl. No.	Shareholder's Name	Date	Reason	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
				No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	No of shares	% of total shares of the company
2	Rajesh R. Gupta	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	6,91,720	0.31	6,91,720	0.31
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	6,91,720	0.31
3	Sneha Yezarkar	01/04/19	At the beginning of the year	500	0.00	500	0.00
		31/03/20	At the end of the year	-	-	500	0.00

Note During the financial year 2019-20, the issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital of the Company increased from 22,25,82,580 equity shares of ₹ 1/- each to 22,51,78,400 equity shares of ₹ 1/- each.

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

(Figures ₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
1) Principal Amount	6,241.14	3,009.67	-	9,250.81
2) Interest due but not paid	10.65	-	-	10.65
3) Interest accrued but not due	23.51	-	-	23.51
Total of (1+2+3)	6,275.30	3,009.67	-	9,284.97
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
Additions	3,489.38	425.00	-	3,914.38
Reduction	841.27	266.76	-	1,108.03
Net Change	2,648.11	158.24	-	2,806.35
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
1) Principal Amount	8,923.41	3,167.91	-	12,091.32
2) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
3) Interest accrued but not due	27.05	-	-	27.05
Total of (1+2+3)	8,950.46	3,167.91	-	12,118.37

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

(Figures In ₹)

Sl. No	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of the MD/WTD/ Manager	Total Amount
		Babulal Agarwal Managing Director	
1	Gross salary		
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax, 1961.	63,56,004	63,56,004
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income tax Act, 1961	-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-
2	Stock option		-
3	Sweat Equity		-
4	Commission		-
	As % of profit		-
	others (specify)		-
5	Others, please specify Provident Fund & other Funds	1,44,000	1,44,000
Total (A)		65,00,004	65,00,004
Ceiling as per the Act			84,00,000

B. Remuneration to other directors:
(Figures In ₹)

Sl. No	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of the Directors							Total Amount
		Mukesh Gupta	Rajesh Gupta	*Shantanu Mohapatra	Jagannath Dange	Balram Singh	Devidas Kambale	Bhagyam Ramani	
1	Independent Directors								
	Fee for attending board/ committee meetings	-	-	8,000	14,000	30,000	24,000	14,000	90,000
	Commission	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,000
2	Other Non Executive Directors								
	Fee for attending board/ committee meetings	28,000	12,000	-	-	-	-	-	40,000
	Commission	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Others, please specify.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,000
	Total (B)=(1+2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,30,000
	Ceiling as per the Act (@1% of Profit calculated under section 198 of the Act) (Excluding any amount paid as Sitting Fees)								2,06,335

*Mr. Shantanu Mohapatra has ceased to be an Independent Director of the Company w.e.f. 28th December, 2019 due to the completion of his tenure.

C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD
(Figures In ₹)

Sl. No	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Key Managerial Personnel			Total Amount
		Chief Financial Officer Riyaz Shaikh	* Company Secretary Nitesh Tanwar	\$Company Secretary Sneha Yezarkar	
1	Gross salary				
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax. 1961.	33,62,379	45,408	5,01,873	39,09,660
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-
2	Stock option	-	-	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-
4	Commission	-	-	-	-
	As % of profit	-	-	-	-
	others (specify)	-	-	-	-
5	Others, please specify Provident Fund & other Funds	2,02,503	1,26,229	40,781	3,69,513
	Total (C)	35,64,882	1,71,637	5,42,654	42,79,173

*Mr. Nitesh Tanwar has resigned as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company w.e.f. 04th May, 2019.

\$ Ms. Sneha Yezarkar is appointed as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company w.e.f. 06th May, 2019.

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES (under the Companies Act):

There were no Penalties / Punishment / Compounding of Offences for Financial Year ended 31st March, 2020 under the Companies Act, 2013.

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited**

Sd/-

**Mukesh Gupta
Chairman
DIN:00028347**

**Date: 18th May, 2020
Place: Mumbai**

Form No. MR-3**SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

For the Company's Financial Year from 01st April, 2019 to 31st March, 2020

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,
Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited
Plot No. A 1-2, MIDC Area,
Ghugus, Dist. Chandrapur - 442 505,
Maharashtra

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited** (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conduct / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of **Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited's** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended **March 31, 2020**, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on **March 31, 2020** according to the provisions of:

1. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
2. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
3. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings, were not attracted to the Company during the financial year under report.
4. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
5. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-

- a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
 - d. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014
 - e. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018
 - f. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agent) Regulations, 1993
6. The Employees Compensation Act, 1923
 7. Bombay Industrial Relation Act, 1946
 8. Weekly Holiday Act, 1942
 9. Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946
 10. The Labour Laws (exemption from furnishing returns and maintaining registers by certain establishments) Amendment Act, 2014
 11. Mathadi Act, 1969
 12. Maharashtra Private Security Guards Act, 1981
 13. Environment Protection Act, 1986 and other environmental laws;
 14. Factories Act, 1948;
 15. Minimum Wages Act, 1948;
 16. Payment of Bonus Act, 1965;
 17. Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972;
 18. Payment of Wages Act, 1936 and other applicable labour laws.
 19. Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950;
 20. Indian Electricity Act, 2003.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above to the extent applicable.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All the Board/Committee decisions are taken unanimously.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period, there were no instances of:

- (i) Public / Rights / Preferential issue of shares / debentures / sweat equity.
- (ii) Redemption / buy-back of securities.
- (iii) Major decisions taken by the Members in pursuance to Section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (iv) Merger / amalgamation / reconstruction etc.
- (v) Foreign technical collaborations.

For Saurabh Arora & Company
Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Saurabh Arora
Proprietor
ACS No.: 43368
C P No.: 19371

Date: 18/05/2020

Place: Pune

UDIN: A043368B000259210

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed and forms an integral part of this report.

To,
The Members
Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited
Plot No. A 1-2, MIDC Area,
Ghugus, Dist. Chandrapur – 442 505,
Maharashtra.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express as opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, Rules, Regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Saurabh Arora & Company
Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Saurabh Arora
Proprietor
ACS No.: 43368
C P No.: 19371

Date: 18/05/2020

Place: Pune

UDIN: A043368B000259210

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Steel Industry Scenario

India was the world's second-largest steel producer with production standing at 106.5 MT in 2018. The growth in the Indian steel sector has been driven by domestic availability of raw materials such as iron ore and cost-effective labour. Consequently, the steel sector has been a major contributor to India's manufacturing output. India's steel production capacity has expanded to 137.975 million tones in FY19. India surpassed Japan to become the world's second largest steel producer in 2019, with crude steel production of 111.2 million tonnes.

The Indian steel industry is very modern with state-of-the-art steel mills. It has always strived for continuous modernisation and up-gradation of older plants and higher energy efficiency levels.

The Indian steel industry, after recovering from the twin shocks of demonetisation and the Goods and Services Tax (GST) reform, was on a fast track growth curve, especially in the latter part of the year-19-20. However, the COVID-19 has put a lot of uncertainty in the steel industry in the world, and more so in India, due to the lockdown announcement towards end of March.

Steel is a major metal accounting for 63 per cent India's imports and 68 per cent of exports. A decline in the steel output in China, which is India's largest supplier of finished steel and steel products, has roiled the domestic market. Major domestic companies are now looking for suppliers in alternative markets such as Turkey and Brazil.

At one end, steel companies are facing logistics issues, at the other, demand is lower as most of the user industries were reeling from the impact of the lockdown. Many automakers had suspended production indefinitely in the wake of the virus outbreak. Construction, too, had come to a standstill.

Government Initiatives

Some of the other recent government initiatives in this sector are as follows:

- Government introduced Steel Scrap Recycling Policy aimed to reduce import.
- An export duty of 30 per cent has been levied on iron ore ^ (lumps and fines) to ensure supply to domestic steel industry.
- Government of India's focus on infrastructure and restarting road projects is aiding the boost in demand for steel. Also, further likely acceleration in rural economy and infrastructure is expected to lead to growth in demand for steel.

- The Union Cabinet, Government of India has approved the National Steel Policy (NSP) 2017, as it seeks to create a globally competitive steel industry in India. NSP 2017 envisages 300 million tonnes (MT) steel-making capacity and 160 kgs per capita steel consumption by 2030-31.
- The Ministry of Steel is facilitating setting up of an industry driven Steel Research and Technology Mission of India (SRTMI) in association with the public and private sector steel companies to spearhead research and development activities in the iron and steel industry at an initial corpus of ₹ 200 crore (US\$ 30 million).
- The Government of India raised import duty on most steel items twice, each time by 2.5 per cent and imposed measures including anti-dumping and safeguard duties on iron and steel items.

The National Steel Policy, 2017, has envisaged 300 million tonnes of production capacity by 2030-31. The per capita consumption of steel has increased from 57.6 kg to 74.1 kg during the last five years.

Huge scope for growth is offered by India's comparatively low per capita steel consumption and the expected rise in consumption due to increased infrastructure construction and the thriving automobile and railways sectors.

Sponge Iron Industry Scenario

This sector directly derives its demand from the performance of the steel sector. Environmental clearances and costs needed to set up integrated steel manufacturing plants are substantially high. To lower costs, coal-based sponge iron technology is emerging as a new method to manufacture steel.

There are over 400 sponge iron units in India. Indian sponge iron industry is highly fragmented. Top 20 producers contribute about 60-65% of total production whereas rest contributes 35-40% of the production.

The National Steel Policy 2017 lays out an ambitious growth path for the sponge iron sector. The production capacity is expected to reach 80 million tonnes by 2030-31.

The sponge iron sector is linked to the nation's steel sector in such a way that a rise in demand for steel would increase the demand for sponge iron. The various sectors that are expected to contribute to the growing demand are infrastructure, roads, railways, bridges, airports, industrial plants, buildings, automobiles, etc.

The Indian Government has recognized sponge iron as a vital sector for growth of Indian steel industries. At present, India is largest producer of sponge iron with a largest number of coal based sponge iron plant of total capacity around 12.8 million

ton. Sponge iron manufacturing units looked profitable since beginning of the nineties. However, with the increase in the input cost of raw materials and decrease in the selling price, the industry is struggling for its survival. The lack of infusion of modern technology has also added further dimensions to the impasse. In the present situation, even though, the condition has improved considerably, sponge iron industry is passing through several problems like lack of proper integration of heat energy, obsolete technology, non-optimal operation of equipment, etc. which are making it a less profitable venture. Thus, there exists a large scope to apply modern technology to this industry and to make it more competitive by cutting down its internal losses. The present study utilizes the above opportunity effectively and puts forward suggestions to improve the energy effectiveness of the industry through design modifications.

Power Industry Scenario

Power is one of the most critical components of infrastructure crucial for the economic growth and welfare of nations. The existence and development of adequate infrastructure is essential for sustained growth of the Indian economy.

India's power sector is one of the most diversified in the world. Sources of power generation range from conventional sources such as coal, lignite, natural gas, oil, hydro and nuclear power to viable non-conventional sources such as wind, solar, and agricultural and domestic waste. Electricity demand in the country has increased rapidly and is expected to rise further in the years to come. In order to meet the increasing demand for electricity in the country, massive addition to the installed generating capacity is required.

Indian power sector is undergoing a significant change that has redefined the industry outlook. Sustained economic growth continues to drive electricity demand in India. The Government of India's focus on attaining 'Power for all' has accelerated capacity addition in the country. At the same time, the competitive intensity is increasing at both the market and supply sides (fuel, logistics, finances, and manpower).

Total installed capacity of power stations in India stood at 368.68 Gigawatt (GW) as of January 2020.

Government Initiatives

The Government of India has identified power sector as a key sector of focus so as to promote sustained industrial growth. Some initiatives by the Government of India to boost the Indian power sector:

- The Union Budget 2020-21 has allocated ₹ 15,875 crore (US\$ 2.27 billion) to Ministry of Power and ₹ 5,500 crore (US\$ 786.95 million) towards the Deen Dayal Upadhyay Gram Jyoti Yojana (DDUGJY).
- Government plans to establish renewable energy capacity of 500 GW by 2030.

- The Pradhan Mantri Sahaj Bijli Har Ghar Yojana- Saubhagya, launched by the Government of India with the aim of achieving universal household electrification by March 2019.
- As of September 2018, a draft amendment to Electricity Act, 2003 has been introduced. It discusses separation of content & carriage, direct benefit transfer of subsidy, 24*7 Power supply is an obligation, penalisation on violation of PPA, setting up Smart Meter and Prepaid Meters along with regulations related to the same.
- Ujwal Discoms Assurance Yojana (UDAY) was launched by the Government of India to encourage operational and financial turnaround of State-owned Power Distribution Companies (DISCOMS), with an aim to reduce Aggregate Technical & Commercial (AT&C) losses to 15 per cent by FY19.
- As of August 2018, the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy set solar power tariff caps at Rs 2.50 (US\$ 0.04) and Rs 2.68 (US\$ 0.04) unit for developers using domestic and imported solar cells and modules, respectively.
- The Government of India approved National Policy on Biofuels – 2018, the expected benefits of this policy are health benefits, cleaner environment, employment generation, reduced import dependency, boost to infrastructural investment in rural areas and additional income to farmers.

Industry Structure and Developments

Sponge iron is an intermediate product; a source of metallic's for the secondary steel making through EAF or EOF/IF route. Other sources of metallics are either steel scrap or hot metal produced in the blast furnace. Steel scrap becomes a direct substitute of sponge iron; since both of them are tradable commodities, unlike hot metal. Further, sponge iron industry is also classified into two categories (i) gas based and (ii) coal based using coal as reductant. Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited is a coal based sponge iron producer. The core business of the Company is manufacturing of Sponge Iron and generation / distribution of Power.

Covid 19 Impact on the Company

The outbreak of the deadly Covid-19 pandemic, followed by the lockdown in the country has adversely affected the business operations of the Company. Due to the rapid spread of the Covid 19 in the Country, the health of the employees and workers of the Company has become priority of the Company over the business operations. This unproductive lockdown is resulting in the financial burden for the Company. The depressed market conditions due to Covid 19 has further resulted in decrease in manpower requirement resulting in idling of work force.

Method to mitigate the labour issue

Post Pandemic of Covid-19 and withdrawal of Lockdown in India, the market demand for steel and articles of steel would remain low. The low demand of steel would without any doubt will adversely affect the demand for Sponge iron. The sponge iron manufacturing units may require to operate the plant at a much lower level than the installed capacity. This will result in idling the present work force. The idle away workforce will be totally unproductive will endanger the very survival of the company.

As a matter of survival of the company and the entire work force, the reduction in the strength of the workforce will be the only available option to the company. It shall be either by a reduction of permanent nature or a indefinite layoff for a section of work force at the discretion of management, with no compensation till the time the market condition is improved and stabilized.

Opportunities

Steel is a major metal accounting for 63 per cent India's imports and 68 per cent of exports. A decline in the steel output in China due to Covid 19, which is India's largest supplier of finished steel and steel products, has roiled the domestic market. The political pressure on China post Covid 19 issue will possibly result in the favourable international markets for Indian Steel Makers. This will further lead to the rise in the demand for sponge iron.

The sponge iron sector is linked to the nation's steel sector in such a way that a rise in demand for steel would increase the demand for sponge iron. The various sectors that are expected to contribute to the growing demand are infrastructure, roads, railways, bridges, airports, industrial plants, buildings, automobiles, etc.

The renewed importance given by Government on affordable housing, roads, sagarmala projects and other infrastructure projects are expected to create steel demand, this will augur well for sponge iron industry also.

As per the National steel policy crafted during FY 2017-18, the crude steel production target for India is set at 300 MT by 2030. Share of sponge iron in steel making will be 80MT, which will create huge opportunity for sponge iron industry.

Threats

India's sponge iron industry, the largest in the world, is going through an acute shortage of labour that threatens to bring it to a halt.

Apart from the labour issue, a slump in demand for the product and squeeze in the supply of a key raw material has added to the woes.

Sponge iron is produced from iron ore and used in steelmaking through what is called the 'secondary route' in industry parlance.

The crisis, because of the lockdown following the COVID-19 outbreak, has already shaved off up to 6 percent of the industry's production in FY20. This is despite the fact that the steel sector has been kept under the essential services list.

As per Sponge Iron Manufacturers Association (SIMA) the industry was expected to produce 33 million tons of sponge iron in financial year 2020. But this will now fall by upto six percent.

The fall has now tempered the estimates for the new financial year. The initial target was 36 Million tons for the financial year 2021.

Much of the demand for sponge iron comes from the steelmakers. But nearly all of them, have cut production after the lockdown. If there is no demand from the steelmakers then the sponge iron manufacturers will be impacted.

Shortage of labour is a concern both at the plants, and also in the transportation sector. The movement of labour is impacted. The labourers also fear the virus. It has created a panic.

The supply of coal, a key raw material has also suffered because South Africa - one of the biggest sources, is itself going through a lockdown.

Covid 19 is an unprecedented humanitarian challenge for all countries. Lock down have given India the time to make a concerted effort to flatten the pandemic's curve. Six States (including Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu which account for 30 percent of construction activity) rely heavily on migrant construction workers from other states. Bottlenecks in the return of migrants would affect building activity in such states. This may result in lesser demand for steel

Iron ore and non-coking coal are main raw materials used to produce sponge iron. The non-availability of non-coking coal and the rising prices of Iron Ore might pose significant challenge in the future.

Segment-Wise Performance

The Company has two separate business segments -- manufacturing of sponge iron, and generation of power. These are reportable segments in accordance with the Ind AS 108 issued by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards), Rules, 2015. The Segment wise results are given at Note No. 38 of significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements.

Sponge Iron Division

The production of Sponge Iron Division during the year under review was 167286 MT against 1,89,277 MT in the previous year showing decrease of 11.62%. The total income of the

division was ₹333.83 Crores (including trading) as against ₹450.50 Crores during the previous year, showing decrease of 25.90% due to lesser production of sponge iron.

Iron Ore Mining Activities

The Iron ore mining activities are carried out regularly at the Surjagarh area of Gadchiroli district. Due to security issues, mining takes place under police protection at Surjagarh.

The iron ore production for the financial year 2019-20 is nil due to political uncertainties as the Central and State elections have adversely impacted the security arrangements in the Naxal affected area. Now, the Company has entered into a MDO MOU with Thriveni Earthmovers Private Limited, which is the largest Mining operator in India. With this the company hopes that the Mining will restart in the near future.

Power Division

The production of the division was 22.32MWH during the year under review as compared to 23.28 MWH for the previous year. The total income of the division was ₹ 71.51 Crores during the year under review as against ₹66.91 Crores during the previous year, showing an increase of 6.87% due to better realisation.

Outlook

The basic aim of the Company is to be able to produce Sponge Iron as per market requirements and be able to manage market trends to its advantage. "Opportunities abound in growing economies and opening of economy in India has created opportunities for Indian enterprise to move beyond national boundaries as well to create productive assets".

The Company is currently engaged in sponge iron and is looking for new avenues of business in various areas like infrastructure trading and Mining. The Company has entered into an MOU with Thriveni Earthmovers Private Limited to incorporate a new joint venture company in the state of Maharashtra for carry mining operations in Maharashtra & neighbouring states but starting with the Iron Ore Mining operations of Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited (LMEL). The target of the JV with Thriveni Earthmovers Private Limited is to ramp up the mining operations of LMEL Surjagarh Mines to 1 Million MT within 12 months of commencing & 3 Million (Rated Capacity) in approx 3 years.

Since Infrastructure has linkages to other industries like cement, brick and steel through backward and forward linkages. The outlook for the industry looks reasonable, since India has good iron ore deposits, skilled manpower and growing demand for steel. The improved demand is expected to continue in the current fiscal as well on the back of ongoing government funded infrastructure projects. In spite of a downturn in the Global Steel demand, Indian steel demand could survive showing an upward trend, setting a road ahead for the growth of the

domestic steel industry in the long run. The upward trend is expected to be continued on account of fiscal measures taken by the Government such as infusion of funds for development of infrastructure sector, introduction of stimulus packages for revival of industry besides factors like increase in consumption and production of steel, upcoming infrastructure and Greenfield projects, stabilization of prices etc. The National Steel Policy has a target for taking Indian Steel production upto 110 MT by 2019-20.

Risk and concerns:

Global economic uncertainties have affected India's economy, Key risks synonymous to industry include the global recessionary trend, economic slowdown, increase in financial charges, non-availability (or undue increase in cost) of raw materials, such as , iron ore, coal and labour etc., coupled with market fluctuations. The Company does not apprehend any inherent risk in the long run, with the exception of certain primary concerns that have afflicted the progress of our industry in general, like:

- Shortage of Labour
- Rising manpower and material costs
- Approvals and procedural difficulties
- Lack of adequate sources of finance.

Apart from this Industry is highly labour intensive and is subject to stringent labour laws

Mitigation of Risk /Risk Management

The Board identifies and categorizes risks in the areas of operations, finance, marketing, regulatory compliances and corporate matter. The Company annually re-views the 'List of Risk Area' to identify potential business threats and takes suitable corrective actions. Confirmations of compliance with appropriate statutory requirements are obtained from the respective units/divisions. The Internal Auditor expresses his opinion on the level of risks during the audit of a particular area and reports to the Audit Committee.

The Company is also taking necessary short term and long term steps like exploring Open Access Market for sale of power, expanding customer base, forward integration and energy management etc. The Company has already taken effective steps for raw material security in the long term.

Internal Control Systems and their Adequacy

The Company believes in systematic working and placing of proper checks. The Company has proper and adequate system of internal controls commensurate with its size and nature of operations to provide reasonable assurance that all assets are safeguarded, transactions are authorised, recorded and reported properly. The internal auditors of the company conducts audit of various department and areas. The Internal

Audit Department reports its findings and observations to the Audit Committee which meets to review the audit issues and to follow up implementation of corrective actions. The statutory auditors also provide assurance on the adequacy of the internal control systems in the Company.

Discussion on financial performance with respect to operational performance.

The financial performance of the Company has been discussed in Directors Report under the heading ‘Financial Performance and the State of the Company’s Affairs’.

Human Resources and Industrial Relations

Human Resources Department (“HRD”) works continuously for maintaining healthy working relationship with the workers and other staff members. The underlying principle is that workers and staff at all levels are equally instrumental in attaining the Company’s goals. Training programmes are regularly conducted to update their skills and apprise them of latest techniques. Senior management is easily accessible for counseling and redressal of grievances. The HR department continuously strives to maintain and promote harmony and co-ordination among workers, staff and members of the senior management. The total number of employees as on 31st March, 2020 was 330.

Considering the health and safety of the employees of the Company and in line with the advisories, orders and directions issued by both State and Central Government in order to prevent the spread the coronavirus (Covid 19) outbreak, the Company has suspended its operations except critical operations at plant level till the lockdown period. Further the Company has also implemented Work from Home Policy to ensure the safety of employees post covid 19 issue. The HR department of the Company is continuously in touch with the employees to guide them and solve their problems. The HR Department of the Company has continuously created the awareness of Covid 19 among the employees of the Company through E-mails and has also educated the employees in respect of personal hygiene and precautions which needs to be taken in this situation of pandemic. The company has conducted the interviews through telephone and skype and meetings through Video Conferencing in order to maintain social distancing which is most essential due to the spread of Covid 19. The Company has also prepared a systematic operating plan to deal with Covid 19 issue, which will be implemented after the lock down is lifted.

Key Financial Ratios

In accordance with the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements 2018) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018, the Company is required to give details of significant changes (change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) in key financial ratios.

The Company has identified the following ratios as key financial ratios :

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Debtor Turnover Ratio	23.99	24.47
Inventory Turnover Ratio	4.25	5.35
Interest coverage Ratio	1.81	2.9
Current Ratio	1.56	2.18
Debt to Equity Ratio	4.87	4.12
Operating Profit Margin	7.85	6.60
Net Profit Margin	8.56	4.32
Revenue Growth	22.11	15.10

There is no change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year in key financial ratios.

Return on Networth

The details of return on net worth are given below :

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Return on networth (%)	1.42	0.93

The return on networth has increased due to the increase in the profits of the Company from ₹ 2,063.33 Lakhs in the previous Financial Year 2018-19 to ₹ 3,182.64 Lakhs in the Current Financial Year 2019-20.

Cautionary Statement:

The Management Discussions and Analysis describe Company’s projections, expectations or predictions and are forward looking statements’ within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company’s operations include economic conditions affecting demand and supply and price conditions in domestic and international market, changes in Government regulations, tax regimes, economic developments and other related and incidental factors.

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance envisages the attainment of the highest levels of transparency, accountability and equity, in all facets of its operation, and all its interactions with the stakeholders including shareholders, employees, customers, government and suppliers.

Your Company is in compliance with the requirements on Corporate Governance as they stood during FY 2019-20.

A report on the compliances of Corporate Governance requirements under the Listing Regulations and the practices/ procedures followed by your Company for the year ended 31st March, 2020 is detailed below:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND ITS COMMITTEES

I. Composition and Category of Directors / Attendance at Meetings/Directorships and Committee Memberships in other companies as on 31st March, 2020

Your Company has the combination of Executive and Non-Executive Directors in conformity with Regulation 17 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

The present strength of the Board of Directors is a mix of Six Non-Executive Directors including a woman director, and One Executive Director. Of the Six Non-Executive Directors, Four Directors are Independent Directors.

The Chairman of the Board is a Non- Executive Director.

As per the declarations received by the Company from each of the Directors, none of them are disqualified under Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Independent Directors of the Company are in compliance with the provisions of Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations. Further, disclosures have been made by the Directors regarding their Chairmanships/ Memberships of the mandatory Committees of the Board and that the same are within the maximum permissible limit as stipulated under Regulation 26(1) of the Listing Regulations.

The composition of Board of Directors as on 31st March, 2020 and other relevant details is as follows:

Sr. No	Name and Designation (DIN)	Status /Category	Attendance in FY 2019-20		Number of Directorships in other Companies		Committee Membership and Chairmanship in other public companies \$		Shareholding in the Company
			Board Meetings (6 Meetings held)	AGM	Private	Public	Chairmanship	Membership	
1.	Mr. Mukesh Gupta Chairman (DIN: 00028347)	Promoter and Non – Executive	6	Yes	-	-	-	-	7,07,300
2.	Mr. Rajesh Gupta Director (DIN: 00028379)	Promoter and Non – Executive	6	Yes	-	1	-	-	6,91,720
3.	Mr. Babulal Agarwal Managing Director (DIN:00029389)	Executive	6	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Sr. No	Name and Designation (DIN)	Status /Category	Attendance in FY 2019-20		Number of Directorships in other Companies		Committee Membership and Chairmanship in other public companies \$		Shareholding in the Company
			Board Meetings (6 Meetings held)	AGM	Private	Public	Chairmanship	Membership	
4.	Mr. Shantanu Mohapatra Director (DIN:00176836) (Ceased as Director w.e.f. 28 th December, 2019)	Non Executive and Independent	2	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
5.	Mr. Devidas Kambale Director (DIN:00020656)	Non Executive and Independent	5	No	-	3	2	2	-
6.	Mr. Jagannath Dange Director (DIN:01569430)	Non Executive and Independent	5	Yes	3	3	2	2	-
7.	Dr. Balram Singh Director (DIN:02843001)	Non Executive and Independent	6	No	1	-	-	-	-
8.	Mrs. Bhagyam Ramani Director (DIN:00107097)	Non Executive and Independent	6	No	1	7	-	7	-

Note:

\$ Includes only Audit Committee and Shareholders' / Investors' Grievance Committee in all public limited companies (whether listed or not) and excludes private limited companies, foreign companies and Section 8 companies.

Relationship between the Directors inter-se

Mr. Babulal Agarwal is maternal uncle of Mr. Rajesh Gupta and Mr. Mukesh Gupta and Mr. Rajesh Gupta and Mr. Mukesh Gupta are brothers. None of the other Directors are related to each other.

The names of the listed entities where the person is a director and the category of directorship

Sr. No	Name and Designation (DIN)	Indian-Listed Companies	
		Name of the company	Category of Directorship
1.	Mr. Mukesh Gupta	Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited	Promoter and Non –Executive Non Independent Director
2.	Mr. Rajesh Gupta	Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited	Promoter and Non – Executive Non Independent Director
		Shree Global Tradefin Limited	Chairman & Managing Director
3.	Mr. Babulal Agarwal	Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited	Managing Director
4.	Mr. Shantanu Mohapatra (Ceased as Director of Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited w.e.f. 28 th December, 2019)	Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director
		Balasore Alloys Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director

Sr. No	Name and Designation (DIN)	Indian-Listed Companies	
		Name of the company	Category of Directorship
5.	Mr. Devidas Kambale	Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director
		Sanghi Industries Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director
		Omaxe Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director
6.	Mr. Jagannath Dange	Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director
		Murlil Industries Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director
		Gujarat Foils Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director
		Mitcon Consultancy & Engineering Services Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director
7.	Dr. Balram Singh	Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director
8.	Mrs. Bhagyam Ramani	Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director
		Gujarat Sidhee Cement Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director
		Saurashtra Cement Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director
		Capri Global Capital Limited	Non –Executive Independent Director

2. Board & Independent Directors' Meeting

Board Meeting

The Board meets at regular intervals to discuss and decide on Company's business policies and strategy apart from other regular business matters. Board Meetings are usually held at the Corporate Office of the Company at Mumbai. During the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020, **Six** Meetings of the Board of Directors were held on 25th April, 2019; 03rd August, 2019; 12th November, 2019, 31st January, 2020, 20th February, 2020 and 02nd March, 2020. Maximum time gap between two consecutive meetings had not exceeded 120 days.

The agenda and notes are circulated to the Directors in advance. All material information is included in the agenda for facilitating meaningful discussions at the meeting. In case of urgent necessity, resolutions are passed by circulation in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013. Business Unit heads and senior management personnel make presentations to the Board. The Board is updated on the discussions held at the Committee meetings and the recommendations made by various Committees.

The information as required under Regulation 17(7) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is made available periodically to the Board. The Board periodically reviews the compliance status of the Company.

Independent Director Meeting

During the year under review, the Independent Directors met on 31st January, 2020, inter alia, to:

- Review the performance of Non Independent Directors, and the Board of Directors as a whole;
- Review the performance of the Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of the Executive and Non-Executive Directors.
- Assess the quality, content and timeliness of flow of information between the Company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

All the Independent Directors were present at this meeting. The observations made by the Independent Directors have been adopted and put into force.

Familiarization Programme for Independent Directors

Whenever any person joins the Board of the Company as an Independent Director, an induction programme is arranged for him / her wherein he / she is familiarized with the Company, their roles, rights and responsibilities in the Company, the code of conduct to be adhered, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model of the Company, meeting with the senior management team members, etc.

The detail of such familiarization programme can be accessed on the Company's website at https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Familiarisation_Programme_For_ID_2019-20.pdf

3. Board Committees

The Board Committees play a vital role in strengthening the Corporate Governance practices and focus effectively on the issues and ensure expedient resolution of the diverse matters. The Committees also make specific recommendations to the Board on various matters when required. All observations, recommendations and decisions of the Committees are placed before the Board for information or for approval. The Board of Directors has, from time to time, constituted the following Statutory Committees, namely:

Audit Committee

The Company had re-constituted Audit Committee in the Board meeting held on 12th November, 2019 in line with the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 18 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 due to the expiry of the tenure of Mr. Shantanu Mohapatra, Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company w.e.f. 28th December, 2019.

Role of the Audit Committee, inter alia, includes the following

1. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible
2. Recommending the appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of statutory auditors including cost auditors of the Company
3. Approving payment to statutory auditors, including cost auditors, for any other services rendered by them
4. Reviewing with the management, the annual financial statements and auditors report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - Matters required to be included in the Directors' Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's Report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by the management;
 - Significant adjustments made in financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - Disclosure of any related party transactions; and
 - Modified opinions in draft audit report.
5. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval
6. Monitoring and reviewing with the management, the statement of uses/ application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter
7. Reviewing and monitoring the auditors independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process
8. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties
9. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments
10. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary
11. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems
12. Reviewing, with the management, the performance of statutory auditors and internal auditors, adequacy of internal control systems Formulating the scope, functioning, periodicity and methodology for conducting the internal audit
13. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit
14. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow-up thereon

15. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board
16. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern
17. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults, if any, in the payment to depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors
18. To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism
19. Approval of appointment of the CFO (i.e. the whole time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate
20. Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.
21. Reviewing the following information:
 - The Management Discussion and Analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
 - Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by management;
 - Management letters/letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
 - Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
 - Reviewing the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief internal auditor / internal auditor(s)
 - Statement of deviations:
 - (a) quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1).
 - (b) annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(7).

Powers of the Audit Committee

- a. To investigate any activity within its terms of reference
- b. To seek information from any employee
- c. To obtain outside legal or other professional advice
- d. To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary

Recommendations by the Audit Committee

All the recommendations made by the Audit Committee are accepted and implemented by the Board of Directors.

The composition of the Audit Committee and the details of meetings attended by the Directors during FY 2019-20, are given below

Sr. No	Name of Directors	Status	Category	Meetings held (4 Meetings Held)	Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Shantanu Mohapatra (Ceased as the Chairman w.e.f. 12 th November, 2019)	Chairman	Non-executive & Independent	4	2
2.	Mr. Jagannath Dange (Appointed as the Chairman w.e.f. 12 th November, 2019)	Chairman	Non-executive & Independent	4	1
3.	Mr. Mukesh Gupta	Member	Non-executive & Non Independent	4	4
4.	Mr. Devidas Kambale	Member	Non-executive & Independent	4	3
5.	Dr. Balram Singh	Member	Non-executive & Independent	4	4

The Company Secretary acts as Secretary to the Audit Committee. During the year under review, the Audit Committee met four times on 25th April, 2019; 03rd August, 2019; 12th November, 2019 and 31st January, 2020.

Mr. Shantanu Mohapatra, former Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting held on 24th July, 2019.

Audit Committee meetings are attended by the Chief Financial Officer, Statutory Auditor and Internal Auditor. The Managing Director/other persons are invited to the meetings as and when required.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Company had re-constituted Remuneration Committee as ‘**Nomination and Remuneration Committee**’ in the Board meeting held on 06th November, 2015 in line with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 19 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Terms of Reference of the Committee, inter alia, includes the following:

- To identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and to recommend to the Board their appointment and/or removal
- To carry out evaluation of every Director’s performance
- To formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director, and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees
- To formulate the criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board
- To decide whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of Independent Director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors.
- To devise a policy on Board diversity
- To recommend/review remuneration of the Managing Director(s) and Whole-time Director(s) based on their performance and defined assessment criteria
- To recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.
- To carry out any other function as is mandated by the Board from time to time and / or enforced by any statutory notification, amendment or modification, as may be applicable;

The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the details of meetings attended by the Directors are given below

Sr. No	Name of Directors	Status	Category	Meetings held (3 Meetings Held)	Meetings Attended
1.	Dr. Balram Singh	Chairman	Non-executive & Independent	3	3
2.	Mr. Devidas Kambale	Member	Non-executive & Independent	3	2
3.	Mr. Mukesh Gupta	Member	Non-executive & Non Independent	3	3

During the year under review, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee met three times on 25th April, 2019, 03rd August, 2019 & 31st January, 2020.

Appointment and Nomination and Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (“NRC”) has adopted a policy which, inter alia, deals with the manner of selection of Board of Directors, Managing Director/Executive Director, other Key Managerial Personnel and their remuneration. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy can be accessed on the Company’s website at <https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/2017/04/Remuneration-Policy.pdf>

Performance Evaluation Criteria for IDs

The performance evaluation criteria for IDs is determined by the NRC. An indicative list of factors on which evaluation was carried out includes participation and contribution by the director, commitment, effective deployment of knowledge and expertise, integrity and maintenance of confidentiality and independence of behaviour and judgement.

Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The Board at its meeting held on 27th October, 2014, reconstituted the "Shareholders' Grievance Committee" as "Stakeholders' Relationship Committee" in compliance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, for redressal of Shareholders' grievances like transfer of shares, non-receipt of balance sheet, non-receipt of declared dividend etc.

The composition of this Committee as on 31st March, 2020 is as follows:

Name of Members	Category
Mr. Mukesh Gupta	Non-executive & Non Independent
Dr. Balram Singh	Non-executive & Independent
Mr. Devidas Kambale	Non-executive & Independent

Mr. Mukesh Gupta, Non Executive Director is heading the Committee and Ms. Sneha Yezarkar, the Company Secretary, is the Compliance Officer under the Listing Regulations.

Report on number of shareholder complaints received and resolved by the Company during the year ended 31st March, 2020

No. of complaints pending as on 1 st April, 2019.	0
No. of complaints identified and reported during FY 2019-20	2
No. of Complaints disposed of during the year ended 31 st March, 2020	2
No. of pending complaints as on 31 st March, 2020	0

During the year under review, the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee met once on 31st January, 2020.

Mr. Mukesh Gupta, Chairman of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting held on 24th July, 2019.

Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Committee

The purpose of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee of the Company is to formulate and recommend to the Board a CSR Policy indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company, recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities and monitor the CSR Policy of the Company from time to time. The Committee also encourages the employees to voluntarily participate in the CSR initiatives undertaken by the Company.

The CSR Policy can be accessed on the Company's website at https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Corporate_Social_Responsibility_Policy.pdf

The composition of this Committee as on 31st March, 2020 is as follows:

Sr. No	Name of Directors	Status	Category
1.	Mr. Mukesh Gupta	Chairman	Non-executive & Non Independent
2.	Dr. Balram Singh	Member	Non-executive & Independent
3.	Mr. Rajesh Gupta	Member	Non-executive & Non Independent

4. Directors' Appointment, Tenure and Remuneration

In terms of Section 152 read with Section 149(13) of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Rajesh Gupta is liable to retire by rotation. The said Director has offered himself for reappointment and resolution for his reappointment, is incorporated in the Notice of the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The brief profile and other information as required under Regulation 36(3) of the Listing Regulations relating to Mr. Rajesh Gupta forms part of the Notice of ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The remuneration paid for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 to Mr. Babulal Agarwal as the Managing Director of the Company is in accordance with the terms and conditions of his appointment. The tenure of office of Mr. Babulal Agarwal, Managing Director is for five years w.e.f. 01st January, 2018. There is no provision for notice period and payment of severance fees.

Details of remuneration / sitting fees paid to Executive and Non-Executive Directors for the year ended 31st March, 2020 is as follows:

Sr. No	Name of the Director	Salary	Perquisites and allowances	Performance Linked Incentive	Sitting Fees\$	Total	Stock options granted
1.	Mr. Babulal Agarwal	65,00,004	-	-	-	65,00,004	-
2.	Mr. Mukesh R. Gupta	-	-	-	28,000	28,000	-
3.	Mr. Rajesh R. Gupta	-	-	-	12,000	12,000	-
4.	Mr. Shantanu Mohapatra	-	-	-	8,000	8,000	-
5.	Mr. Devidas Kambale	-	-	-	24,000	24,000	-
6.	Mr. Jagannath Dange	-	-	-	14,000	14,000	-
7.	Dr. Balram Singh	-	-	-	30,000	30,000	-
8.	Mrs. Bhagyam Ramani	-	-	-	14,000	14,000	-

\$ The Non Executive Directors are paid only sitting fees on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

Criteria of making payment to Non Executive Directors

Criteria of making payments of sitting fees or commission to non-executive directors can be accessed on the Company's website at www.lloyds.in under the heading "Policies".

Note: There were no pecuniary relationships or transactions of Non-Executive Directors vis-à-vis the Company. The Company has not granted any stock option to any of its Directors.

5. Board Evaluation

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and in compliance with the requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out the annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the Directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Committees. A structured questionnaire was prepared after taking into consideration inputs received from the Directors, covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance.

A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board, who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution, independence of judgement, safeguarding the interest of the Company and its minority shareholders etc. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors who also reviewed the performance of the Key Managerial Personnel. The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

6. Skills/Expertise/ Competence of the Board of Directors of the Company

The following is the list of core skills/expertise/competencies possessed by the Board of Directors of the Company, which are essential for the functioning of the Company in an effective manner.

a) Market Exploration & Potential Marketing:-

Experience in developing promotional strategies to increase the sales in the existing and explore potential market for the Company.

b) Service on the Board's of Various Companies:-

Experience of serving on the Board's of different companies in order to develop insights about Corporate Governance, Management Responsibility, Protecting Stakeholders interest.

c) Financial Expertise:-

Expertise in accounting and financial control functions. Possessing analytical skills. Expertise in preparation of financial strategies for the long term growth of the business of the Company.

d) Law & policies:-

Awareness of the existing law and economical policies applicable to the Company thereby ensuring proper legal and statutory compliances and appropriate application of policies to the advantage of the Company.

e) Expansion , Modification & Updation:

A significant background about the technology applicable to the company resulting in how to implement technological updates into the Business of the Company

In the table below, the specific areas of focus or expertise of individual Board members have been highlighted. However, the absence of a mark against a member's name does not necessarily mean the member does not possess the corresponding skills/expertise/competencies.

Director	Market Exploration & Potential Marketing	Service on the Board's of Various Companies	Financial Expertise	Law & policies	Expansion Modification & Updation
Mukesh R. Gupta Chairman	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Babulal Agarwal Managing Director	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
Rajesh R. Gupta Non-Executive Director	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Devidas Kambale Independent Director	✓	✓	✓	-	✓
Balram Singh Independent Director	✓	-	✓	✓	-
Jagannath Dange Independent Director	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Bhagyam Ramani Independent Director	-	✓	✓	✓	✓

OTHER DISCLOSURES**1. Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of listed entity at large;**

During the year under review, there were no materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of listed entity at large. However the Company has entered into a related party transaction as per section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with Trofi Chain Factory Private Limited, Shree Global Tradefin Limited and Aeon Trading LLP. Particulars of transactions with Trofi Chain Factory Private Limited, Shree Global Tradefin Limited and Aeon Trading LLP in the prescribed form AOC-2, is enclosed with this Annual Report as **"Annexure III"**. The policy on dealing with related party transaction is placed on the Company's website at www.lloyds.in.

2. Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has always believed in providing a safe and harassment-free workplace for every individual working in the Company. The Company has complied with the applicable provisions of the aforesaid Act and the Rules framed thereunder, including constitution of the Internal Complaints Committee (ICC). The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary and trainees, etc.) are covered under this Policy. The Policy is gender neutral. During the year under review, no complaint of sexual harassment was filed with the Internal Complaints Committee.

3. Details of non-compliance by the listed entity, penalties, strictures imposed on the listed entity by stock exchange(s) or the board or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years:

Neither there were any non-compliances, nor any penalties or strictures have been imposed on your company by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

4. Details of establishment of vigil mechanism, whistle blower policy, and affirmation that no personnel has been denied access to the audit committee:

The Company has formulated Whistle Blower Policy & established Vigil Mechanism for the directors and employees of the Company to report, serious and genuine unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud and violation of the Company's code of conduct or ethics policy.

During the year under review no personnel have either approached the Audit Committee or been denied access to the Audit Committee.

5. Details of Compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of the non-mandatory requirements of this clause:

The company has complied with all the mandatory requirements. As regards the Non-Mandatory requirements they are complied with to the extent possible.

6. Web link where policy for determining material subsidiaries is disclosed

Not Applicable

7. Web link where policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions

https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Policy_on_Materiality_of_Related_Party_Transaction.pdf

8. Disclosure of Commodity Price Risks and Commodity Hedging Activities:

Not Applicable

9. Details of total fees paid to statutory auditors

The details of total fees for all services paid by the Company, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor are as follows:

(Figures in ₹ Lakhs)

Type of Service	2019-20	2018-19
Audit fees	2.75	2.75
Tax Audit Fees & Certifications	0.75	0.75
Expenses Reimbursed	0.10	0.10
Cost Audit Fees	0.30	0.30
Secretarial Audit Fees	0.40	0.40
Total	4.30	4.30

DISCLOSURE OF COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION

I. General Body Meeting

i. Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meetings of the Company during the preceding three years were held at registered office of the Company at **Plot No. A 1-2, MIDC Area, Ghugus, Dist – Chandrapur, 442 505, Maharashtra** on the following dates and times, wherein the following special resolutions were passed:

Financial Year Ended	Date	Time	Brief Description of Special Resolution
31 st March, 2019	24 th July, 2019	12:30 p.m.	Re-appointment of Mr. Jagannath Dange as an Independent Non-Executive Director
			Re-appointment of Mr. Devidas Kambale as an Independent Non-Executive Director.
			Re-appointment of Dr. Balram Singh as an Independent Non-Executive Director.
			Re-appointment of Mrs. Bhagyam Ramani as an Independent Non-Executive Director.
			Continuation of existing term of Mr. Shantanu Mohapatra, Independent Director of the Company upto 28th December, 2019.
31 st March, 2018	08 th August, 2018	12.30 p.m.	To amend the “Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited Employee Stock Option Plan – 2017” of the Company.
31 st March, 2017	19 th September, 2017	12.30 p.m.	Revision in terms of Remuneration of Mr. Babulal Agarwal, Managing Director of the Company w.e.f. 1 st April, 2017 to 31 st December, 2017.
			Reappointment of Mr. Babulal Agarwal as a Managing Director of the Company for the further Periods of 5 Years.
			Approval of Employees Stock Options Plan (“LLOYDS ESOP-2017”) and grant of Employee Stock Options to the employees of the Company through trust.
			Alteration of the Capital Clause of Memorandum of Association of the Company.

ii. Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EGM)

No Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) was held during the last financial year i.e 2019-2020.

iii. Postal Ballot

During the financial year 2019-20, Company has not passed any resolution through postal ballot.

At the ensuing Annual General Meeting, there is no resolution proposed to be passed through postal ballot.

2. Company’s Means of Communication

Website	Information like quarterly / half yearly / annual financial results and press releases on significant developments in the Company that have been made available from time to time, are hosted on the Company’s website www.lloyds.in and have also been submitted to the Stock Exchanges to enable them to put them on its website and communicate to its members.
Quarterly/ Annual Financial Results	The quarterly / half-yearly / annual financial results are published in Business Standard (English) and Mumbai Lakshadweep (Marathi) newspapers. The results are also uploaded by BSE on its website www.bseindia.com and MSEI on its website www.msei.in .
Stock exchange	All periodical information, including the statutory filings and disclosures, are filed with BSE and MSEI. The filings required to be made under the Listing Regulations, including the Shareholding pattern and Corporate Governance Report for each quarter are also filed on BSE Listing Centre and MSEI.

3. Other Information

CIN	L40300MH1977PLC019594
Registered office address	Plot No. A 1-2, MIDC Area, Ghugus, Dist Chandrapur, 442 505, Maharashtra.
Corporate office address	Trade World, "C" Wing , 16th Floor, Kamala City, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel (W) Mumbai 400013
Date, Time and Venue of Annual General Meeting	The AGM will be held on 15 th June, 2020 at 11.00 a.m. The Company is conducting AGM through VC/OAVM in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and MCA General Circular No. 14/2020, dated 08 th April, 2020, MCA General Circular No. 17/2020, dated 13 th April, 2020 and MCA General Circular No. 20/2020, dated 5 th May, 2020 and as such there is no requirement to have a venue for the AGM.
Financial Year	The financial year of the Company starts from April 1 st and ends on March 31 st of the succeeding year
Rate of dividend and dividend declaration date	No Dividend was declared during the financial year 2019-20.
Dates of Book Closure	09 th June, 2020 to 15 th June, 2020 (both days inclusive)
Listing on stock exchanges	The Equity Shares of the Company are listed on BSE Limited and MSEI Limited. Address:- BSE Limited (BSE) Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai 400 001 . MSEI Limited (MSEI) Vibgyor Towers, 4th Floor, Plot No C 62, G - Block, Opp. Trident Hotel, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 098
Listing fees	The listing fees of BSE and MSEI for FY 2020-21 has been paid
Stock code	The BSE scrip code of equity shares is 512455 and MSEI Symbol of equity shares is LLOYDSME
ISIN Number	INE281B01032
Custodian fees	The custodian fees is payable to each of the depositories based on the number of folios as on 31 st March, 2020. The custodian fees to CDSL and NSDL will be paid within the due date.
Subsidiary Company	There is no subsidiary, associate or joint venture Company
Suspension of trading in securities	There was no suspension of trading in securities of the Company during the year under review.
Registrar and Transfer agents	Bigshare Services Private Limited 1 st Floor, Bharat Tin Works Building, Opp. Vasant Oasis, Makwana Road, Marol, Andheri East, Mumbai 400059. Phone : 022- 6263 8200 Fax : 022- 6263 8299 E-mail : investor@bigshareonline.com

Share Transfer system	98.06 % of the equity shares of the Company are in electronic form. In terms of Regulation 40(1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, as amended, securities can be transferred only in dematerialized form w.e.f. April 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form. Share transactions in electronic form can be effected in a much simpler and faster manner. After a confirmation of a sale/purchase transaction from the broker, shareholders should approach the Depository Participant ("DP") with a request to debit or credit the account for the transaction. The DP will immediately arrange to complete the transaction by updating the account. There is no need for a separate communication to the Company to register these share transfers. Shareholders should communicate with Bigshare Services Private Limited, the Company's Registrars and Transfer Agents ('RTA') quoting their folio number or Depository Participant ID ('DP ID') and Client ID number, for any queries to their securities. Requests for dematerialisation of shares are processed and confirmation is given to the respective depositories i.e. NSDL and CDSL within 21 days..
Liquidity	The Company's Shares are traded on the Bombay Stock Exchange and Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited
Information on Deviation from Accounting Standards, if any	There has been no deviation from the Accounting Standards in preparation of annual accounts for the financial year 2019-20.
Outstanding GDRs/ ADRs/ Warrants/ Convertible Instruments and their impact on Equity	There are no outstanding convertible instruments as on 31 st March, 2020 except employee stock options. The Company has not issued any GDRs / ADRs /Warrants or any other Convertible Instruments except employee stock options.
Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities	Not Applicable
Plant locations	Sponge Iron & Power Plant Plot No. A-1/2, MIDC Area, Ghugus, Dist. Chandrapur- 442 505. Maharashtra.
Tentative calendar of the Board Meetings for FY 2020-21	For the quarter ended June 30, 2020 – On or before 14 th August, 2020 For the quarter and half year ended September 30, 2020 – On or before 14 th November, 2020 For the quarter ended December 31, 2020 – On or before 14 th February, 2021 For the quarter and year ended March 31, 2021 - On or before 30 th May, 2021 Annual General Meeting – On or before 30 th September, 2021

4. Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit

As stipulated by SEBI, a qualified Practicing Company Secretary carries out the Reconciliation of Share Capital to reconcile the total capital held with the National Security Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the total issued and listed capital. The Audit is carried out every quarter and the report thereon is submitted to the Stock Exchanges. The report, inter alia, confirms that the number of shares issued, listed on the Stock exchange and that held in demat and physical mode are in agreement with each other.

5. Market Price Data

Since the shares of the Company were not traded on Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited during the financial year 2019-20, Market price data of Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited is not available.

The market price data and the volume of your Company's shares traded on BSE during the year ended 31st March, 2020 are as follows:

The monthly movement of equity Share Price on Bombay Stock Exchange			
2019-2020	Share Price (In ₹)		BSE Sensex
Months	High	Low	Close
April	13.42	11.51	39,031.55
May	12.40	10.00	39,714.20
June	11.50	7.03	39,394.64
July	10.25	8.00	37,481.12
August	10.30	8.30	37,332.79
September	12.25	8.70	38,667.33
October	10.53	8.50	40,129.05
November	9.85	7.05	40,793.81
December	8.40	6.90	41,253.74
January	8.90	6.90	40,723.49
February	8.70	7.00	38,297.29
March	7.75	4.16	29,468.49

6. Distribution of Shareholding as on 31st March, 2020

Shareholding of Nominal Value (INR)	Number of Shareholders	Percentage (%)	Number of Shares Held	Percentage (%)
1 – 5,000	11,103	94.48	1,12,97,215	5.02
5,001 – 10,000	258	2.19	20,32,264	0.90
10,001 – 20,000	129	1.10	19,10,833	0.85
20,001 – 30,000	60	0.51	15,09,709	0.67
30,001 - 40,000	31	0.26	10,92,795	0.48
40,001 - 50,000	25	0.21	11,60,049	0.51
50,001 – 1,00,000	56	0.48	39,98,868	1.78
1,00,001 and above	90	0.77	20,21,76,617	89.79
Total	11,752	100.00	22,51,78,400	100.00

7. Shareholding Pattern as on 31st March, 2020

Category	Category of Shareholder	Number of Shareholders	Total Number of Shares	Total Shareholding as a Percentage of Total Number of Shares
PROMOTER & PROMOTER GROUP				
Indian	Promoter	17	14,19,12,177	63.02
	Promoter Group	-	-	-
	Total (Promoter & Promoter Group)	17	14,19,12,177	63.02
PUBLIC				
Institutions	Mutual Funds	1	2,000	0.00
	Financial Institutions/ Banks	3	17,274	0.01
	Foreign Portfolio Investor/Foreign Institutional Investors	-	-	-
	Total (Institutions)	4	19,274	0.01

Category	Category of Shareholder	Number of Shareholders	Total Number of Shares	Total Shareholding as a Percentage of Total Number of Shares
Non-institutions	Bodies Corporate	93	1,69,03,182	7.51
	Individuals & HUF	11,309	5,95,14,007	26.43
	Clearing Members	31	1,30,919	0.06
	Non Resident Indian	295	11,77,671	0.52
	Trusts	1	1,000	0.00
	Unclaimed Account	1	29,24,350	1.30
	Total (Non-Institutions)		11,730	8,06,51,129
Total (Public)		11,734	8,06,70,403	35.83
NON PROMOTER & NON PUBLIC				
	Lloyds Employees Welfare Trust (ESOP Trust)	1	25,95,820	1.15
	Total (Non Promoter & Non Public)	1	25,95,820	1.15
	GRAND TOTAL	11,752	22,51,78,400	100.00

8. Top Ten Shareholders across all categories as on 31st March, 2020

Sr. No.	Name of Shareholders	No of Shares	% of Holding
1	ASP Technologies Private Limited	3,64,00,340	16.17
2	Triumph Trade & Properties Developers Private Limited	2,91,58,208	12.95
3	Shree Global Tradefin Limited	2,88,90,380	12.83
4	Lloyds Metals & Minerals Trading LLP	2,37,41,529	10.54
5	Halan Properties Private Limited	80,23,000	3.56
6	Ravi Agarwal	77,30,000	3.43
7	Om Hari Mahabir Prasad Halan	59,00,000	2.62
8	Shreekrishna Gupta	56,02,000	2.49
9	Madhur Gupta	56,00,000	2.49
10	Kamal Khetan	38,10,000	1.69

9. Status of dematerialisation of shares

As on 31st March, 2020, all except 43,74,660 equity shares of the Company are held in dematerialised form. The breakup of the equity shares held in dematerialised and physical form as on 31st March, 2020 is as follows:

Particulars	No. of shares	Percent of equity
NSDL	19,81,66,225	88.01
CDSL	2,26,37,515	10.05
Physical	43,74,660	1.94
Total	22,51,78,400	100.00

10. Disclosures with respect to Demat Suspense Account/ Unclaimed Suspense Account

As per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the listed entity shall disclose the following details in its annual report, as long as there are shares in the unclaimed suspense account. The details of Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited unclaimed suspense account are as follows:-

Sr. No.	Particulars	Demat	
		Number of Shareholders	Number of Unclaimed Equity Shares
1	Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying as on 01 st April, 2019;	2,562	29,40,350
2	Unclaimed shares transferred to unclaimed suspense account during the financial year 2019-20	Nil	Nil
Total (1 + 2)		2,562	29,40,350

Sr. No.	Particulars	Demat	
		Number of Shareholders	Number of Unclaimed Equity Shares
3	Number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from suspense account during the financial year 2019-20	11	16,000
4	Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying as on 31 st March, 2020 (1+2-3)	2,551	29,24,350
	Number of shareholders who approached listed entity for transfer of shares from suspense account during the financial year 2019-20;	11	16,000

The voting rights on the shares in the unclaimed suspense accounts as on 31st March, 2020 shall remain frozen till the rightful owners of such shares claim the shares.

11. Disclosure by key managerial personnel about related party transactions:

The Board has received disclosures from key managerial personnel relating to transactions where they and/or their relatives have personal interest. There were no materially significant related party transactions, which have potential conflict with the interest of the company at large. The related party transactions have been disclosed in form AOC 2 and in the notes to Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2020.

The Company has laid down a policy for dealing with Related Party Transactions. The Policy on Related Party Transactions can be accessed on the Company's website at

https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Policy_on_Materiality_of_Related_Party_Transaction.pdf

12. Related Party Disclosure

The disclosure of transactions of the Company with Shree Global Tradefin Limited, an entity belonging to the promoter/promoter group of the Company and holding more than 10 % shareholding in the Company is mentioned in Note No. 33 of the Audited Financial Statement of the Company forming part of this Annual Report.

13. Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

The Company follows Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs in the preparation of its financial statements.

14. Proceeds from public issues, rights issues, preferential issues etc.

The company has not made any capital issues during the financial year.

15. Matters related to Capital Markets

The company has complied with the requirements of the Stock Exchanges, SEBI and other statutory authorities on all matters relating to capital markets during the last three years. No penalties or strictures have been imposed on the company by any Stock Exchange or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter relating to capital markets, during the last three years.

16. Management Discussion & Analysis Report

The Management Discussion & Analysis Report is a part of Director's Report.

17. Credit Rating

There has been no revision in the existing credit rating obtained by the Company as the Company is awaiting credit rating from the credit rating agency for the financial year 2019-20 which is delayed as a result of lockdown imposed in the country due to outbreak of Covid 19 Virus.

18. Green Initiative

Pursuant to section 101 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended, the Company can send Notice of Annual General Meeting, financial statements and other Communication in electronics forms. This Company is sending the Annual Report including the Notice of Annual General Meeting, Audited Standalone Financial Statements, Directors Report, Auditors Report along with their annexure etc. for the financial year 2019-20 in the electronic mode to the shareholders who have registered their e-mail ids with the Company and/or their respective Depository Participates (DPs).

Shareholders who have not registered their e-mail addresses so far are requested to register their e-mail addresses. Those holding shares in demat form can register their e-mail addresses with their concerned DPs. Shareholders who hold shares in physical form are requested to register their e-mail addresses with the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent "Bigshare Services Private Limited"

19. Address for Correspondence

For transfer/dematerialisation of shares and any other query relating to the shares of the Company.

Bigshare Services Private Ltd

1st Floor, Bharat Tin Works Building, Opp. Vasant Oasis, Makwana Road, Marol, Andheri East, Mumbai-400059.
Tel No.:- 022-6263 8200; Fax No:- 022-6263 8299. E-mail: investor@bigshareonline.com.

Any query on Annual Report

Secretarial Department:

Trade World, 'C' wing, 16th Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel (W), Mumbai- 400013.
Tel. No. 022-6291 8111, Fax No. 022-6291 8260
E mail: investor@lloyds.in

20. Independent Director Confirmation

In terms of Schedule V(C)(i) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and as per the declaration of independence received from the Independent Directors of the Company, we are of the opinion that the Independent Directors of the Company fulfills the conditions specified under Regulation 16(b) of Listing Regulations and are independent of Management

21. Compliances under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

The Company has complied with corporate governance requirements specified in regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The requisite certificate from the Auditors of the Company confirming compliance with the conditions of corporate governance is annexed hereto marked as **"Annexure I"** and forms part of this report.

22. CEO and CFO Certification

The Managing Director and CFO of the Company have given the certification on financial reporting and internal controls to the Board in terms of Regulation 17(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The requisite certificate from the Managing Director and CFO of the Company is annexed hereto marked as **"Annexure II"** and forms part of this report.

23. Certification from Company Secretary in Practice

M/s B. R. Gupta & Co., Practicing Company Secretary, has issued a certificate as required under the Listing Regulations, confirming that none of the directors on the Board of the Company has been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as director of companies by the SEBI / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority. The certificate is enclosed with this report as **"Annexure III"**.

24. Certificate on Compliance with Code of Conduct

This Code has been laid down with a view to promote good corporate governance and exemplary personal conduct and is applicable to all the Directors and Senior Managerial Personnel of the Company. This Code can be accessed on the Company's website at https://lloyds.in/wp-content/uploads/Code_of_conduct.pdf

Declaration of compliance of the Code of Conduct in terms of Schedule V (D) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is given hereunder:

In terms of Regulation 26 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and as per 'affirmation of compliance' letters received from the Directors and the members of senior managerial personnel of the Company, I hereby declare that members of board of directors and senior management personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct of board of directors and senior management during the financial year 2019-20."

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited**

Sd/-

**Mukesh Gupta
Chairman
DIN: 00028347**

**Date: 18th May, 2020
Place: Mumbai**

Auditors' Certificate regarding compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance

To the Members,

Lloyds Metals and Energy limited

CIN: L40300MH1977PLC019594

Plot No. A 1-2, MIDC Area,

Ghugus, Dist. Chandrapur - 442 505,

Maharashtra

We have examined the compliance of conditions of corporate governance by Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 31st March, 2020, as prescribed in Regulations 17 to 27, 46 (2) (b) to (i) and para C and D of Schedule V of Chapter IV of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (LODR).

We state that the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management, and our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above mentioned LODR.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For M/s VSS & Associates

Sd/-

ICAI Firm Registration No. 105787W

Sanjay Jain

Partner

Membership No 046565

UDIN: 20046565AAAABR7194

Date: 18th May, 2020

Place: Mumbai

Annexure II**CEO/CFO CERTIFICATE****[Regulation 17(8)]**

To,
The Board of Directors
Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited

We hereby certify that we have reviewed the Financial Statements and the Cash Flow Statement for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:

1. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading.
2. These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing Accounting Standards, applicable laws and regulations.
3. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the aforesaid period which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.
4. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal control systems, if any, of which we are aware, and that we have taken the required steps to rectify these deficiencies.
5. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee that:
 - (a) There have been no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year.
 - (b) There have been no significant changes in accounting policies during the year.
 - (c) There have been no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Sd/-

Babulal Agarwal
Managing Director
DIN: 00029389

Sd/-

Riyaz Shaikh
Chief Financial Officer

Date: 18th May, 2020**Place: Mumbai****Annexure III****CERTIFICATE FROM COMPANY SECRETARY IN PRACTICE****(Pursuant to clause 10 of Part C of Schedule V of LODR)**

In pursuance of sub clause (i) of clause 10 of Part C of Schedule V of The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; (LODR) in respect of Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited (CIN: L40300MH1977PLC019594) I hereby certify that :

On the basis of the written representation/declaration received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, as on 31st March, 2020, none of the directors on the board of the Company has been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as director of companies by the SEBI / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

Sd/-

Rahul Gupta

B. R. Gupta & Co.
Practicing Company Secretary
ACS: 43021

C.P. No: 20863**UDIN: A043021B000267234****Date: 18th May, 2020****Place: Mumbai**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of M/s. Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on 31st March, 2020, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

1. **IND AS 116**: The company has adopted IND AS 116 "Leases" from 1st July, 2019, since it came into effect from

1st April, 2019. The impact of Ind AS 116 on the Company's financial statements at 31st March 2020 is as follows:

Balance sheet: The company estimates that the adoption of Ind AS 116 will result in an increase in total assets of ₹301.78 Lakhs split between right-of-use assets of ₹ 298.15 Lakhs and deferred tax assets of ₹3.63 Lakhs. Financial liabilities are expected to increase by ₹ 309.80 Lakhs

Statement of profit and loss: The company estimates that the adoption of Ind AS 116 will result in increased depreciation of ₹ 45.87 Lakhs from the right-of-use assets and increased finance costs of ₹ 28.14 Lakhs per year due to the interest recognized on lease liabilities. These will offset the reduction in operating lease expenses of ₹ 62.37 Lakhs for the year, resulting in an overall net reduction of profit before taxes of ₹ 11.65 Lakhs.

Statement of Cash flows: The Company estimates that the adoption of Ind AS 116 will result in decrease in operating cash flows by ₹ 34.22 Lakhs and decrease in financing cash flows by ₹ 28.14 Lakhs as repayment of the lease liabilities and related interest will be classified as cash flows from financing activities.

Auditors Response: We assessed the entities process to identify the impact of adoption of the new IND AS 116 "Leases" on the Financial Statements. Our audit approach consisted examining accuracy of the calculations and its appropriate presentation & disclosure necessary as per the applicable standard.

2. **Deferred Tax:** The company has determined that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient profits will be available in future to recoup unabsorbed depreciation and carried forward losses and accordingly deferred tax has been recognized on those losses under Ind-AS provisions. The deferred tax asset has been recognized of ₹ 1,873.32 Lakhs as on 31.03.2020.

Auditors Response: We have verified whether company has considered all the components necessary for the calculation of deferred tax and also its appropriate presentation and disclosure in the Financial Statements as per the applicable IND AS 12 "Accounting for Taxes on Income".

3. **Evaluation of Contingent Liabilities:** Claims against the company not acknowledged as debts is disclosed in the financial statements. The existence of the payments against these claims requires management judgment to ensure disclosure of most appropriate values of contingent liabilities.

Refer Note 35 to the Financial Statements

Auditors Response: Our audit procedures include, among others, assessing the appropriateness of the

management's judgment in estimating the value of claims against the company not acknowledged as debts as given in the Note 35.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexure to Board's Report, Corporate Governance Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, (changes in equity) and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of

accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However,

future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. The Company has no branch office and hence the company is not required to conduct audit under section 143 (8) of the Act;
 - d. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - e. In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (As amended);

- f. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in “Annexure A”. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company’s Internal Financial Controls over financial Reporting; and
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us (As amended):
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in Note 35 of the financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. During the year, no amounts were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company. So, the question of delay in transferring such sums does not arise.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor’s Report) Order, 2016 (“the Order”) issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act 2013, we give in the ‘Annexure B’, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For VSS & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Reg. no.: 105787W

Sd/-
Sanjay Jain
Partner
M.No.: 046565
UDIN: 20046565AAAAABS8487

Dated: 18th May 2020
Place: Mumbai

Annexure – A to the Independent Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of M/s Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records reflecting in the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For VSS & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Reg. no.: 105787W

Sd/-

Sanjay Jain

Partner

M.No.: 046565

UDIN: 20046565AAAABS8487

Dated: 18th May 2020

Place: Mumbai

Annexure - B to Independent Auditor’s Report

The ‘Annexure B’ referred to in Independent Auditor’s Report to the Members of the Company on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2020, we report that:

- i. a.) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on the records produced before us, we are of the opinion that the Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- b.) According to the information and explanation given to us, fixed assets were physically verified by the management according to a designed to cover all the locations which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets.
- c.) According to the information and explanation given to us and on verification, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.
- ii. According to the information and explanation given to us Inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. No material discrepancies were noticed that would have an impact over the Financial Statements.
- iii. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not granted during the year any unsecured loans. Hence this clause is not applicable to the Company.
- iv. According to the information and explanation given to us. The company has not given any loans, investments, guarantees and other securities. Hence provisions of section 185 and 186 is not applicable to the company.
- v. According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Section 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- vi. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has maintained cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act.
- vii. (a) According to the books and records as produced and audited by us in accordance with generally accepted auditing practices in India and also Management representations, undisputed statutory dues in respect of Provident fund, Employees’ State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Services Tax, , Customs duty, Cess and other statutory dues, if any, applicable to it, has been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities.

- (b) The details of dues of Excise duty which have not been deposited as at 31st March, 2020 on account of dispute are given below.

Sr. No.	Name of the Statute	Forum where dispute is pending	Amount (in lakhs)
1.	The Central Excise Act, 1944	Supreme Court	5.20
2.	The Central Excise Act, 1944	CESTAT, Mumbai	584.46
Total			589.66

- viii. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on the records before us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to financial institutions and banks.
- ix. According to the information and explanation given to us and the record produced before us, the company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer. The Company has raised funds under term loans this year and they have been applied for the purpose for which they were raised.
- x. During the course of our examination of the books of account carried in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in India, we have neither come across any instance of fraud on or by the Company by its officers or employees, either noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the Management.
- xi. According to the information and explanation given to us and the record produced before us, managerial remuneration has been paid during the year as per the provisions of section 197 read schedule V to the Act.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company as specified in the Nidhi Rules, 2014. Hence the provision of this clause is not applicable to the company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanation given to us and the record produced before us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements, required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards and AOC-2 marked as Annexure III in the Board’s Report.
- xiv. According to the information and explanation given to us and the record produced before us, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Hence the provision of this clause is not applicable to the company.

- xv. As per the information and explanation given to us and the record produced before us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.
- xvi. The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For **VSS & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Reg. no.: 105787W

Sd/-
Sanjay Jain
Partner
M.No.: 046565
UDIN: 20046565AAAABS8487

Dated: 18th May 2020
Place: Mumbai

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		Note No.	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
(1)	ASSETS			
	Non-Current Assets			
	(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4	37,094.58	35,817.65
	(b) Capital Work in Progress		4,236.59	3,619.67
	(c) Right to Use Account		298.15	-
	(d) Financial Assets			
	(i) Investments	5	13.15	13.15
	(e) Deferred Tax Assets	6	1,873.32	-
	(f) Other Non-current Assets	7	64.89	62.79
	Total Non Current Assets		43,580.68	39,513.26
(2)	Current Assets			
	(a) Inventories	8	8,411.68	7,364.09
	(b) Financial Assets			
	(i) Trade Receivables	9(i)	788.75	2,309.97
	(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalent	9(ii)	1,182.33	19.76
	(iii) Bank Balances Other than (ii) above	9(iii)	677.44	825.41
	(iv) Other Financial Assets	9(iv)	1,824.04	1,162.26
	(v) Prepayments	9(v)	110.01	107.29
	(c) Other Current Assets	10	7,594.83	7,786.93
	Total Current Assets		20,589.08	19,575.71
	TOTAL ASSETS		64,169.76	59,088.97
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
	Equity			
	(a) Equity Share Capital	11	2,269.01	2,243.05
	(b) Other Equity	12	12,171.54	8,582.30
	Total Equity		14,440.55	10,825.35
	Liabilities			
(1)	Non Current Liabilities			
	Financial Liabilities			
	(a) Borrowings	13	8,089.57	8,261.80
	(b) Provisions	14	573.08	508.66
	(c) Other Non-Current Liabilities	15(i)	27,570.32	30,494.70
	(d) Lease Liability	15(ii)	309.80	-
	Total Non Current Liabilities		36,542.77	39,265.16
(2)	Current Liabilities			
	(a) Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	16(i)	1,798.81	267.09
	(ii) Trade Payables			
	a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and		-	-
	b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	16(ii)	6,112.38	6,402.73
	(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	16(iii)	2,682.20	751.69
	(b) Provisions	17	1,437.60	827.82
	(c) Other Current Liabilities	18	1,155.45	749.13
	Total Current Liabilities		13,186.44	8,998.46
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		64,169.76	59,088.97

See accompanying Notes 1 to 41 are integral part of these Financial Statements

As per our Report of Even Date

For VSS & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No 105787W

Sd/-

Sanjay Jain

Partner

Membership No 46565

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of**Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited**

Sd/-

Babulal Agarwal

Managing Director

DIN: 00029389

Sd/-

Riyaz Shaikh

Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

Mukesh R. Gupta

Chairman

DIN: 00028347

Sd/-

Sneha Yezarkar

Company Secretary

Membership No.-ACS-43338

Place : Mumbai

Date : 18th May 2020

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		Note No.	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2020	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2019
INCOME				
I	Revenue from Operations	19	37,173.85	47,728.11
II	Other Income	20	2,562.31	3,084.20
III	Total Income (I+II)		39,736.16	50,812.31
EXPENSES				
IV	(a) Cost of Materials Consumed	21	29,764.91	37,843.63
	(b) Purchases of Stock-in-trade	22	-	895.23
	(c) Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Stock-in-Trade and Work-in-progress	23	(977.44)	(315.67)
	(d) Employee Benefit Expenses	24	2,271.09	2,173.63
	(e) Finance Cost	25	1,610.38	1,088.72
	(f) Depreciation	26	1,755.40	1,507.82
	(g) Other Expenses	27	4,002.50	5,555.62
	Total Expenses (IV)		38,426.84	48,748.98
V	PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS AND TAX (III-IV)		1,309.32	2,063.33
VI	Exceptional Items		-	-
VII	PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX (V-VI)		1,309.32	2,063.33
VIII	Tax Expenses:			
	(1) Current Tax		-	-
	(2) Deferred Tax	28	(1,873.32)	-
IX	PROFIT / (LOSS) FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAX (VII + VIII)		3,182.64	2,063.33
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
X	(a) (i) Items that will be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit and loss		(27.60)	25.70
	(ii) Income tax on items that will be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit and loss		-	-
	(b) (i) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit and loss		-	-
	(ii) Income tax on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit and loss		-	-
	TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSSES)		(27.60)	25.70
XI	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME OF THE YEAR (IX+X)		3,155.04	2,089.03
EARNING PER SHARES:				
XII	(1) Basic (in ₹)	34	1.42	0.93
	(2) Diluted (in ₹)		1.42	0.93

See accompanying Notes 1 to 41 are integral part of these Financial Statements

As per our Report of Even Date

For VSS & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No 105787W

Sd/-

Sanjay Jain

Partner

Membership No 46565

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited**

Sd/-

Babulal Agarwal

Managing Director

DIN: 00029389

Sd/-

Riyaz Shaikh

Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

Mukesh R. Gupta

Chairman

DIN: 00028347

Sd/-

Sneha Yezarkar

Company Secretary

Membership No.-ACS-43338

Place : Mumbai

Date : 18th May 2020

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		Year Ended 31 st March, 2020	Year Ended 31 st March, 2019
A	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
	Net Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	1,309.32	2,063.33
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation	1,755.40	1,507.82
	Other comprehensive Income	(27.60)	25.70
	SBP Reserve	356.33	292.89
	Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and equipment	-	8.20
	(Profit) on disposal of Property, Plant and equipment	-	(130.02)
	Interest/Dividend Income	(45.07)	(53.56)
	Interest & Financial Charges	1,043.90	374.22
	Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes	4,392.28	4,088.58
	Change in operating assets and liabilities		
	(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and other Receivables	1,521.22	(756.14)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Financial Assets	(660.30)	356.40
	(Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets	175.64	(3,853.40)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	(1,047.59)	(578.24)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Other Non Current Assets	(2.10)	3,789.03
	(Increase)/Decrease in Prepayments	(2.72)	11.93
	Increase/(Decrease) in Borrowings	1,531.72	(1,647.70)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payable	(291.84)	(357.60)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	1,077.79	(135.54)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Lease Liabilities	(34.22)	-
	Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	736.76	371.77
	Increase/(Decrease) in Non Current Liabilities	(2,924.38)	(5,805.81)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions	674.20	677.81
	Cash Generated from Operations	5,146.46	(3,838.91)
	Direct Taxes (Paid)/ Net of Refunds	10.06	13.25
	Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	5,156.52	(3,825.66)
B	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES :		
	Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	(2,986.47)	(2,749.57)
	(Increase)/Decrease on FDR	147.97	(148.01)
	Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	-	369.44
	Interest/Dividend Received	30.85	60.71
	(Increase)/Decrease in Capital WIP	(616.92)	(1,320.50)
	Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities	(3,424.57)	(3,787.93)
C	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES :		
	Interest & Financial Charges Paid	(1,016.85)	(350.71)
	Proceeds from issue of Shares under ESOP	103.83	-
	Proceeds From Borrowing	1,957.66	8,650.92
	Repayment of Borrowing	(1,614.02)	(702.88)
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	(569.38)	7,597.33
	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	1,162.57	(16.26)
	Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of Period	19.76	36.02
	Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the end of Period	1,182.33	19.76
	Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	1,162.57	(16.26)
	Components of Cash and Cash equivalents as at the end of period		
	(a) Cash on Hand	23.47	5.50
	(b) Balance with Schedule Bank in : Current account	1,158.86	14.26
	Total cash and Cash Equivalents	1,182.33	19.76

Notes :

1 Cash Flow Statement has been prepared following the indirect method as set out in Ind AS -7 specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 except in case of interest paid / received, purchase and sale of Investments which have been considered on the basis of actual movements of cash with necessary adjustments in the corresponding assets and liabilities.

2 Cash and Cash Equivalents represent Cash & Bank balances.

See accompanying Notes 1 to 41 are integral part of these Financial Statements

As per our Report of Even Date

For VSS & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No 105787W

Sd/-

Sanjay Jain

Partner

Membership No 46565

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited**

Sd/-

Babulal Agarwal

Managing Director

DIN: 00029389

Sd/-

Riyaz Shaikh

Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

Mukesh R. Gupta

Chairman

DIN: 00028347

Sd/-

Sneha Yezarkar

Company Secretary

Membership No.-ACS-43338

Place : Mumbai

Date : 18th May 2020

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020

A. Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	Equity Share capital
As at 1st April, 2019		2,243.05
Changes in equity share capital	11	25.96
As at 31st March, 2020		2,269.01

B. Other Equity

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	Reserves and Surplus					Total
		Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	Surplus	Other Comprehensive Income	SBP Reserves	
As at 1st April, 2018		7,756.22	-	(1,541.60)	(14.24)	-	6,200.38
Profit for the year		-		2,063.33	-	-	2,063.33
Share Based Payment (Refer Note No.36)		-		-	-	292.89	292.89
Actuarial Gain/ (Loss) for the year		-		-	25.70	-	25.70
As at 31st March, 2019	12	7,756.22	-	521.73	11.46	292.89	8,582.30
Profit for the year		-		3,182.64	-	-	3,182.64
Add during the Year			77.87				77.87
Share Based Payment (Refer Note No.36)		-		-	-	356.33	356.33
Actuarial Gain/ (Loss) for the year		-		-	(27.60)	-	(27.60)
As at 31st March, 2020		7,756.22	77.87	3,704.37	(16.14)	649.22	12,171.54

See accompanying Notes 1 to 41 are integral part of these Financial Statements

As per our Report of Even Date

For VSS & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No 105787W

Sd/-

Sanjay Jain

Partner

Membership No 46565

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited**

Sd/-

Babulal Agarwal

Managing Director

DIN: 00029389

Sd/-

Riyaz Shaikh

Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

Mukesh R. Gupta

Chairman

DIN: 00028347

Sd/-

Sneha Yezarkar

Company Secretary

Membership No.-ACS-43338

Place : Mumbai**Date :** 18th May 2020

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

1. Background

Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited was incorporated in 1977 having its registered office at Plot No A 1-2, MIDC Area Ghugus Chandrapur - 442505, Maharashtra State. The Company is into the business of manufacturing of Sponge Iron, Power generation and mining activities.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

a) Basis of preparation

- i) These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. As the quarter and year figures are taken from the source and rounded to the nearest digits, the figures reported for the previous quarters might not always add up to the year-end figures reported in this statement.
- ii) Historical cost convention the financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:
 - Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value;
 - Defined benefit plans – plan assets measured at fair value;

b) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Company has identified Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer as chief operating decision maker. Refer Note 38 for segment information presented.

c) Foreign currency transaction

- i) Functional and presentation currency: Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian National rupee (₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.
- ii) Transactions and balances: Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Exchange differences arising from foreign currency fluctuations are dealt with on the date of payment/receipt. Assets and Liabilities related to foreign currency transactions remaining unsettled at the end of the period/year are translated at the period/ year end rate. The exchange difference is credited / charged to Profit & Loss Account in case of revenue items and capital items.

Forward exchange contracts entered into, to hedge foreign currency risk of an existing asset/liability. The premium or discount arising at the inception of forward exchange contract is amortized and recognized as an expense/ income over the life of the contract. Exchange differences on such contracts, except the contracts which are long-term foreign currency monetary items, are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which the exchange rates change. Any profit or loss arising on cancellation or renewal of such forward exchange contract is also recognized as income or as expense for the period.

d) Revenue Recognition

The company recognizes revenue in accordance with Ind- AS 115. Revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of goods or services and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtained the benefits of the goods or services. Any advance received against supply of the goods and services is recognized under the head current liabilities, sub head trade and other payable.

Under Ind AS 115, revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The new revenue standard will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under Ind AS.

e) Government grants

Grants from the government are recognized at fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to income are deferred and recognized in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate and presented within other income.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to profit and loss on a straight line basis over the expected lives of the related assets and presented within other income.

The benefit of a government loan at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a government grant, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates.

f) Income tax

Income tax expenses comprise current tax expense and the net changes in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current & deferred taxes are recognized in the statement of Profit & Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current & deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

1) Current income tax

Income tax expense is the aggregate amount of Current tax. Current tax is the amount of income tax determined to be payable in respect of taxable income for an accounting period or computed on the basis of the provisions of Section 115JB of Income Tax Act, 1961 by way of minimum alternate tax at the prescribed percentage on the adjusted book profits of a year, when Income Tax Liability under the normal method of tax payable basis works out either a lower amount or nil amount compared to the tax liability u/s 115JA.

2) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values in the financial statements. However, deferred tax are not recognised if it

arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. However, if these are unabsorbed depreciation, carry forward losses and items relating to capital losses, deferred tax assets are recognised when there is reasonable certainty that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realize the assets. Deferred tax assets in respect of unutilized tax credits which mainly relate to minimum alternate tax are recognised to the extent it is probable that such unutilized tax credits will get realized.

The unrecognized deferred tax assets/carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date for recoverability and adjusted appropriately.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Income tax assets and liabilities are off-set against each other and the resultant net amount is presented in the balance sheet, if and only when, (a) the Company currently has a right to set-off the current income tax assets and liabilities, and (b) when it relate to income tax levied by the same taxation authority and where there is an intention to settle the current income tax balances on net basis. (Refer Note No. 39)

g) Leases

The Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Company, as lessee, has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalized at the lease's inception at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in borrowings or other financial liabilities as appropriate.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Company as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to Statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

In March 2019, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2019, notifying Ind AS 116 - 'Leases'. This standard is effective from 1st April, 2019. The Standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract i.e., the lessee and the lessor. Ind AS 116 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than twelve months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Ind AS 116 - Leases amends the rules for the lessee's accounting treatment of operating leases. According to the standard all operating leases (with a few exceptions) must therefore be recognized in the balance sheet as lease assets and corresponding lease liabilities. The lease expenses, which were recognised as a single amount (operating expenses), will consist of two elements: depreciation and interest expenses. The standard has become effective from 2019 and the Company has assessed the impact of application of Ind AS 116 on Company's financial statements and provided necessary treatments and disclosures as required by the standard. (Refer Note No. 40)

h) Impairment of assets

Property plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverable amount of assets to be held and used is the higher of fair value less cost of disposal or value in use as envisaged in Ind-AS 36. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the recoverable value of the asset. Impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except for properties previously revalued with revaluation taken to other comprehensive income. For such properties impairment loss is recognized in other comprehensive income up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

i) Inventories

The general practice adopted by the company for valuation of inventory is as under:-

i) Raw Materials	*At lower of cost and net realizable value.
ii) Stores and spares	At cost
iii) Work-in-process/semi-finished goods	At material cost plus labour and other appropriate portion of production and administrative overheads and depreciation
iv) Finished Goods/Traded Goods	At lower of cost and market value.
v) Finished Goods at the end of trial run	At net realizable value.
vi) Scrap material	At net realizable value.
vii) Tools and equipments	At lower of cost and disposable value.

*Material and other supplies held for use in the production of the inventories are not written down below cost if the finished goods in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost.

j) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

k) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

l) Investments and other financial assets

i. Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in Statement of profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

ii. Measurement

At initial recognition, the company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Debt instruments:

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains

or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Equity instruments:

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments are recognized in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in the other income. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

iii. Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortized cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note No.30 details how the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

iv. De-recognition of financial assets

Financial asset is derecognized only when:

- The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flow from the financial asset

or

- retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial assets, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is not derecognized.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognized if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

m) Income recognition**Interest income**

Interest income from debt instruments is recognized using effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instruments but does not consider the expected credit losses.

n) Cost recognition

Costs and expenses are recognized when incurred and have been classified according to their nature. The costs of the Company are broadly categorized in to material consumption, cost of trading goods, employee benefit expenses, depreciation and amortization, other operating expenses and finance cost. Employee benefit expenses include employee compensation, gratuity, leave encashment, contribution to various funds

and staff welfare expenses. Other expenses broadly comprise manufacturing expenses, administrative expenses and selling and distribution expenses.

o) Derivatives

The derivative contracts to hedge risks which are not designated as hedges are accounted at fair value through profit or loss and are included in profit and loss account.

p) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

q) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any in accordance with Ind-AS 16. The Company reviews the fair value with sufficient frequency to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from its fair value.

Cost excludes Input credit under GST and such other taxes which can utilize against GST liabilities. Depreciation on assets is claimed on such 'reduced' cost. All items of repairs and maintenance are recognized in the statement of profit and loss, except those meet the recognition principle as defined in Ind-AS 16 Any revaluation of an asset is recognized in other comprehensive income and shown as revaluation reserves in other equity

Transition to Ind AS

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all its property, plant and equipment recognized as at 1 April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation/Amortisation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line basis at the rates arrived at based on the useful lives prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act,

2013. The company follows the policy of charging depreciation on pro-rata basis on the assets acquired or disposed off during the year. Leasehold assets are amortized over the period of lease.

The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains or losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount.

r) Intangible assets

i) Recognition

Intangible assets are recognized only when future economic benefits arising out of the assets flow to the enterprise and are amortized over their useful life. Intangible assets purchased are measured at cost or fair value as of the date of acquisition, as applicable, less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment, if any.

ii) Amortization methods and periods

The Company amortizes intangible assets on a straight line method over their estimated useful life not exceeding 5 years. Software is amortized over a period of three years.

iii) Transition to Ind AS

On transition to Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of intangible assets recognized as at 1 April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of intangible assets.

s) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

t) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction cost incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between

the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

Where the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated and the entity issues equity instruments to a creditor to extinguish all or part of the liability (debt for equity swap), a gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss, which is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability and the fair value of the equity instrument issued.

u) Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset as defined in Ind-AS 23 are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing cost eligible for capitalization. Any related foreign currency fluctuations on account of qualifying asset under construction is capitalized and added to the cost of asset concerned. Other borrowing costs are expensed as incurred.

v) Employee benefits

i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the

period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligations.

Remeasurements as a result of the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in profit or loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

iii) Post-employment obligations

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- (a) Defined benefit plans such as gratuity; and
- (b) Defined contribution plans such as provident fund and superannuation fund.

Gratuity obligations

The liability or assets recognized in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the

end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Defined contribution plans

The company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

iv) Equity settled share-based payments

Equity-settled share based payments to employee are measured at the fair value (i.e. excess of fair value over the exercise price of the option) of the Employee Stock Options Plan at the grant date. The fair value of option at the grant date is calculated by Black- Scholes model. In case the options are granted to employees of the company, the fair value determined at the grant date is expensed on a straight line basic over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of options that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity.

v) Bonus plans

The Company recognizes a liability and an expense for bonuses. The Company recognizes a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

w) Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

x) Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorized and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

y) Earnings per share

i) Basic earnings per share: Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing:

- The profit attributable to owners of the company.
- By the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year.

ii) Diluted earnings per share: diluted earnings per share adjust the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- The after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- The weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

z) Custom duty and its benefits

Customs Duty payable on imported raw materials, components and stores and spares is recognized to the extent assessed by the customs department.

Customs duty entitlement eligible under pass book scheme / DEPB is accounted on accrual basis. Accordingly, import duty benefits against exports effected during the year are accounted on estimate basis as incentive till the end of the year in respect of duty free imports of raw material yet to be made.

(aa) The Treatment of expenditure during construction period

All expenditure and interest cost during the project construction period, are accumulated and shown as Capital Work-in- Progress until the project/assets commences commercial production. Assets under construction are not

depreciated. Expenditure/Income arising out of trial run is part of pre-operative expenses included in Capital Work-in-Progress.

(ab) Fair value measurement

The Company reviews the fair value of Land with sufficient frequency to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from its fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant absorbable inputs and minimizing the use of un-absorbable inputs. External valuers are appointed for valuing land. The selection criteria for these valuers include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained.

(ac) Amortization of expenses

Equity Issue expenses: Expenditure incurred in equity issue is being treated as Deferred and Revenue Expenditure to be amortized over a period of 10 years;

Debenture Issue Expenses: Debenture Issue expenditure is amortized over the period of 10 years.

Deferred Revenue Expenses: Deferred Revenue expenses are amortized over a period of 5 years.

(ad) Research and development expenses

Research and Development costs (other than cost of fixed assets acquired) are expensed in the year in which they are incurred.

(ae) Investment in Associates:

Investments in associates are recognized at cost. The company provides for any permanent diminution, if any, in value of such investment.

(af) Accounting for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities & Contingent Assets

In conformity with Ind-AS 37, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets', issued by the ICAI. A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past even and it is probable than an

outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits and compensated absences) are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. A contingent asset is neither recognized nor disclosed in financial statements.

(ag) Provision for doubtful debts

The management reviews on a periodical basis the outstanding debtors with a view to determine as to whether the debtors are good, bad or doubtful after taking into consideration all the relevant aspects. On the basis of such review and in pursuance of other prudent financial considerations the management determines the extent of provision to be made in the accounts.

(ah) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

3. Critical estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expense for the periods presented. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected. Key sources of estimation of uncertainty at the date of the financial statements, which may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, is in respect of impairment of investments, useful lives of property, plant and equipment, valuation of deferred tax assets, provisions and contingent liabilities.

Impairment of Investments

The Company reviews its carrying value of investments carried at amortized cost annually, or more frequently when there is indication for impairment. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

Note: 4 Property, Plant and Equipment

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gross carrying amount				Accumulated depreciation/amortisation				Net carrying amount	
	As at 1 st April, 2019	Additions	Deletions/ Transfer	As at 31 st March 2020	As at 1 st April, 2019	For the Year	On disposals	As at 31 st March 2020	As at 31 st March 2020	As at 31 st March 2019
Owned Assets										
Land	363.94	687.02	-	1,050.96	-	-	-	-	1,050.96	363.94
Factory Building & Site Development	2,421.84	272.58	-	2,694.42	1,116.83	87.99	-	1,204.82	1,489.60	1,305.01
Residential Building: Housing Complex	784.09	-	-	784.09	394.63	41.24	-	435.87	348.22	389.46
Mining Road	-	498.74	-	498.74	-	71.20	-	71.20	427.54	-
Plant and Machinery	42,741.18	1,163.09	-	43,904.27	24,369.92	980.33	-	25,350.25	18,554.02	18,371.26
Plant and Machinery- Power	19,996.00	1.21	-	19,997.21	5,100.69	463.79	-	5,564.48	14,432.73	14,895.31
Furniture & Fixture	219.82	-	11.05	208.77	94.58	16.13	-	110.71	98.06	125.24
Motor Vehicles	217.95	360.19	-	578.14	67.28	41.55	-	108.83	469.31	150.67
Office Equipments	120.76	14.16	-	134.92	79.33	4.71	-	84.04	50.88	41.43
Computers	144.47	0.52	-	144.99	137.74	2.59	-	140.33	4.66	6.73
Assets Taken on Lease										
Leasehold Land	168.60	-	-	168.60	-	-	-	-	168.60	168.60
Total - Property, Plant and Equipment	67,178.65	2,997.51	11.05	70,165.11	31,361.00	1,709.53	-	33,070.53	37,094.58	35,817.65

Refer Note 37 for charge created on Property, Plant and Equipments.

Note 5 (i) : Investments- Non Current (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Investments in Equity Instruments (unquoted - fully paid up)		
i) Shine Trade & Properties Developers Private Limited (Previously known as Gadchiroli Metals & Minerals Ltd.) 19,000 Equity Shares of ₹10/- Each (Previous Year 19,000 Equity Shares of ₹10 Each)	1.90	1.90
ii) Vimala Infrastructure Private Limited (12,500 Equity Shares of ₹10/- Each) (Previous Year 12,500 Equity Shares of ₹10 Each)	1.25	1.25
iii) Punjab & Maharashtra Co-op. Bank Limited 40,000 Equity Shares of ₹25/- Each (Previous Year 40,000 Equity Shares of ₹25/- Each)	10.00	10.00
Total Investment in Equity Shares	13.15	13.15
Less: Provision for Diminution of value of Investments	-	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	13.15	13.15

Note 6 : Deferred Tax Asset (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Deferred Tax Asset		
Deferred Tax Asset (Ref. Note No.39)	1,873.32	-
Total - Deferred Tax Asset	1,873.32	-

Note 7 : Other Non-Current Assets (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Unsecured, considered good		
Deposits with MSEB & Others	64.89	62.79
Total Other Non Current Assets	64.89	62.79

Note 8 : Inventories (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
(a) Raw Materials	1,334.76	1,257.04
(b) Work-in-Progress	-	65.43
(c) Finished Goods	1,369.01	1,039.77
(d) Stores and Spares	1,076.08	1,083.64
(e) Saleable Scrap & By products	3,742.12	3,028.50
(f) Intangible Inventory - Energy Saving certificate	836.88	836.88
(g) Intangible Inventory - Certified Emission Reduction (CER's)	52.83	52.83
Total - Inventories	8,411.68	7,364.09

For valuation of inventories Refer Note 2(i) of Standard Accounting policy and for hypothecation and charges Refer Note No. 16(i)(a) of Notes to Account.

Note 9 : (i) Trade Receivables - Current (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Unsecured		
Considered Good	788.75	2,309.97
Total - Trade Receivables	788.75	2,309.97

Note 9 : (ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Cash and Cash Equivalents :		
Cash in hand	23.47	5.50
Balances with banks In Current Accounts	1,158.86	14.26
Total - Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,182.33	19.76

Note 9 : (iii) Other Balances With Banks (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Other Bank Balances		
i) Balances in the form of FDR*	675.38	817.73
ii) Margin money against bill discounting	2.06	7.68
Total - Other Balances with Banks	677.44	825.41

* Held against various Bank Guarantees and letter of credit facilities.

Note 9 : (iv) Other Financial Assets -Current (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Advance to Suppliers	1,824.04	1,162.26
Total - Other Financial Assets	1,824.04	1,162.26

Note 9 : (v) Prepayments (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Prepaid Expenses	110.01	107.29
Total - Prepayments	110.01	107.29

Note 10 : Other Current Assets (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Other than Capital Advance		
i) Advance to Others	148.68	44.63
ii) Interest Receivable	31.04	16.82
iii) Balance Receivable from Govt. Authorities	7,411.06	7,721.43
iv) Balance Receivable against NSC	4.05	4.05
Total - Other Current Assets	7,594.83	7,786.93

Note 11 : Equity Share Capital (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
AUTHORIZED		
Equity Shares:		
75,00,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹1/- Each (Previous year 75,00,00,000 Equity shares of ₹1/- each)	7,500.00	7,500.00
Preference Shares :		
2,50,00,000 Preference Shares of ₹10/- each (Previous year 2,50,00,000 Preference Shares of ₹10/- each)	2,500.00	2,500.00
Total	10,000.00	10,000.00
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED & PAID-UP CAPITAL		
22,25,82,580 Equity Shares of ₹1/- each (Previous year 22,25,82,580 Equity Shares of ₹1/- each)	2,225.83	2,225.83
Add : 25,95,820 Equity Shares of ₹1/- each	25.96	-
Add: Shares forfeited - 3,97,875 Equity Shares of ₹10/- each (Amount originally paid-up)	17.22	17.22
Total - Equity Share Capital	2,269.01	2,243.05

(A) Movement in Equity Share Capital:

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020		As at 31 st March, 2019	
	Number of shares	Amount in Lakhs	Number of shares	Amount in Lakhs
At the beginning of the year	22,25,82,580	2,225.83	22,25,82,580	2,225.83
Movement during the year				
Issued during the year	25,95,820	25.96	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Out standing at the end of the year	22,51,78,400	2,251.79	22,25,82,580	2,225.83

During the financial year under review, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has allotted 25,95,820 Equity Shares to the Lloyds Employees Welfare Trust under Lloyds Metals and Energy Limited Employee Stock Option Plan – 2017. Further to the above allotment the paid-up share capital of the company has increased from ₹ 22,25,82,580 as on 31st March, 2019 to ₹ 22,51,78,400 as on 31st March, 2020.

(B) Terms/Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a face value of ₹1/- each. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. In the event of liquidation of the company, the equity shareholders will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(C) The Company has not issued any share as fully paid up without payment being received in cash or as bonus shares nor any share has been bought back by the Company in last 5 years.**(D) Details of the shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company**

Name of Shareholder	As at 31 st March, 2020		As at 31 st March, 2019	
	No. of Shares	% holding	No. of Shares	% holding
Equity shares of ₹1/- each fully paid up				
ASP Technologies Private Ltd.	3,64,00,340	16.17	3,64,00,340	16.35
Triumph Trade & Properties Developers Private Ltd.	2,91,58,208	12.95	2,91,58,208	13.10
Shree Global TradeFin Ltd.	2,88,90,380	12.83	2,88,90,380	12.98
Lloyds Metals & Minerals Trading LLP	2,37,41,529	10.54	2,37,41,529	10.67

Note 12 : Other Equity (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Reserves and surplus		
(a) Capital Reserve	7,756.22	7,756.22
(b) Securities premium	77.87	-
(c) Retained Earnings		
As per last Financial Statement	521.73	(1,541.60)
Add: Profit for the year	3,182.64	2,063.33
Closing Balance	3,704.37	521.73
(d) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
As per last Financial Statement	11.46	(14.24)
Add: Movement in OCI (Net) during the year	(27.60)	25.70
Closing Balance	(16.14)	11.46
(e) Share Based Payment Reserve		
As per last Financial Statement	292.89	-
Add: Movement during the year	356.33	292.89
Closing Balance	649.22	292.89
Total - Other Equity	12,171.54	8,582.30

Note 13 : Borrowings - Non-current (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Secured		
Term Loan from Banks and Financial Institutions (Ref. Note 13(i)(a))	5,852.65	5,252.13
	5,852.65	5,252.13
Unsecured		
Deferral payment Loans (Sales Tax)	141.44	631.71
From Body corporates	2,095.48	2,377.96
Total - Long Term Borrowings	8,089.57	8,261.80

Note No. 13(i)(a) : The term loans from Banks and financial institutions are secured by way of hypothecation on respective Plant & Machinery & motor vehicles. Refer Note No.37.

Note 14 : Provisions - Long Term (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Provision for employee benefits		
Unfunded Gratuity Liability (Refer Note No. 29)	477.70	417.57
Unfunded Compensated Absences Liability	95.38	91.09
Total - Long Term Provisions	573.08	508.66

Note 15 (i) : Other Non Current Liabilities (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Other Long Term Liabilities	27,570.32	30,494.70
Total - Other Non Current Liabilities	27,570.32	30,494.70

Note 15 (ii) : Lease Liability - Current (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Lease liability (Ref. Note No.40)	309.80	-
Total - Lease Liability	309.80	-

Note 16(i) : Borrowings - Current (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Secured:		
Working Capital Loans: From Bank		
Rupee Loans (Refer Note No. 16(i)(a))	1,798.81	267.09
Total - Short Term Borrowings	1,798.81	267.09

Note No. 16(i)(a) Working Capital Loans from Banks of ₹1,798.81 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹267.09 Lakhs) are primarily secured by hypothecation of present and future stock of raw materials, work-in-progress, finished goods, stores and spares (not relating to plant and machinery), book debts, outstanding monies, receivables, claims, bills, materials in transit, etc. and are also secured by way of collateral security in the form of mortgage of plot no. A-1 and A-2 admeasuring 40,000 sq.mtr. and 8,95,200 sq.mtr. respectively situated at Ghugus Industrial Area, village Ghugus, Dist. Chandrapur together with all building and structure thereon & all plant and machinery both present and future.

Note 16(ii) : Trade Payables - Current (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (Refer note no. 16(ii)(a))	-	-
Acceptances - Secured (Refer note no. 16(ii)(b))	2,779.83	3,492.79
Dues to creditors other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	3,332.55	2,909.94
Total - Trade Payables	6,112.38	6,402.73

Note no. 16(ii)(a): There are no amounts outstanding to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as at March 31, 2020 and no amount were over due during the year for which disclosure requirements under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 are applicable.

Note no. 16(ii)(b): Inland letter of credit limits are primarily secured by hypothecation on all current assets of the company namely, Stock of raw materials, work-in-progress, finished goods, stores and spares, Bill receivable and book debts and all other moveable assets present and future and are also secured by way of collateral security in the form of Second Charge on all fixed assets of the company -all that piece and parcel of land or ground together with all building and structure thereon and all moveable plant and machinery both present and future.

Note 16(iii) : Other Financial Liabilities - Current (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Current Maturity of long term debts - Secured (Refer note no. 13(i)(a))	1,237.79	721.92
Current Maturity of long term debts - Unsecured	931.00	-
Advances from Customers - from Others	486.36	6.26
Interest Accrued but not due	27.05	23.51
Total - Other Financial Liabilities	2,682.20	751.69

Note 17 : Provisions -Current (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Unfunded Gratuity & Compensated absences	32.92	21.77
Others- Bonus & Expenses	1,404.68	806.05
Total - Provisions	1,437.60	827.82

Note 18 : Other Current Liabilities (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
(a) Statutory Remittances (Contributions to PF and ESIC, Withholding Taxes, TDS, Tax, GST etc.)	943.85	589.50
(b) Other payables	81.56	60.57
(c) Salaries and Wages payable	130.04	99.06
Total - Other Current Liabilities	1,155.45	749.13

Note 19 : Revenue From Operations (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Sale of Products		
Finished Goods	29,772.66	39,281.78
Power Sales	6,352.80	5,762.31
Traded Goods	-	896.60
Other Operating Revenues	1,048.39	1,787.42
Total - Revenue From Operations	37,173.85	47,728.11

Note 20 : Other Income (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Interest Income	45.07	52.46
Other Non-Operating Income	6.04	5.15
Profit on Sale of Asset	-	130.02
IPS Refund	2,490.33	2,753.44
Dividend Income	-	1.10
Sundry Balance Written back	20.87	142.03
Total - Other Income	2,562.31	3,084.20

Note 21 : Cost of Materials Consumed (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
(a) Iron Ore/Pellet	16,869.13	21,026.56
(b) Coal	12,658.59	16,611.06
(c) Dolomite	237.19	206.01
Total - Cost of Material Consumed	29,764.91	37,843.63

Note 22 : Purchase of Traded Goods (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Purchase of Trade goods		
Trading Purchases - Domestic	-	895.23
Total -Purchase of Traded Goods	-	895.23

Note 23 : Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Stock-in-trade and Work-in-Progress

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
(a) Opening inventory:		
(i) Finished Goods	1,039.77	1,409.37
(ii) Saleable Scrap & By products	3,028.50	2,345.56
(iii) Work-in-Process	65.42	63.09
(iv) Traded Goods	889.71	889.71
Total (a)	5,023.40	4,707.73
(b) Closing inventory:		
(i) Finished Goods	1,369.01	1,039.77
(ii) Saleable Scrap & By products	3,742.12	3,028.50
(iii) Work-in-Process	-	65.42
(iv) Traded Goods	889.71	889.71
Total (b)	6,000.84	5,023.40
Total (a-b)	(977.44)	(315.67)

Note 24 : Employee Benefits Expense (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Salaries and Wages	1,587.35	1,518.42
Contributions to Provident and other Funds	123.71	119.56
Expense on Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOP) (Refer Note No.36)	356.40	296.18
Staff Welfare Expenses	47.92	55.93
Gratuity & Leave Encashment Expenses (Refer Note No. 29)	92.15	119.98
Remuneration to Managing Director	63.56	63.56
Total - Employee Benefit Expenses	2,271.09	2,173.63

Note 25 : Finance Costs (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Interest Expense:		
(i) Fixed Loans	1,043.90	374.22
(ii) Others	339.61	328.10
Finance Charges :		
(i) Bills Discounting Charges	210.12	320.52
(ii) Bank Charges & Commission	16.75	65.88
Total - Finance Cost	1,610.38	1,088.72

Note 26 : Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Depreciation (Refer Note No. 4)	1,709.53	1,507.82
Depreciation Lease Ind AS 116 (Refer Note No.40)	45.87	-
Total -Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	1,755.40	1,507.82

Note 27 : Other Expenses (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Power Consumption	121.82	124.98
Fuel Consumption	38.64	46.19
Water Charges	85.69	91.19
Stores & Spares Consumed	466.38	615.41
Repairs & Maintenance to Plant	123.25	172.65
Other Manufacturing Expenses	1,067.41	1,369.43
Local Freight	1,029.82	1,440.50
Rebate & Discount	159.23	446.39
Selling Expenses	241.81	247.80
Insurance	34.35	34.71
Travelling & Conveyance	171.99	210.29
Rent, Rates & Taxes	79.21	180.29
Legal , Professional & Consultancy Charges	79.11	99.94
Repairs & Maintenance to Building	5.47	16.66
Repairs & Maintenance to others	23.05	56.04
Other Expenses	227.02	242.38
Sundry Balance Written Off	8.80	1.47
Payment to Auditors (Refer Note 27(a))	4.30	4.30
Provision for Bad & Doubtful Debts	-	99.89
Director Sitting Fees	1.30	1.10
Corporate social responsibility (CSR) expenditure (refer Note 27(b))	33.85	45.81
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	-	8.20
Total - Other Expenses	4,002.50	5,555.62

Note 27(a) : Payment To Auditor (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
(a) To statutory auditors		
- Statutory Audit Fees	2.75	2.75
- Tax Audit & Certifications	0.75	0.75
- Expenses Reimbursed	0.10	0.10
(b) To others		
- Cost Audit fees	0.30	0.30
- Secretarial Audit fees	0.40	0.40
Total - Payment to auditor	4.30	4.30

Note 27(b) : Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenditure

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Act	29.13	15.55
Amount spent during the year on :		
1) Construction/ acquisition of any assets	-	-
2) On purposes other than (1) above	33.85	45.81
Total - Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenditure	33.85	45.81

Note 28 : Deferred Tax (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Deferred Tax	(1,873.32)	-
Total -Deferred Tax	(1,873.32)	-

29. Disclosure as required by the Ind AS - 19 "Employees Benefit" is given below:

Defined benefit plan: The Company operates one defined benefit plan, viz., gratuity benefit, for its employees. The Gratuity plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days basic salary payable for each completed year of service. The company does not have any fund for gratuity liability and the same is accounted for as provision.

Under the other long term employee benefit plan, the company extends benefit of compensated absences to the employees, whereby they are eligible to carry forward their entitlement of earned leave for encashment upon retirement / separation or during tenure of service. The Plan is not funded by the company.

The details of defined benefit obligations are as under:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Gratuity	
		31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2019
1.	Obligation as at beginning of the year	437.17	404.22
2.	Current service cost	48.15	43.09
3.	Interest cost	29.73	31.12
4.	Liabilities transferred	-	3.17
5.	Benefits paid	(33.75)	(18.73)
6.	Remeasurements	27.60	(25.70)
7.	Obligation as at Close of the year	508.90	437.17
8.	Current portion	31.21	19.60
9.	Non-current portion	477.70	417.57
	Total	508.90	437.17

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Gratuity	
		31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2019
1.	Current service cost	48.15	43.09
2.	Interest cost	29.73	31.12
	Total	77.88	74.21

Amount recognized in other comprehensive income:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Gratuity	
		31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2019
1.	Remeasurements	27.60	(25.70)
	Total	27.60	(25.70)

Due to its defined benefit plans, the Company is exposed to the following significant risks:

Changes in bond yields - A decrease in bond yields will increase plan liability.

Salary risk - The present value of the defined benefit plans liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of the plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

Existing assumptions:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Gratuity	
		31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2019
1.	Discount rate	6.80%	7.70%
2.	Rate of salary increase	8.50%	8.50%
3.	Withdrawal rate	1.00%	1.00%
4.	Mortality rate	Indian Assured Lives (2006-08)	Indian Assured Lives (2006-08)
5.	Retirement age	62 years	62 years

Note: The Company regularly assesses these assumptions with the projected long-term plans and prevalent industry standards.

The impact of sensitivity due to changes in the significant actuarial assumptions on the defined benefit obligations is given in the table below:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Change in assumption	Gratuity	
		31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2019
Discount Rate	+1%	456.48	391.87
	-1%	570.50	490.30
Salary Growth Rate	+1%	568.86	489.36
	-1%	456.80	391.80

The above sensitivity analysis is determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on the net defined benefit obligations, as a result of reasonable possible changes in the significant actuarial assumptions. Further, the above sensitivity analysis is based on a reasonably possible change in a particular under-lying actuarial assumption, while assuming all other assumptions to be constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile and duration of the gratuity liability:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity	
	31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2019
Within one year	31.21	19.60
Within one-three years	34.36	32.43
Within three-five years	23.57	29.41
Above five years	419.77	355.73
Weighted average duration (in years)	13.34 years	13.34 years

30. Financial instrument and risk management

Fair values

- The carrying amounts of trade payables, other financial liabilities (current), borrowings (current), trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and loans are considered to be the same as fair value due to their short term nature.
- Borrowings (non-current) consists of loans from banks and government authorities, other financial liabilities (noncurrent) consists of interest accrued but not due on deposits other financial assets consists of employee advances where the fair value is considered based on the discounted cash flow.
- The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is calculated as the present value determined using forward exchange rates, currency basis spreads between the respective currencies and interest rate curves.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments:

(₹in Lakhs)

Particulars	At amortized Cost		At Fair value through Profit & Loss		Designated at fair value through OCI	
	As at 31 st March, 2020		As at 31 st March, 2020		As at 31 st March, 2020	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial Assets						
Non-current						
(i) Investments	-	-	-	-	13.15	13.15
Current						
(i) Trade Receivables	788.75	788.75	-	-	-	-
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalent	1,182.33	1,182.33	-	-	-	-
(iii) Bank Balances Other than (ii) above	677.44	677.44	-	-	-	-
(iv) Other Financial Assets	1,824.04	1,824.04	-	-	-	-
(v) Prepayments	110.01	110.01	-	-	-	-
Total Financial assets	4,582.57	4,582.57	-	-	13.15	13.15
Financial Liabilities						
Non-current						
(i) Borrowings	8,089.57	8,089.57	-	-	-	-
Current						
(i) Borrowings	1,798.81	1,798.81	-	-	-	-
(ii) Trade Payables	6,112.38	6,112.38	-	-	-	-
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	2,682.20	2,682.20	-	-	-	-
Total Financial liabilities	18,682.96	18,682.96	-	-	-	-

31. Financial risk and capital risk management

I) Financial Risk

The business activities of the Company expose it to a variety of financial risks, namely market risks (that is, foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management strategies focus on the un-predictability of these elements and seek to minimize the potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

The financial risk management for the Company is driven by the Company's senior management and internal/ external experts subject to necessary supervision.

The Company does not undertake any speculative transactions either through derivatives or otherwise. The senior management is accountable to the Board of Directors and Audit Committee. They ensure that the Company's financial risk-taking activities are governed by appropriate financial risk governance frame work, policies and procedures. The Board of Directors periodically reviews the exposures to financial risks, and the measures taken for risk mitigation and the results thereof.

2) Foreign currency Risk

Foreign exchange risk arises on all recognised monetary assets and liabilities and on highly probable forecasted transactions which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company. The Company does not have any foreign currency trade payables and receivables.

The foreign exchange risk management policy of the Company requires it to manage the foreign exchange risk by transacting as far as possible in the functional currency.

No Forward contracts were entered into by the company either during the year or previous years since the company has very minimum exposure to foreign currency risk.

i. Price risk

The company uses surplus fund in operations and for further growth of the company. Hence, there is no price risk associated with such activity.

ii. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of default on its obligation by the counter-party the risk of deterioration of creditworthiness of the counter-party as well as concentration risks of financial assets, and thereby exposing the Company to potential financial losses. The Company is exposed to credit risk mainly with respect to trade receivables.

Trade receivables

The Trade receivables of the Company are typically non-interest bearing un-secured. As there is no independent credit rating of the customers available with the Company, the management reviews the credit-worthiness of its customers based on their financial position, past experience and other factors. The credit risk related to the trade receivables is managed / mitigated by concerned team based on the Company's established policy and procedures and by setting appropriate payment terms and credit period. The credit period provided by the Company to its customers depend upon the contractual terms with the customers.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables as at the reporting date is as follows:

(₹in Lakhs)		
Particulars	Less than six months	More than six months
Trade Receivables as at March 31, 2020	655.42	133.33
Trade Receivables as at March 31, 2019	2,185.95	124.02

The Company performs on-going credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition and monitors the credit-worthiness of its customers to which it grants credit in its ordinary course of business. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amount due or there are some disputes which in the opinion of the management is not in the Company's favour. Where the financial asset has been written-off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit and loss.

iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. Accordingly, as a prudent liquidity risk management measure, the Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system.

Based on past performance and current expectations, the Company believes that the Cash and cash equivalents and cash generated from operations will satisfy its working capital needs, capital expenditure, investment requirements, commitments and other liquidity requirements associated with its existing operations, through at least the next twelve months.

The table below summaries the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:-

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	
	Less than six months	More than six months
Trade payables	2,421.98	3,690.40
Other financial liabilities	1,497.13	1,185.07
Total Financial liabilities	3,919.11	4,875.47
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2019	
	Less than six months	More than six months
Trade payables	6,007.75	394.98
Other financial liabilities	440.95	310.74
Total Financial liabilities	6,448.70	705.72

3) Capital Risk

The Company's objective while managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern (so that it is enabled to provide returns and create value for its shareholders, and benefits for other stakeholders), support business stability and growth, ensure adherence to the covenants and restrictions imposed by lenders and/ or relevant laws and regulations, and maintain an optimal and efficient capital structure so as to reduce the cost of capital. However, the key objective of the Company's capital management is to, ensure that it maintains a stable capital structure with the focus on total equity, uphold investor; creditor and customer confidence, and ensure future development of its business activities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, declare dividends, return capital to shareholders, etc.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions or its business requirements.

32. Capital Management

Capital management and Gearing Ratio

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is debt divided by total capital. The Company includes within debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2019
Borrowing		
Current	1,798.81	267.09
Non-Current	8,089.57	8,261.80
Total Debts	9,888.38	8,528.89
Cash and Marketable Securities	1,182.33	19.76
Net Debts	8,706.05	8,509.13
Equity		
Equity Share capital	2,269.01	2,243.05
Other Equity	12,171.54	8,582.30
Total capital	14,440.55	10,825.35
Gearing ratio in % (Net Debts/capital)	60.29%	78.60%

33. Related party transactions under Ind AS -24

Names of related parties and nature of relationships:

Names of the related parties	Nature of relationship
Mr. Babulal Agarwal	Managing Director
Mr. Mukesh Gupta	Chairman & Non-Executive Director
Mr. Rajesh Gupta	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Shantanu Mohapatra	Independent Director
Mr. Devidas Kambale	Independent Director
Mr. Jagannath Dange	Independent Director
Dr. Balram Singh	Independent Director
Mrs. Bhagyam Ramani	Independent Director
Mr. Riyaz Shaikh	CFO
Ms. Sneha Yezarkar	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Details of transactions during the year where related party relationship existed:

(₹in Lakhs)

Names of the related parties	Nature of Transactions	Year ended 31 st March, 2020	Year ended 31 st March, 2019
Mr. Babulal Agarwal	Remuneration	65.00	65.00
Mr. Riyaz Shaikh	Remuneration	35.65	35.09
Mr. Nitesh Tanwar	Remuneration	1.72	8.47
Ms. Sneha Yezarkar	Remuneration	5.43	-
Mr. Mukesh Gupta	Sitting Fees	0.28	0.22
Mr. Rajesh Gupta	Sitting Fees	0.12	0.08
Mr. Shantanu Mohapatra	Sitting Fees	0.08	0.12
Mr. Devidas Kambale	Sitting Fees	0.24	0.24
Mr. Jagannath Dange	Sitting Fees	0.14	0.10
Dr. Balram Singh	Sitting Fees	0.30	0.24
Mrs. Bhagyam Ramani	Sitting Fees	0.14	0.10
M/s. Trofi Chain Factory Pvt. Ltd.	Expenses	29.86	23.29
M/s. Aeon Trading LLP	Purchase	27.13	-
M/s. Shree Global Tradefin Ltd.	Purchase	56.90	-

Details of amount outstanding related to related party which is shown in Balance Sheet under Trade payable as on 31st March 2020.

(₹in Lakhs)

Names of the related parties	Year ended 31 st March, 2020	Year ended 31 st March, 2019
M/s. Aeon Trading LLP	28.49	-
M/s. Shree Global Tradefin Ltd.	59.74	-

- Key Managerial Personnel are under the employment of Company are entitled to post employment benefits and other long term employee benefits recognized as per Ind AS 19 - 'Employee Benefits' in the financial statements. As these employee benefits are lump sum amounts provided on the basis of actuarial valuation, the same is not included above. Further re-imbursment of expenses to KMP are not included above.
- Director's remuneration for the year 2019-2020 is as per limits prescribed under Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013.
- All related party contracts / arrangements have been entered in ordinary course of business and are approved by the board of directors.

34. Earnings per share (EPS)

Particulars			2019-2020	2018-2019
Weighted average number of equity share for basic EPS	(A)	Nos	22,42,98,942	22,25,82,580
Add : Potential equity shares (ESOP)		Nos	3,21,882	7,33,947
Weighted average number of equity shares for diluted EPS	(B)	Nos	22,46,20,824	22,33,16,527
Face value of equity share (fully paid)		₹	₹ 1	₹ 1
Profit attributable to equity shareholders for Basic & Diluted EPS	(C)	₹ Lakhs	3,182.64	2,063.33
Earnings per equity share				
Basic	(C/ A)	₹	1.42	0.93
Diluted	(C/ B)	₹	1.42	0.93

35. Contingent Liability

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
(a) Letter of Credit/Guarantees issued by Banks	580.79	880.84
(b) Disputed claims of Excise	589.66	589.66
(c) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as Debts	149.46	149.46

36. Share Based Payments Plans (ESOP)

The Company introduced "LLOYDS METALS AND ENERGY LTD. ESOP – 2017" which covers the eligible employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. The options granted under Plan shall vest based upon the performance of the Employee, subject to completion of minimum 1 (One) year from the date of Grant and as may be decided by the Committee subject to maximum period of 5 (Five) years.

Details of "LLOYDS METALS AND ENERGY LTD. ESOP – 2017"

Date of Grant	Options granted	Weighted average fair value of options	Exercise Price
20-Sep-2018	63,61,640	₹ 13.39/-	4.00
31-Jan-2019	3,05,000	₹ 10.61/-	4.00

The fair value of the options was estimated on the date of grant using the Black Scholes Model with the following assumptions:

Grant date	Vest date	Historical Volatility	Average life of the options (in Years)	Risk-free interest rate	Dividend Yield
20-Sep-2018	20-Sep-2019	64.49%	2.50 Years	8.02%	0.00%
20-Sep-2018	20-Sep-2020	71.77%	3.50 Years	8.08%	0.00%
20-Sep-2018	20-Sep-2021	72.44%	4.50 Years	8.09%	0.00%
20-Sep-2018	20-Sep-2022	73.77%	5.50 Years	8.12%	0.00%
31-Jan-2019	20-Sep-2020	66.72%	3.14 Years	6.98%	0.00%
31-Jan-2019	20-Sep-2021	70.13%	4.14 Years	7.18%	0.00%
31-Jan-2019	20-Sep-2022	70.54%	5.14 Years	7.22%	0.00%

The information covering stock options is as follows:-

Particulars	ESOP 2017	
	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Outstanding at the beginning of the year (A)	62,66,640	-
Exercisable at the beginning of the year (B)	-	-
Granted (C)	-	66,66,640
Options Vested during the year (D)	25,70,820	-
Forfeited /Lapsed (E)	3,10,000	4,00,000
Exercised (F)	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year(A+C-D-E)	33,85,820	62,66,640
Exercisable at the end of the year (B+D-F)	25,70,820	-

Since equity shares are listed hence for the purpose of calculating volatility, volatility of shares based on the expected life is considered.

Total expenses arising from share-based payment transactions recognized in profit or loss as part of employee benefit expense were as follows.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
SBP Expenses Compensation Cost	356.34	292.89
SBP ESOP Expenses	0.06	3.29
Total employee share-based payment expense	356.40	296.18

37. Borrowing – Non Current

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020		As at 31 st March, 2019	
	Non Current	*Current Maturities	Non Current	*Current Maturities
i) Secured- At Amortised Cost				
Term Loans from Banks				
(a) Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.	2,995.84	1,066.67	3,150.00	700.00
(b) Citizencredit Co-operative Bank Ltd.	2,517.58	80.12	2,010.40	-
(c) Yes Bank Ltd.	227.75	58.70	-	-
Other Bank Loan for Vehicles	111.48	32.30	91.73	21.92
ii) Unsecured- At Amortised Cost				
Deferred payment Liabilities				
(a) Sales Tax Deferral	141.44	490.28	631.71	-
Loan from Body Corporate				
(a) Lloyds Steels Industries Ltd.	425.00	375.00	375.00	-
(b) Indrajit Properties Pvt. Ltd.	1,670.48	65.72	2,002.96	-
Total	8,089.57	2,168.79	8,261.80	721.92

(*Amount disclosed under Current Maturities (Refer Note 16(iii))

Security

- The loans mentioned in (i)(a) is having subservient charge after existing charge of Punjab & Maharashtra Co-operative Bank Ltd and CitizencreditCo-operative Bank Ltd. on immovable & moveable assets of the company excluding assets under exclusive charge and is collaterally secured against Promoter property.

- The loans mentioned in (i)(b) is having Exclusive charge on moveable assets financed for mining project and paripassu charge on the existing movable assets.
- The loans mentioned in (i)(c) is having Exclusive charge on commercial equipment's financed by them.

Terms of Repayment

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Amount outstanding as at 31 st March 2020	F.Y. 20-21	F.Y. 21-22	F.Y. 22-23	F.Y. 23-24	F.Y. 24-25	F.Y. 25-26	F.Y. 26 Onwards
i) Secured- At Amortised Cost								
Term Loans from Banks								
(a) Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.	4,062.50	1,066.67	1,479.17	1,366.66	150.00	-	-	-
(b) Citizencredit Co-operative Bank Ltd	2,597.69	80.11	320.42	320.42	320.42	320.42	320.42	961.26
(c) Yes Bank Ltd.	286.45	58.70	77.25	85.41	65.09	-	-	-
Other Bank Loan for Vehicles	143.81	32.30	41.53	33.08	17.82	19.08	-	-
ii) Unsecured- At Amortised Cost								
Deferred payment Liabilities								
(d) Sales Tax Deferral (Refer Note 5 Below)	631.71	490.28	141.43	-	-	-	-	-
Loan from Body Corporate								
(e) Lloyds Steels Industries Ltd.	800.00	375.00	425.00	-	-	-	-	-
(f) Indrajit Properties Pvt. Ltd.	1,736.20	65.73	72.59	80.67	89.29	99.96	110.71	1,217.25
Total	10,258.36	2,168.79	2,257.39	1,886.24	642.62	439.46	431.13	2,178.51

Notes:-

- Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd. is repaid in 48 months installments which is starting from month of first disbursement of Term Loan. Principal repayment pattern is 1st Year-15%, 2nd Year -25%, 3rd Year-30% & 4th Year-30%.
- Citizencredit Co-operative Bank Ltd. is to be repaid in 99 equal monthly installments to commence after a moratorium period of 24 months from the date of first disbursements. Total tenure will be 120 months.
- The rate of interest for vehicles loan from banks range from 7% to 8% and rate of interest for term loans from others is 9% to 14%
- The rate of interest from corporate party range between 12% to 15%.
- Sales Tax Deferral is repayable from April-2016 and repayable in full by April-2021.
- The figures of current maturities are arrived at after considering the moratorium availed due to Covid 19 pandemic.

38. Segment reporting under Ind AS – 108

Disclosures as required by the Ind AS - 108 on “Segment Reporting” are given below:

For management purposes, the Company is organized into business units based on its services and has two reportable segments, as follows:

1. The Sponge Iron segment which includes production and manufacturing of Sponge Iron.
2. The Power segment which includes generation of power.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	31 st March, 2020			31 st March, 2019		
		Sponge Iron	Power	Consolidated	Sponge Iron	Power	Consolidated
I)	Segment Revenue :						
	Sales :						
	External	33,383.36	7,150.95	40,534.31	45,050.01	6,691.12	51,741.13
	less : Inter division transfer	-	798.15	798.15	-	928.82	928.82
	Total	33,383.36	6,352.80	39,736.16	45,050.01	5,762.30	50,812.31
II)	Segment Result :						
	Operating Net Profit	920.71	4,096.85	5,017.56	245.76	3,934.47	4,180.23
	Common Expenses (Net)			(2,097.86)			(1,028.18)
	Interest			(1,610.38)			(1,088.72)
	Profit before tax			1,309.32			2,063.33
III)	Segment Assets :	41,419.39	20,890.60	62,309.99	41,907.44	16,336.34	58,243.78
	Common Assets			1,859.77			845.19
	Total	41,419.39	20,890.60	64,169.76	41,907.44	16,336.34	59,088.97
IV)	Segment Liabilities :	11,854.15	20.25	11,874.40	7,617.91	574.38	8,192.29
	Common Liabilities			1,312.04			806.17
	Total	11,854.15	20.25	13,186.44	7,617.91	574.38	8,998.46
V)	Capital Employed (including goodwill)	29,565.24	20,870.35	50,435.59	34,289.53	15,761.96	50,051.49
	Segment assets – segment liabilities						
	Common assets/Liabilities			547.73			39.02
	Total	29,565.24	20,870.35	50,983.32	34,289.53	15,761.96	50,090.51

39. a) The Company does not envisage any liability for income tax for the current year in absences of any taxable income.

b) Disclosure as required by Ind AS-12 “accounting for taxes on income” are given below:-

The company has determined that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient profits will be available in future to recoup unabsorbed depreciation and carried forward losses and accordingly deferred tax has been recognized on those losses under Ind-AS provisions. The deferred tax asset has been recognized of ₹ 1,873.32 Lakhs as on 31.03.2020.

The major components of Income Tax Expense are:

Income Taxes

The major components of Income Tax Expense are:

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Current Income Tax		
For the year	-	-
Deferred Tax		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(1,873.32)	-
Income Tax Expense	(1,873.32)	-

The Analysis Of Deferred Tax Assets and Expenses is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Deferred tax assets		
Brought Forward Losses	7,949.68	-
Leasedhold asset as per IND AS 116	3.63	-
Employee benefits	187.12	-
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	(6,267.11)	-
Net deferred tax assets	1,873.32	-

The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Opening balance		
Tax (expense)/ income recognised in statement of profit and loss	1,873.32	-
Tax income/ (expense) recognised in OCI	-	-
Closing Balance	1,873.32	-

40. Ind AS 116, Leases Impact

The preparations for this standard are substantially complete. The estimated impact of Ind AS 116 on the Company's financial statements at 31 March 2020 is as follows:

Balance sheet: The company estimates that the adoption of Ind AS 116 will result in an increase in total assets of ₹301.78 Lakhs split between right-of-use assets of ₹ 298.15 Lakhs and deferred tax assets of ₹3.63 Lakhs. Financial liabilities are expected to increase by ₹ 309.80 Lakhs

Statement of profit and loss: The company estimates that the adoption of Ind AS 116 will result in increased depreciation of ₹ 45.87 Lakhs from the right-of-use assets and increased finance costs of ₹ 28.14 Lakhs for the year due to the interest recognised on lease liabilities. These will offset the reduction in operating lease expenses of ₹ 62.37 Lakhs for the year, resulting in an overall net reduction of profit before taxes of ₹ 11.65 Lakhs.

Statement of Cash flows: The Company estimates that the adoption of Ind AS 116 will result in decrease in Lease Liabilities by ₹ 34.22 Lakhs & interest on financing of lease liabilities of ₹ 28.14 Lakhs shown under Cash Flow from financing activities as interest & financial charges paid.

41. Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on May 18th 2020.



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